#### Year 6 - Unit 5 - The Universe - Exam

# 1. Write the correct number to match definitions to the names A really big group of stars, dust and gas 1. star A group of stars that make a pattern in the sky 2. galaxy cluster An irregular piece of rock that orbits the sun 3. dwarf planet A big ball of burning gas 4. comet A celestial body that orbits a star galaxy A celestial body that orbits a planet 6. satellite A group of galaxies 7. constellation A celestial body that orbits the sun but is too small to be a planet 8. meteor A piece of rock that enters the Earth's atmosphere 9. asteroid Formed of ice, rock and dust 10. planet 2. Choose if the sentences refer to the inner planets or the outer outer planets Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars ...... Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune ...... Made of gas ...... Made of rock and metal ..... The biggest planets ...... The smallest planets ..... These planets are warmer ...... These planets are colder .....

These planets are further from the sun ......

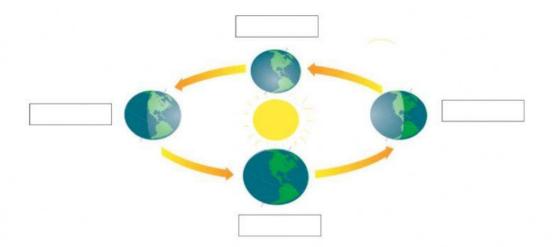
These planets are nearer to the sun ......

3. Choose the correct word for each gap to complete the information about the movements of the Earth:

The Earth is spinning on an imaginary line called the
to turn around once. This gives us the
The part of the Earth that is facing the sun has and the part of the Earth
that is facing away from the sun is dark and has
This movement is called
At the same time, the Earth is moving around the This movement is called
its to go around once. This movement
gives us
This movement is called
The Earth's axis is not straight, it is about 23°. This means that at different
times of the year, we receive different quantities of (Except the places
that are near the They always receive the sun's rays directly and they are
all year!)

4. Drag and drop the boxes in the correct place, for the **Northern Hemisphere** 

summer solstice winter solstice spring equinox autumn equinox



## 5. Choose true or false for the sentences about the moon

- It is bigger than the Earth .......

#### 6. Match the definitions to the names:

When the moon is "getting bigger"

When the moon is "getting smaller"

Gibbous

When we see the moon as a semicircle (half illuminated, half dark)

Quarter

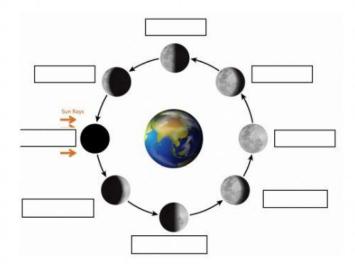
When the moon is bigger than quarter but smaller than full

Waxing

When the moon is smaller than quarter (it looks like a banana)

Waning

## 7. Match the names to the lunar phases (drag and drop):



New moon

Waxing crescent

Waxing gibbous

Third quarter

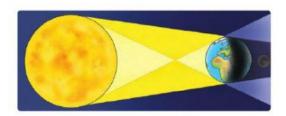
Waning gibbous

First quarter

Full moon

Waning crescent

# 8. Click on the image that shows a solar eclipse





9. Look at the image and complete the information with these words:

Meridians

Parallels

Latitude

Longitude

