



# ENGLISH

PORTAL G11

## Module 5

Looking ahead

Grammar

2022

Grade 11

## Modal verbs

|                    |                       |                                         |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| القدرة             | Ability               | can (present) - Could (past)            |
| الضرورة / الالتزام | Obligation/necessity  | must / have to – need to – Had to       |
| الاستئذان          | Permission            | can – could – may – might               |
| الطلب              | Request               | may – can – could – will – would        |
| النصح / الرأي      | Advice/ opinion       | should – ought to – had better          |
| المنع/ التحريم     | Prohibition           | mustn't – can't                         |
| اختياري            | Absence of obligation | needn't – don't have to – don't need to |
| الامكانية          | Possibility           | can – could – may – might               |

### Examples:

- The baby **can** speak.
- I **could** climb trees when I was young.
- **May** I help you?
- **May** I have some more cake?
- **Can** I have some more cake?
- **Could** you lend me your laptop?
- **Would** you lend me your laptop?
- He **could** be at home now.
- He **may** be at home now.
- She **can** be very rude sometimes.
- I **must** hand in my essay tomorrow
- You **have to** be at least 18 to get a driving licence.
- You **mustn't/can't** use that entrance because it's only for members of staff
- I **need to** know how many people will be at the party.
- She **doesn't need to** send her CV again.
- Students **should** hand in their homework on time.
- You **had better** tell your parents the truth.

## Future Forms:

### Future Simple

|   | subject | auxiliary verb |     | main verb |                     |
|---|---------|----------------|-----|-----------|---------------------|
| + | I       | will           |     | open      | the door.           |
| + | You     | will           |     | finish    | before me.          |
| - | She     | will           | not | be        | at school tomorrow. |
| - | We      | will           | not | leave     | yet.                |
| ? | Will    | you            |     | arrive    | on time?            |
| ? | Will    | they           |     | want      | dinner?             |

### Meaning

1. We use 'will + Inf.' with: (**perhaps, believe, think, hope, expect, be sure, probably**):

- A. The plane takes off at 8:00 A.M. **Perhaps** I will see my family tomorrow.
- B. I **believe** my mum will like the present I bought her.
- C. I **think** the exam will be very easy.
- D. I didn't see my teacher yesterday. I **hope** I'll see him tomorrow.
- E. I **expect** that we will find your mobile somewhere in your bedroom.
- F. Don't worry about the exam, I'm **sure** you'll pass.
- G. I'll **probably** be home late at night.

2. We also use 'will + Inf.' for **spontaneous decisions**.

- A. That restaurant is very noisy and crowded. I **think** I'll grab a sandwich instead.
- B. The school bus is late. I will take a taxi.

3. We also use 'will + Inf.' for **predictions** about the future based on what we **think**.

- A. It will probably be a cold winter this year.
- B. I love London. I will probably go there next year.

4. We also use 'will + Inf.' for **promises**.

- A. I give you my word that I will visit you this summer.
- B. I'll help you with your project, don't worry!

5. We also use 'will + Inf.' for **offers and requests**.

- A. Your hands are busy. I will open the door for you.
- B. Will you help me look for my passport?

6. We also use 'will + Inf.' for threats and **warnings**.

- A. Get to the gate on time or else you'll miss your flight.
- B. I won't extend your deadline ever again!

## Future with "going to"

| subject | be  | not | going | to-infinitive |            |
|---------|-----|-----|-------|---------------|------------|
| I       | am  |     | going | to buy        | a new car. |
| I       | 'm  |     | going | to go         | swimming.  |
| He      | is  | not | going | to take       | the exam.  |
| It      | is  | n't | going | to rain.      |            |
| Are     | you |     | going | to paint      | the house? |

### Meaning

1. We use "be going to + Inf." to make

predictions based on **evidence**.

- A. He is running towards the goal, and he is going to score.
- B. Look at those black clouds. It is going to rain.

2. We use "be going to + Inf." to talk about **a future plan**, decision or intention made before the moment of speaking.

My brother **is going to have** a party next week. He has invited lots of people.

- A. I'm **going to move** to a different area of the town because I don't like this area.

## Future Progressive

|   | subject | auxiliary verb |     | auxiliary verb | main verb |                      |
|---|---------|----------------|-----|----------------|-----------|----------------------|
| + | I       | will           |     | be             | working   | at 10am.             |
| + | You     | will           |     | be             | lying     | on a beach tomorrow. |
| - | She     | will           | not | be             | using     | the car.             |
| - | We      | will           | not | be             | having    | dinner at home.      |
| ? | Will    | you            |     | be             | playing   | football?            |
| ? | Will    | they           |     | be             | watching  | TV?                  |

### Meaning

1. We use future progressive to refer to an action that will be **in progress at a specific time in the future**:

A. I'm leaving on holiday tomorrow. **This time next week**, I'll be swimming in the sea.

B. At **10 o'clock tomorrow**, don't call me. I will be working.

### Exercises:

A. Choose a, b, c or d.

1. Ted \_\_\_\_\_ us tonight because he has to work late.

- a. don't join
- b. won't join
- c. wouldn't join
- d. doesn't join

2. As soon as I get home, I \_\_\_\_\_ Sue. I have something to tell her.

- a. going to call
- b. would call
- c. call
- d. will call

**3. Stop making fun of me or I \_\_\_\_\_ you with your homework again!**

- a. never going to help
- b. will never help
- c. never help
- d. will never be helping

**4. You \_\_\_\_\_ to have a doctor see that cut.**

- a. ought
- b. should
- c. might
- d. would

**5. The moment the phone \_\_\_\_\_ to ring, pick it up.**

- a. will start
- b. will be starting
- c. is starting
- d. starts

**6. You \_\_\_\_\_ bring anything; I'll cook.**

- a. don't have to
- b. couldn't
- c. can't
- d. wouldn't

**7. Don't forget to take your keys. I \_\_\_\_\_ when you get back.**

- a. will sleep
- b. 'm sleeping
- c. sleep
- d. will be sleeping

**8. Jack and I played tennis this morning. He \_\_\_\_\_ look after the kids because his wife was at home.**

- a. shouldn't
- b. mustn't
- c. didn't need to
- d. had better not

**9. When he \_\_\_\_\_ the room, you should stand up.**

- a. entering
- b. will enter
- c. enters
- d. will be entering

**10. I \_\_\_\_\_ find my purse anywhere this morning.**

- a. wouldn't
- b. might not
- c. wasn't able
- d. couldn't

**11. Children \_\_\_\_\_ very selfish sometimes.**

- a. can be
- b. had to be
- c. had better be
- d. are being

**12. It's 8.30! You \_\_\_\_\_ miss your train!**

- a. should
- b. can be
- c. is going to
- d. are going to

**B. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.**

1. Is it necessary for employees to have a driving licence?

Do \_\_\_\_\_ a driving licence? **need**

2. There's a possibility that I will go to Italy this summer.

I \_\_\_\_\_ this summer. **might**

3. Taking photos of the sculptures is not allowed.

You \_\_\_\_\_ of the sculptures. **must**

4. It's a good idea to put on a coat, because it's cold outside.

You \_\_\_\_\_ a coat, because it's cold outside. **better**

## Writing

A future where robots do everything for us is considered by some to be a negative development in humankind's progress. Others, however, view this to be a positive development that will benefit us greatly. Write an essay discussing both sides of the argument and then give your own opinion on the issue.

People often wonder about the future and express their curiosity about what life will be like at some future time. The development of robots and how much they will affect our lives in the future is a common theme and a controversial one, too. Some see robots as a possible threat to our way of life, whereas others consider them to be technological progress that is beneficial in many ways.

On the one hand, those who consider robots to be a threat are often worried that the use of robots may cause people to lose their jobs. They also claim that although robots are very efficient, they are not always the best solution because they are not intelligent and cannot think on their own, so they cannot solve a problem or deal with a crisis. Another disadvantage they point to is that robots could possibly be dangerous if they are not under proper control.

On the other hand, there are many who believe that robots are a significant technological development, and that they have a lot to offer humanity. They point out that robots are already an important part of our lives and have been for some time, so there is really no need for alarm. They claim that robots are more ancient than humans in many ways and point to their use in the health sector as well as in space exploration, for example. Moreover, they remind us that the use of robots in computer technology greatly facilitates many aspects of our daily lives, such as in telecommunications and other areas.

To sum up, there are obviously valid arguments against the rapidly increasing use of robots which must be taken into consideration. However, the use of robots undoubtedly has many advantages to offer us in all aspects of our lives. Consequently, I believe that robots will definitely play even more significant roles in the future, but that we must develop this technology with careful consideration and keeping the best interests of humanity in mind.