



Universidad Nacional del Nordeste
Secretaría General de Extensión Universitaria
Departamento de Idiomas Modernos

IDIOMA: Inglés CURSO: Niños 4 AÑO: 2020 TEACHER: Miss Maricruz

LESSON Nº 18

- ❖ Welcome back! Bienvenidos nuevamente! / We start a new subject. / Comenzamos un tema nuevo.
- ❖ We are going to learn the Past Tense of the Regular verbs. / Vamos a aprender el pasado de los Verbos Regulares.

Where were you on your last holiday? What was it like?

- ❖ In English the verbs are divided into Regular Verbs and Irregular Verbs. / En inglés los verbos están divididos en Verbos Regulares y Verbos Irregulares.
- ❖ We use the Regular Verbs in the Past Tense in Affirmative Sentences. / Estos verbos son los que para formar el pasado simple en oraciones afirmativa.
- ❖ We form the Past Tense adding "ED" or "D" to the verb. / Formamos el pasado agregando las sílabas "ED" o "D" al verbo.

Simple Past (affirmative form)

With regular verbs, we form the Simple Past by adding **-ed**.

I	<i>travelled by plane.</i>
He / She	<i>enjoyed the city tour.</i>
It	<i>rained a lot during the trip.</i>
You	<i>played the drums.</i>
We	<i>relaxed on the beach.</i>
They	<i>danced a lot.</i>

There are some **irregular verbs**. For example:

be → was / were have → had
go → went (NOT: goed)

Useful Tip > Spelling: regular past forms

travel + l + ed = travelled

stop + p + ed = stopped

study - y + ied = studied

- ❖ **When do we add the ending “ED” and “D”?/¿Cuándo agregamos la terminación ED y D a los verbos regulares?**

When the verb ends with the vowel “E”, we add “D”. /Cuando el verbo termina en la vocal **E**, agregamos solamente **D**:

E.g:

- **Decide** (decidir): decided
- **Smile** (sonreír): smiled

When the verb ends in any other letter, we add “ED”. /Cuando el verbo termina en cualquier otra letra, usamos “ED”:

- **Laugh** (reírse): laughed
- **Work** (trabajar): worked

Useful Tip > Pronunciation

The final **-ed** is pronounced **/t/** in these cases:

asked / walked / finished

The final **-ed** is pronounced **/d/** in these cases:

played / travelled / loved

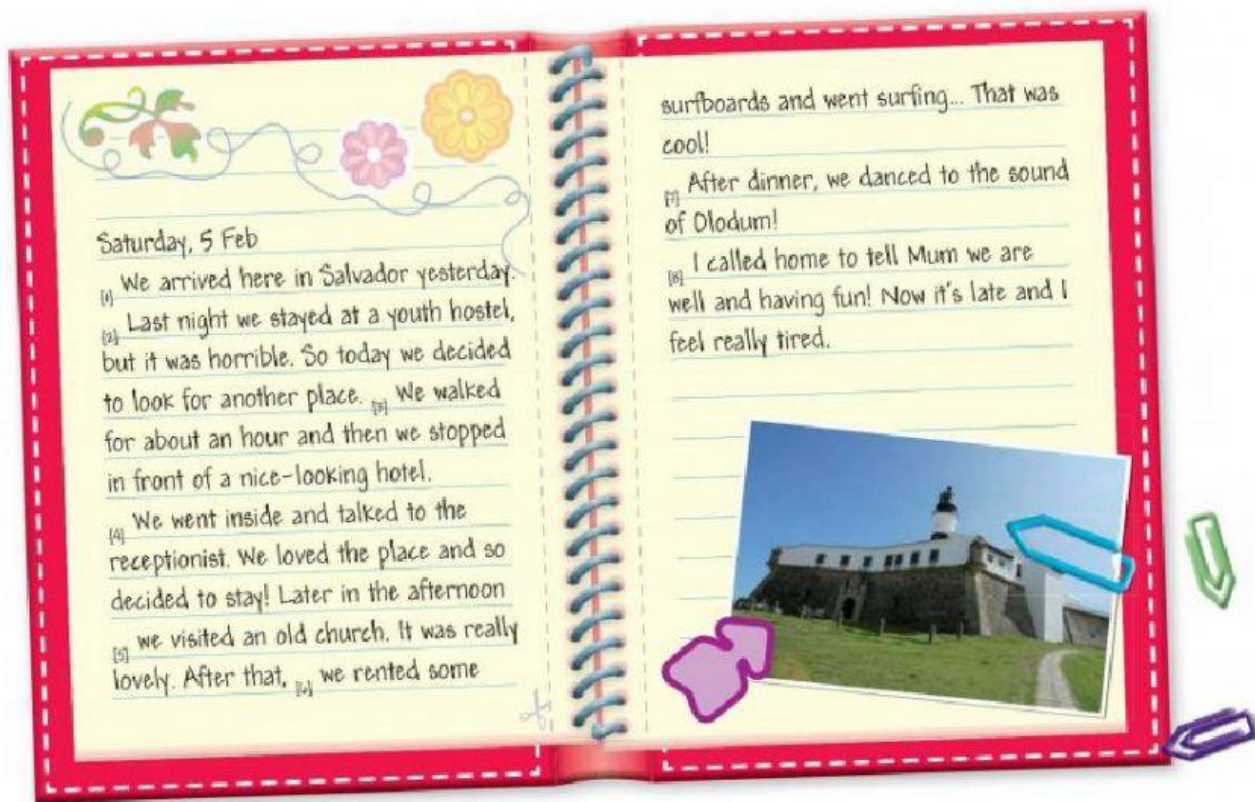
The final **-ed** is pronounced **/id/** in these cases:

needed / wanted / visited

❖ Activity 1:

Karen went travelling around Brazil with a friend. Read a page from her diary and number the pictures below in the correct order.

Karen viajó a Brasil con una amiga. Leemos la página de su diario y ponemos los números en los cuadros debajo en el orden correcto.



❖ Activity 2:

Now listen and read Karen's diary in activity 1. Focus on the pronunciation of regular verbs in the Simple Past.

/Escuchamos y leemos el diario de Karen en Activity 1. Volvemos a escuchar y repetimos.

(El audio está en archivo aparte)

❖ Activity 3:

Read Karen's diary again and complete the table below with the regular verbs in the past that she used.

/ Leemos el diario de Karen otra vez y completamos la tabla con los verbos regulares en pasado que ella usó.

Regular:	<i>arrived</i>	<i>stayed</i>
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Irregular *was , were, went*

❖ Activity 4:

Complete the other pages in Karen's diary. Use the verbs in brackets in the Simple Past.

/ Completar las otras páginas del diario de Karen. Usen los verbos entre paréntesis en Pasado Simple.

Sunday, 6 Feb

Today was a boring day. It was raining so Ellen and I ^[1] stayed (stay) at the hotel. She ^[2] _____ (want) to see a film in the afternoon so we ^[3] _____ (watch) a horror film. I ^[4] _____ (hate) it.

Monday, 7 Feb

Today was great! The weather ^[5] _____ (be) beautiful: it was sunny and hot. We went to Praia do Forte and ^[6] _____ (visit) the Tamar Project. It is a project that

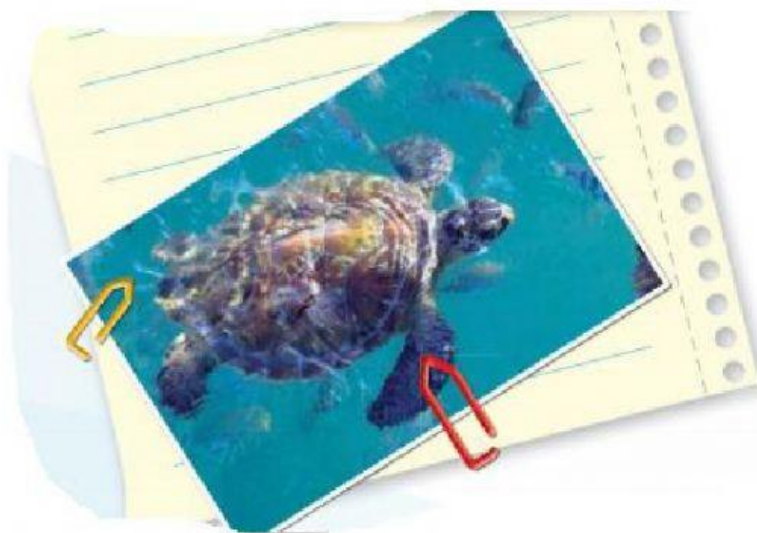
^[7] _____ (start) to save turtles in 1980. We ^[8] _____ (play) with baby turtles and I ^[9] _____ (love) it! We ^[10] _____ (learn) a lot about turtles.

Tuesday, 8 Feb

I really ^[11] _____ (enjoy) myself today. We ^[12] _____ (decide) to do something different so we ^[13] _____ (stop) at a typical restaurant. We ^[14] _____ (order) 'vatapá', a typical dish. It ^[15] _____ (be) delicious!

❖ Activity 5-WRITING:

What did you do on your last holiday? /Qué hiciste en tus últimas vacaciones?



You can use the vocabulary on Lesson N° 16, but the verbs you have to change into the Past Tense. / Pueden usar el vocabulario de la Lesson N° 16, pero los verbos hay que cambiarlos al Tiempo Pasado.

Stay in a hotel/a cabin/ a tent- travel by plane/ car/ bus- play on the beach- visit museums/ historical sites- watch t.v. - hike- dance-

On my last holiday I went to..... with my

I went by I stayed in a

I