ĐỀ MINH HỌA SỐ 33
THEO HƯỚNG TINH GIẢN BÁM SÁT
ĐỀ MINH HỌA 2020

ĐỀ THI THỬ THPTQG NĂM 2020
CHUẨN CẤU TRÚC CỦA BỘ GIÁO DỤC
Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH
Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1. A. parents B. brothers C. weekends D. feelings

Question 2. A. integration **B.** element **C.** referee **D.** exchange

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position ofprimary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3. A. interact **B.** Vietnamese **C.** volunteer **D.** invalid

Question 4. A. labour **B.** selfish **C.** below **D.** moment

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5: Nobody likes his behavior,_____?

A.doesn't he **B.** do they **C.** don't they **D.** does he

Question 6: If I_____an astronaut traveling in a cabin, I'd not be annoyed by the weightlessness.

A. am **B.** be **C.** will be **D.** were

Question 7: Since the flood the number of homeless people _____dramatically.

A. are increasing **B.** had increased **C.** increase **D.** has increased

Question 8: _____he is old, he wants to travel around the world.

A. In spite of **B.** Although **C.** Despite **D.** Because

Question 9: Most people prefer flying _____going by the sea because it's too much faster.

A. over **B.** than **C.** from **D.** to

Question 10: The scientists_on this project try to find the solutions to air pollution.

A. working B. worked C. are working D. who working

Question 11: _____to Ernest Hemingway's, I think his books were unique.

A. Often been compared **B.** Having often compared

C. Having often been compared **D.** Having been often compared

Question 12: It was very difficult to_what he was saying about the noise of the traffic.

A. pick up B. make up C. turn out D. make out

Question 13: Thanks to the laser beams, at last, he could get rid of the _____birthmark on his face.

A. normal **B.** abnormal **C.** abnormality **D.** abnormally

Question 14: As the years passed, Joe's memories of his terrible experience _____away, and he began to lead a normal life again.

A. got **B.** backed **C.** faded **D.** passed

Question 15: Don't worry about trying to catch last train home, as we can easily _____you up for the night.

A. keep **B.** put **C.** take **D.** set

Question 16: Many people will be out of _____if the factory is closed.

A. career **B.** job **C.** profession **D.** work

Question 17: This is valuable _____chair which dates back to the eighteenth century.

A. traditional **B.** old-fashioned **C.** antique **D.** ancient

Question 18: This story has been passed down by _____of mouth.

A. word **B.** phrase **C.** memory **D.** speaking

Question 19: What did you have for_____breakfast this morning?

A.x **B.**a **C.**an **D.** the

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 19: Sports and festivals form an **integral** part of every human society.

A. Informative **B.** delighted **C.** exciting **D.** essential

Question 20: I'm becoming increasingly **absent-minded**. Last week, I locked myself out of my house twice.

A. being considerate of things **B.** remembering to do right things

C. forgetful of one's past **D.** often forgetting things

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 21: The most important thing is to keep yourself **occupied**.

A. busy **B.** comfortable **C.** free **D.** relaxed

Question 22: Susan **broke her promise** when she failed to return the book I had lent her.

A. kept to herself **B.** had an appointment

C. lost her friend **D.** kept her word

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 23: Kate thanks Peter for his present.

- Kate: "Thank you for the lovely present". - Peter: "_____."

A. I'm pleased you like it **B.** No, thanks

C. Go ahead **D.** Come on

Question 24: Mary has just had her hair cut and meets Sarah.

- Sarah: "Your hairstyle is terrific, Mary!" - Mary: - "_____."

A. Never mention it **B.** Thanks, Sarah. I had it done yesterday

C. Thanks, but I'm afraid **D.** Yes, all right

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 25 to 29.

In Germany, it's important to be serious in a work situation. They don't mix work and play so you shouldn't make jokes (25) _____you do in the UK and USA when you first meet people. They work in a very organized way and prefer to do one thing at a time. They don't like- interruptions or (26) _____changes of schedule. Punctuality is very important so you should arrive on time for appointments. At meeting, it's important to follow the agenda and not interrupt (27) _____speaker. If you give a presentation, you should focus (28) _____facts and technical information and the quality of your company's products. You should also prepare well, as they may ask a lot of questions. Colleagues normally use the family names, and title - for example 'Doctor' or "Professor", so you shouldn't use first names (29) _____a person asks you to.

Question 25: A. while **B.** as if **C.** such as **D.** as

Question 26: A. sudden **B.** suddenly **C.** abruptly **D.** promptly

Question 27: A. other **B.** others **C.** another **D.** the other

Question 28: A. on **B.** to **C.** at **D.** in

Question 29: A. if only **B.** as **C.** unless **D.** since

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 30 to 34.

Every drop of water in the ocean, even in the deepest parts, responds to the forces that create the tides. No other force that affects the sea is so strong. Compared with the tides, the waves created by the wind are surface movements felt no more than a hundred fathoms below the surface. The currents also seldom involve more than the upper several hundred fathoms despite their impressive sweep.

The tides are a response of the waters of the ocean to the pull of the Moon and the more distant Sun. In theory, there is a gravitational attraction between the water and even the outermost star of the universe. ***In reality***, however, the pull of remote stars is so slight as to be obliterated by the control of the Moon and, to a lesser extent, the Sun.

Just as the Moon rises later each day by fifty minutes, on the average, so, in most places, the time of high tide is correspondingly later each day. And as the Moon waxes and wanes in its monthly cycle, so the height of the tide varies. The tidal movements are strongest when the Moon is a sliver in the sky, and when it is full. These are the highest flood tides and the lowest ebb tides of the lunar month and are called the spring tides. At these times the Sun, Moon, and Earth are nearly in line and the pull of the two heavenly bodies is added together to bring the water high on the beaches, to send its surf upward against the sea cliffs, and to draw a high tide into the harbors. Twice each month, at the quarters of the Moon, when the Sun, Moon and Earth lie at the apexes of a triangular configuration and the pull of the Sun and Moon are opposed, the moderate tidal

movements called neap tides occur. Then the difference between high and low water is less than at any other time during the month.

Question 30. What is the main point of the first paragraph?

A. The waves created by ocean currents are very large.

B. Despite the strength of the wind, it only moves surface water.

C. Deep ocean water is seldom affected by forces that move water.

D. The tides are the most powerful force to affect the movement of ocean water.

Question 31. The words "***In reality***" in the second paragraph are closest in meaning to_____.

A. surprisingly **B.** actually **C.** characteristically **D.** similarly

Question 32. It can be inferred from the passage that the most important factor in determining how much gravitational effect one object in space has on the tides is_____.

A. size **B.** distance **C.** temperature **D.** density

Question 33. What is the cause of spring tides?

A. Seasonal changes in the weather

B. The gravitational pull of the Sun and the Moon when nearly in line with the Earth

C. The Earth's movement around the Sun

D. The triangular arrangement of the Earth, Sun, and Moon

Question 34. Neap tides occur when_____.

A. the Sun counteracts the Moon's gravitational attraction

B. the Moon is full

C. the Moon is farthest from the Sun

D. waves created by the wind combine with the Moon's gravitational attraction

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 35 to 42.

The three phases of human memory are the sensory memory, the short-term memory, and the long- term memory. This division of the memory into phases **is based on** the length of time of the memory.

Sensory memory is instantaneous memory. It is an image or memory that enters your mind only for a short period of time; it comes and goes in under a second. The memory will not last longer than that unless the information enters the short-term memory.

Information can be held in the short-term memory for about twenty seconds or as long as you are actively using it. If you repeat a fact to yourself, that fact will stay in your short-term memory as long as you keep repeating it. Once you stop repeating it, either it is forgotten or it moves into long term memory.

Long-term memory is the huge memory tank that can hold ideas and images for years and years. Information can be added to your long-term memory when you actively try to put it there through memorization or when an idea or image enters your mind **on its own.**

Question 35: The best title for this passage would be _____.

A. The difference between sensory and short-term memory

B. How long it takes to memorize

C. The stages of human memory

D. Human phases

Question 36: The three phases of memory discussed in the passage are differentiated according to _____.

A. The location in the brain

B. The period of time it takes to remember something

C. How the senses are involved in the memory.

D. How long the memory lasts.

Question 37: The expression ***"is based on"*** in the first paragraph could be best replaced by _____.

A. Is on the top of **B.** is at the foot of

C. depends on **D.** is below

Question 38: According to the passage, which type of memory is the shortest?

A. Sensory memory **B.** Active memory

C. Short-term memory **D.** Long-term memory

Question 39: According to the passage, when will information stay in your short-term memory?

A. For as long as twenty minutes

B. As long as it is being used.

C. After you have repeated it many times.

D. When it has moved into long-term memory.

Question 40: All of the following are TRUE about long - term memory EXCEPT that _____

A. it has a very large capacity.

B. it can hold information.

C. it is possible to put information into it through memorization.

D. memorization is the only way that information can get there.

Question 41: The expression ***"on its own"*** in the last sentence can be best replaced by

A. by itself **B.** in its own time

C. with its **D.** in only one way

Question 42: It can be inferred from the passage that if a person remembers a piece of « information for two days, this is probably _____.

A. three phases of memory **B.** the sensory memory

C. the short- term memory **D.** the long- term memory

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the <u>underlined</u> part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: I **<u>didn't</u>** feel like **<u>going to church</u>** this morning **<u>because</u>** it was **<u>hard raining</u>**.
A **B** **C** **D**

Question 44: Students **<u>suppose</u>** to read **<u>all the questions</u>** carefully and find **<u>out</u>** the answers to
A **B** **C**

them.
D

Question 45: There's **plenty of** time for you to make up **your brain**, **so** you **needn't** decide
A **B** **C** **D**
now.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46. The older he grew the more forgetful he became.

A. He grew older when he became more forgetful

B. He became more forgetful and older

C. As he grew older, he became more and more forgetful

D. He grew older and more and more forgetful

Question 47: "John left here an hour ago," said Jane.

A. Jane told me that John had left there an hour before

B. Jane said John left there an hour before

C. Jane told John to have left there an hour before

D. Jane told me that John to leave there an hour before

Question 48: It was a mistake not to bring your umbrella.

A. You might have brought your umbrella.

B. You must have brought your umbrella.

C. You should have brought your umbrella.

D. You can't have brought your umbrella.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: . I didn't go to bed early, so I didn't wake up at 7.00

A. If I went to bed early, I would wake up at 7.00

B. If I had gone to bed early, I'd not have woken up at 7.00

C. If I went to bed early, I would have woken up at 7.00

D. If I had gone to bed early, I'd have woken up at 7.00

Question 50: This university was so hard. He couldn't enter it despite all his efforts.

A. He tried hard so he could win a place at this university.

B. He managed to enter this university.

C. He did make enough efforts but he still passed the entrance exam in this university.

D. However hard he tried, he couldn't enter this university.

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