



the north of England around 1860. In 1928, Harry Ramsden opened his first fish and chip shop in Leeds. It was very (4) \_\_\_\_\_ and on one day in 1952 it served 10,000 meals - a world record! Ramsden died in 1963 but the company still exists and there are now 170 Harry Ramsden fish and chip shops around the world.

## II. Read the passage and to answer the questions. (2.0 pts)

In countries like the United Kingdom, the USA, and Australia people speak English as a first language. But they don't speak exactly the same English. English sounds different in these countries because people use different pronunciation and there are different words for some things. Americans don't say "football", they say "soccer", and they say "movie", not "film". Some Australians say "G'day", not "Hi", and they don't say "this afternoon", they say "this arvo". In some countries, for example India and some African countries, there are a lot of different languages, so people use English as the official language.

In countries where English isn't a first language, people speak it as a foreign language. People want to study English because it's an international language; it's in films, magazines and pop songs. A lot of people, especially scientists and business people, use English when they work, travel or use a computer.

About 80% of the information on the Internet is in English. A lot of people communicate on the Internet in English too. Some people write a different type of English when they communicate in chat rooms or by instant messages like MSN. They use words like "uok", "thnx" and "cul8r". These words are faster to write than "Are you OK?", "Thanks" and "See you later"!

### Questions:

1. In what countries do people speak English as a first language?

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2. What do some Australians say when they meet someone?

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3. Why do some countries use English as an official language?

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4. Do people want to study English because it's an international language?

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### PART C: WRITING (2.0 pts):

Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first, using the words given or do as directed.

1. I think she should spend more time practising her English

→If I \_\_\_\_\_

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2. swimming is not really my cup of tea. (INTERESTED)

→I \_\_\_\_\_ swimming.

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3. I lent him a book. It was written by Daniel Defoe. (USE A RELATIVE CLAUSE)

→ \_\_\_\_\_

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4. They speak enough German for holidays. (GET BY)

→They \_\_\_\_\_ on holidays