

PRACTICE TEST 3- GRADE 9

Câu 1-4 :

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others. (1m)
(Chọn từ mà phần gạch dưới có cách phát âm khác với các từ còn lại)

- | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. <u>work</u> ed | B. <u>start</u> ed | C. <u>stop</u> ped | D. <u>wash</u> ed |
| 2. A. <u>wind</u> ow | B. <u>show</u> | C. <u>now</u> | D. <u>post</u> |
| 3. A. <u>cycle</u> | B. <u>widely</u> | C. <u>city</u> | D. <u>happy</u> |
| 4. A. <u>sale</u> | B. <u>design</u> | C. <u>symbol</u> | D. <u>respond</u> |

Câu 5-20:

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in eac sentence. (4ms)
(Chọn từ hoặc cụm từ tương ứng (A, B, C hoặc D) thích hợp nhất để điền vào chỗ trống trong mỗi câu)

5. Nobody goes to this part of the city night.
A. on B. at C. in D. during
6. "Do you like fishing?" "....."
A. That's right B. Thank you C. You're welcome D. Yes, I love it
7. All my friends are at the cinema now. I wish I with them.
A. am B. were C. has been D. would be
8. Would you mind the phone number?? I didn't hear properly.
A. to repeat B. repeating C. repeat D. for repeating
9. many tourists enjoy most of the festivals in Viet Nam they do not understand Vietnamese culture very much.
A. because B. though C. therefore D. despite
10. Jeans are very with young people all over the world.
A. fond B. equal C. popular D. different
11. This subject, we are going to discuss, is very important.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that
12. My grandfather many years ago.
A. dies B. died C. has died D. was dying
13. If we didn't so much energy, our resources would last longer.
A. replace B. waste C. install D. save
14. mary asked us when Return.
A. will we B. would we C. we D. ww would
15. Something urgent must be done to protect our city from air
A. energy B. electricity C. pollution D. resource
16. I will go and see the doctor tomorrow if I feel better.
A. don't B. won't C. didn't D. wouldn't
17. She will have to Her little brother, so she can't go out with us tonight.
A. look after B. look up C. turn on D. turn off
18. "You don't know where Karen is,?" "Sorry, I have no idea."
A. don't you B. do you C. are you D. aren't you
19. The traffic here is very for the children.
A. danger B. endanger C. dangerous D. dangerously
20. Paper money for over a thousand years.
A. has been used B. used C. is used D. has used

Câu 21-24:

Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.(1m)
(Chọn từ hoặc cụm từ gạch dưới tương ứng (A, B, C hoặc D) cần được sửa ở mỗi câu).

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21. A new school is being build in the city centre at the moment.

A B C D

22. He didn't drive careful, so he caused that accident.

A B C D

23. The girl whom my cousin married was used to be a fashion designer.

A B C D

24. I have been in Mexico during the summer of 1970.

A B C D

Câu 25-29:

Read the passage carefully then do the exercises below.(2.5ms)

(Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và làm các bài tập bên dưới)

English is my mother tongue. Besides, I can speak French and Spanish. I studied the two languages when I was at high school. Now, I am still learning Spanish at the University. As for me, mastering a foreign language is not easy. After studying a language, practice is very necessary and useful. Travelling to the country where the target language is spoken is very helpful, but if you can not speak the language well enough you will certainly have troubles. I also frequently go to the movies, watch television, listen to the radio in the language I am trying to learn. Reading is another good way to learn. Books are good, but I personally think newspapers and magazines are better. However, getting some knowledge of the language is the most important thing. Grammar and vocabulary should be mastered first.

Answer the questions: (Trả lời các câu hỏi sau)

25. How many languages can the writer speak?

26. Is practice necessary and useful after studying a language?

27. According to the writer, what should be mastered first?

Decide which statement is true (T) and which is false (F): (Xác định câu đúng (T), sai (F)).

28. Travelling may cause troubles if you can speak the language well enough.

29. Some useful ways to practise your target language are listening to the radio, watching TV, reading books and seeing films in the language.

Câu 30-32:

Rewrite the sentences in such a way that they mean almost the same as those printed before them.

(1.5ms) (Viết lại các câu sau, sao cho cùng nghĩa với câu đã cho trước)

30. You must do this exercise with care.

This exercise

31. It's not a good idea to travel during rush hours.

It's best to avoid

32. We don't use the car often. We've decided to sell it.

As