



SUBJECT: HUMANITIES
TEACHER: MARGARITA
GROUP: F2
26/09 (DUE 03/10)
NAME: _____

COOPERATION VS COMPETITION

Dear students,

During the lesson we discussed 3 theories. Read about all of them and complete the gaps using these words:

**LAW ORGANISM SOCIETY ATTRIBUTE GROUPS SIMILAR FITTEST
SURVIVE COMPETING NATURAL (X2) SOCIAL**

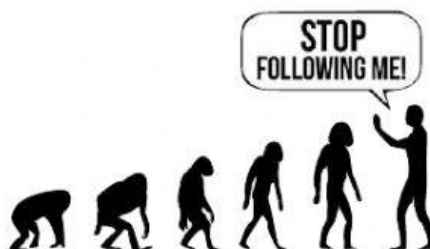
C HARLES DARWIN

Struggle for existence due to lack of resources. Species can only survive while _____.

_____ selection as underlying process of new species.

_____ selection occurs only towards species carrying some useful _____.

H ERBERT SPENCER



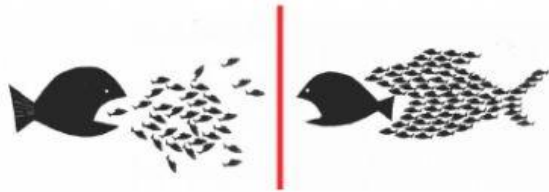
Survival of the _____ = natural selection in Darwin's words

Spencer compares society with a living _____ and argues that just as biological organisms develop through natural selection, so does society develop and increase in complexity through _____ processes.

_____ Darwinism – theoretical approach applying the idea of natural selection to human _____.



PETER KROPOTKIN



COOPERATION WITHIN _____ EXPLAINS EVOLUTION BETTER THAN COMPETITION

Sociability is as much a _____ of nature as mutual struggle.

"Who are the fittest: those who are continually at war with each other, or those who support one another?"

We at once see that those animals which acquire habits of mutual aid are undoubtedly the fittest. They have more chances to _____, and they attain, in their respective classes, the highest development and bodily organization.



OBSERVE AND WRITE

Remember 2 different social situations that you observed during the week where people were actively competing for something and where people were actively cooperating (it can be at school, home, wherever) and give your opinion on each of the situations as to the reasons why people decided to compete or cooperate in that particular instance. Did that achieve the best possible outcome?

What was the best possible outcome in each of the situations?