

CONTEMPORARY AGES 20th CENTURY

Watch the following videos: Beginning of 20th century,

2nd republic, Spanish civil war, Francoism, Spanish Transition to Democracy

Abolished **constitution**

Franco head of state: concentration of **power**

Political parties and trade union **banned**

Censorship: plays, books, film

Hard **repression**: people who think differently were arrested and some killed.

Internationally isolated

Economic crisis

1950 Spain started to be accepted

1955 member of the united nations

1960 Economy starts to improve

Death of Franco

amnistía política

Legalizam los partidos políticos y los sindicatos

1986- España entra en la Comunidad europea

there is a lot of political **conflicts**:

- strikes organised by trade union,
- independence demanded,
- morocco war

***1st WORLD WAR: Spain neutral**

1981 Tejero entra en el Congreso de los diputados en un intento de **golpe de estado** que fracasó.

1936 Franco led a coup against the Republic

Spanish population divided **into two areas**:
Republican area and national area.

Consequences:

100.000 people **died**

Many **exile**

Huge **economic** losses.

There was **hunger**.

There was **hate**: society was divided into winners and losers

Alfonso XIII went to France into **exile**

New constitution: Many reforms

right to **vote** for woman.

Separation of **church** and state.

Statues of **autonomy** for Catalonia and Basque country.

Education reforms.

Land reforms.

Labour reform.

1923 General Primo de Rivera leads a coup taking control of the country.

Military **dictatorship**.

Constitution abolished,

Labour unions and

political parties banned.

Won the war with Morocco.

TIMELINE – 20TH CENTURY fill in the gaps with the appropriate information

1908	Alfonso XIII 	
1923 -1930	Primo de Rivera 	
1931-1933	2nd republic 	
1936- 1939	Civil war 	

1939-1975	Francoism  *2nd WORLD WAR: Spain neutral	
1975	Transition to Democracy 	
1981	<i>Golpe de estado</i> 	