

**B. Match the phrasal verbs in bold with their meanings.**

1. It's getting late. I think you should **turn in**.
2. He **turned down** the job in London, because he didn't want to move.
3. My aunt **turned up** unexpectedly yesterday.
4. When she kissed the frog, he **turned into** a charming prince.
5. They **turned** the wallet **over** to the police.
6. The kidnapper **turned out** to be a neighbour.

☐  
☐  
☐  
☐  
☐  
☐

- a. arrive
- b. prove to be
- c. go to bed
- d. refuse an offer
- e. give something to the authorities
- f. become something different

**2. COMPOUND NOUNS**

**A. Look at the following words which were mentioned in the radio programme that you heard in the listening section. What do they mean?**

windmill      tourist attraction      cheesecake competition  
blue cheese      cheesecake entry



**NOTE**

A compound noun is a combination of two (or more) nouns that function as one word. The last noun is defined or described by the noun(s) appearing before it (eg. a cheese festival is a festival related to cheese).

**B. Combine the nouns in the box to form as many compound nouns as possible.**

paste   bed   bus   school   weather   tooth   room   water  
police   tank   table   kitchen   motor   sail   bike   ache  
boat   sun   forecast   girl   station

**C. Complete the sentences with compound nouns from exercise B.**

1. We had to go to the \_\_\_\_\_ to report that our shop had been robbed.
2. According to the \_\_\_\_\_ it will rain tomorrow.
3. We just bought a new \_\_\_\_\_; you wouldn't believe how restful a sleep you get on it.
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ is late again; we'll miss the first hour!
5. I went to the dentist's yesterday because I had terrible \_\_\_\_\_.