

counting money

In Chile, people use pesos (\$) to pay for things. They have different sizes and colors. (En Chile, las personas utilizan pesos para pagar por las cosas. Tienen diferentes tamaños y colores)

I. Listen and repeat (Audio "coins")

One hundred pesos

Fifty pesos



Ten pesos

Five hundred pesos

FACT!

Coins can be different shapes. Some coins in Denmark have holes in the middle. (Las monedas pueden ser de distintas formas. Algunas monedas en Dinamarca tienen orificios en el medio.)

II. Do the maths

$$\text{500 PESOS} - \text{100 PESOS} = \boxed{\text{Four hundred pesos}}$$

$$\text{10 PESOS} + \text{500 PESOS} + \text{10 PESOS} = \boxed{}$$

$$\text{50 PESOS} + \text{100 PESOS} + \text{100 PESOS} = \boxed{}$$

$$\text{500 PESOS} - \text{50 PESOS} - \text{10 PESOS} = \boxed{}$$

III. Read, look and answer. (Lee, mira y responde)

Peter wants to buy a chocolate for his mother. The price of the chocolate is \$470. He has got three \$100 coins, three \$50 coins and two \$10 coins.

1.- How much money has Peter got?

- a) \$380 b) \$470

2.- Can he buy the chocolate?

- a) yes, he can b) no, he can't

