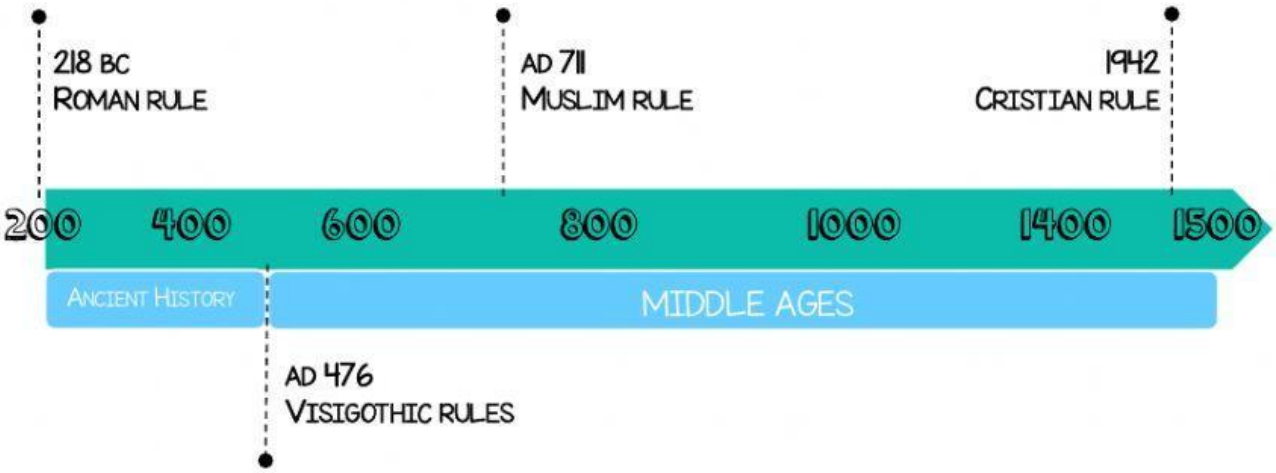
MIDDLE AGES



1.- Match the two columns to form sentences. You can use the timeline above to help you.

The Visigoths ruled in the Iberian Peninsula	in Ancient History.
The Visigoths and the Muslims ruled	in the Iberian Peninsula in the Middle ages.
The Romans ruled in the Iberian Peninsula	Around 1,000 years.
The Middle Ages in Spain lasted for	After the fall of the Roman Empire

2.- Read the text and decide if the statements below are true or false. Then correct the false ones in your notebook.

The Visigoths were already Christians, but in AD 589, King Recaredo I converted his kingdom to Catholicism at the Third Council in Toledo. Toledo was the capital city of the Visigoths.

The Visigoths were excellent metal workers. They made the Treasure of Guarrazar – a collection of more than 200 crowns and gold crosses. They gave the Treasure of Guarrazar to the Catholic Church to show their loyalty in the 7th century.

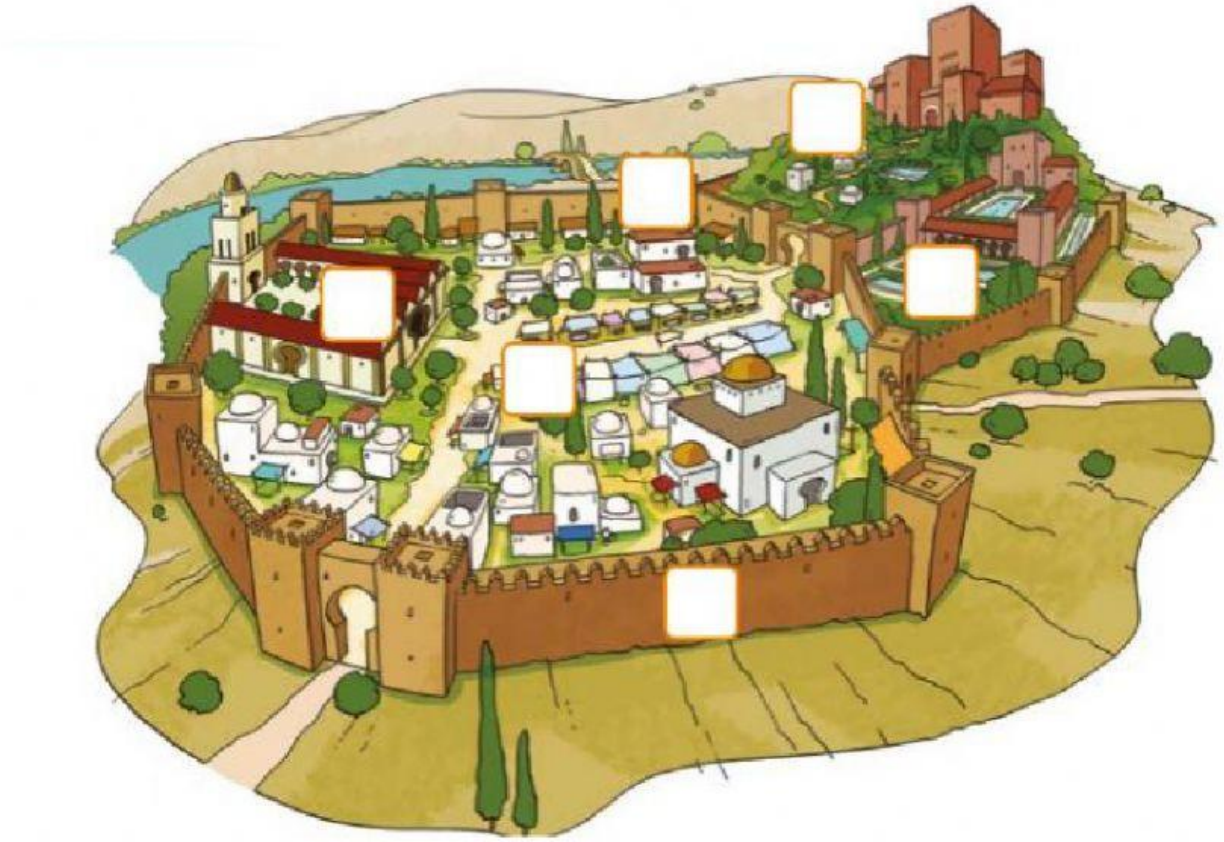


Treasure of Guarrazar

a. Rome was the capital city of the Visigothic kingdom. ☐
b. The Visigoths converted to Catholicism in the 6th century. ☐
c. The Visigoths were not Christians before converting to Catholicism. ☐
d. The Visigoths gave a gift to the Catholic Church. ☐
e. The Treasure of Guarrazar had more than 200 metal pieces. ☐

MIDDLE AGES

3.- Look at the picture of an Al-Andalus city. Complete the sentences and label the picture.



a) The cities were surrounded by a _____ for protection.

b) People practised their religion in the _____.

c) People bought and sold products in the _____.

d) The royal palace was called the _____.

e) The _____ was where the craftspeople lived and work.

f) The fort was also called_____.

MIDDLE AGES

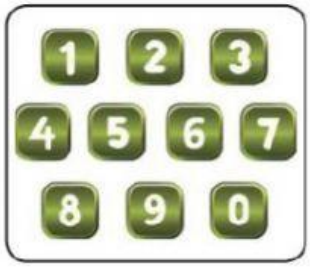
4.- Complete the information about the legacy of Al-Andalus using the right word.



compass



paper



Arabic numerals



rice



astrolabe



water wheel

The people of Al-Andalus introduced...

a) _____ which was used to irrigate crops.

b) _____ which included the important number zero.

c) _____ which was used to navigate.

d) _____ which was a new crop in the Iberian Peninsula.

e) _____ which was used to make books.

f) _____ which become important in later voyages of discovery.