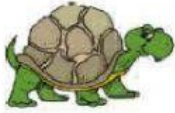


Using Comparative Adjectives

Complete the sentence using the “-er” form and the word “than”



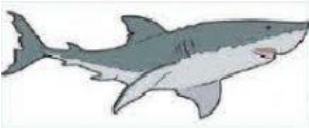
1. The mouse is _____ (small) _____ the horse.
2. The cat is _____ (clean) _____ the dog.
3. The turtle is _____ (slow) _____ the rabbit.
4. The horse is _____ (fast) _____ the cow.
5. The giraffe is _____ (tall) _____ the zebra.

Complete the sentence by doubling the final consonant and using the word “than.” (fat-fatter)

1. The elephant is _____ (big) _____ the rhino.
2. The hippo is _____ (fat) _____ the zebra.
3. A fish is _____ (wet) _____ a spider.
4. A worm is _____ (slim) _____ a snake.
5. The hare is _____ (mad) _____ the rabbit.



When the adjective end in “-y,” we change the “y” to “i” then add “-er” (happy-happier)



1. A butterfly is _____ (pretty) _____ a beetle.
2. A parrot is _____ (noisy) _____ a canary.
3. The elephant is _____ (heavy) _____ the rhino.
4. A monkey is _____ (silly) _____ a gorilla.
5. The shark is _____ (deadly) _____ the barracuda.

Some adjectives, particularly the longer ones, use “more... than” (more interesting than)

1. The peacock is _____ (beautiful) _____ the turkey.
2. The lion is _____ (dangerous) _____ the jackal.
3. The dolphin is _____ (intelligent) _____ the tuna.
4. The snake is _____ (interesting) _____ the worm.
5. A wolf is _____ (vicious) _____ the fox.

