



Name: _____

Class: S6

Date: .../.../ 20...

Tel: 038 255 2594

GLOBAL ENGLISH 6: UNIT 6 – PEOPLE AND WORK GRAMMAR 1

A. NEW LESSON

Lưu ý: Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chủ thích nghĩa: Con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

1. Reported speech without changes in the verb tenses (Câu trần thuật trường hợp không lùi thì động từ)

- Câu trần thuật trong tiếng Anh là một loại câu được sử dụng để thuật lại một sự việc hay lời nói của ai đó. Nói một cách dễ hiểu hơn, việc sử dụng câu trần thuật là ta đang chuyển câu trực tiếp sang gián tiếp.

Ex: Lan **tells** me: "I **buy** this dress". (Câu trực tiếp)

→ Lan **tells** me that she **buys** that dress. (Câu gián tiếp)

- Câu trần thuật không cần lùi thì của động từ khi:

+ Câu trực tiếp là một sự thật hiển nhiên.

Ex: "The Earth **is** a planet." – he said.

→ He said (that) the Earth **is** a planet.

+ Động từ giới thiệu nội dung được tường thuật (say, tell, etc.) ở dạng **hiện tại đơn**, **tương lai** hay **hiện tại hoàn thành**.

Ex: "Nina **can** read." – she **says**.

→ She **says** (that) Nina **can** read.

2. Adjective + preposition + Noun (Tính từ và giới từ kết hợp với danh từ)

- Ở một số trường hợp, tính từ và giới từ được kết hợp với nhau và theo sau đó là danh từ.

Ex: I was **good at maths and science**.

- Một số cụm tính từ đi với giới từ thường gặp:

Adjective + Preposition	Meaning
afraid/ scared of	sợ hãi điều gì
proud of	tự hào về
addicted to	đam mê, nghiện
good/ bad for	tốt/ xấu cho
impressed with	ấn tượng với
patient with	kiên nhẫn với
angry with	tức giận với
interested in	có hứng thú với
disappointed in	thất vọng về
responsible for	chịu trách nhiệm về
successful in	thành công trong lĩnh vực gì
keen on	thích
good/ bad at	giỏi/ kém chuyên gì

B. HOMEWORK

I. Fill in the blanks with the correct preposition

0. "Please don't be angry with me" – she said.
1. The children are addicted to computer games.
2. John's always been keen on music.
3. She's very patient with young children.
4. I was disappointed at the quality of the food.
5. We love peace, but we are not afraid of war.

II. Complete the sentences, using REPORTED SPEECH

0. "I want a blue jacket for my birthday." – she says.
→ She says that she wants a blue jacket for her birthday.
1. "I will visit my grandparents." – he says.
→ He tells me that he will visit his grandparents.
2. "I need to go home to do my homework." – Lily has said.
→ Lily has told me she needs to go home to do her homework.
3. Nhung says: "She cannot help you."
→ Nhung says that she cannot help me.
4. "I have just sent a letter to Hoa." – Bella says.
→ Bella says that she has just sent a letter to Hoa.
5. "Dinner will be served after 6 p.m." – says my aunt.
→ My aunt says dinner will be served after 6 p.m.

III. Circle the correct answer

0. He is very good at French.
A. at B. in C. of
1. You must be very proud of your son.
A. proud B. talented C. good
2. It's bad for your health to be physically inactive (không hoạt động).
A. disappointed B. good C. bad
3. I was very impressed with her work.
A. about B. with C. on
4. He later became successful in politics (chính trị).
A. from B. at C. in
5. Rachel has always been scared of heights.
A. scared B. impressed C. interested

IV. Rewrite the sentences using REPORTED SPEECH

0. "I have something to show you." – I say to her.
→ I say to her that I have something to show her.
1. "I like to play the guitar in my free time." – she says.
→ she likes to play the guitar in her free time.
2. "The Earth revolves around the Sun." – the teacher said to the students.
→ the teacher said to the students that the Earth revolves around the Sun.
3. "I must go to the dentist." – he says.
→ he must go to the dentist.

4. "I'll come with you as soon as I'm ready." – she tells me.

→ _____.

5. "New Year's Eve is always on December 31st." – Tom said.

→ _____.

V. Match to make meaningful sentences

0. <i>Tim's good at</i>	<i>a. math and science.</i>
1. Regular exercise is	b. with the painting.
2. She likes Biology, but she's	c. addicted to alcohol or drugs.
3. One in seven people is	d. not too keen on Physics.
4. She was impressed	e. for their passengers' safety.
5. All pilots are responsible	f. good for the heart.

0- a	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-
------	----	----	----	----	----

VI. Fill in the blanks with the correct adjective

<i>patient</i>	<i>angry</i>	<i>afraid</i>	<i>bad</i>	<i>interested</i>	<i>disappointed</i>
----------------	--------------	---------------	------------	-------------------	---------------------

0. Be patient with her – she's very young.

1. He did not seem _____ in the subject at all.

2. I'm _____ in you. I really thought I could trust you!

3. What has made you so deeply _____ of your boss?

4. I feel _____ for Ann - she studied so hard for that test and she still didn't pass.

5. Mary was so _____ with her boyfriend that she ran out of the room immediately.

VII. Write sentences with your own ideas, using REPORTED SPEECH

0. _____ *My father says he will come home soon* _____.

1. _____.

2. _____.

3. _____.

4. _____.

5. _____.

PART 2

Questions 6–10

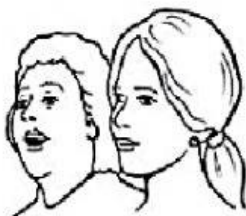
- The people below all want to go to the cinema.
- On the opposite page there are descriptions of eight films.
- Decide which film (**letters A–H**) would be the most suitable for each person or people (numbers 6–10).
- For each of these numbers mark the correct letter **on your answer sheet**.

6



Jo is studying **art** at university. She usually **goes to the cinema** on Friday evenings. She **enjoys** films that are based on **real life** and from which she can **learn something**.

7



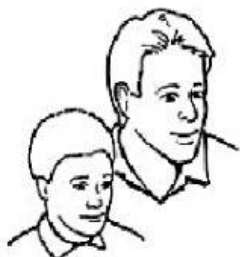
Sheila has decided to take her **mother** to the cinema for her **birthday**. They both like **love stories** that have **happy endings**.

8



Brian is a **hard-working medical student**. He **doesn't have** very much free time, but he **likes going to the cinema** to relax, and **enjoys a good laugh**.

9



Adam wants to take his **8-year-old son Mark** to the cinema at the weekend. They want to see a film with **plenty of excitement**.

10



Harry and Joyce go to the cinema about **twice a month**. They particularly like **detective stories** and do **not pay much attention** to which actors are in the film.

A *The Delivery*

Jim Treace stars in this well-known comedy about two workmen who have to deliver a long piece of wood to a house. But unfortunately the performances are poor, and the film is too long for such a simple joke.

B *And Tomorrow We Find You*

A fast-moving adult story about a San Francisco policeman in danger. Based on a real-life happening, it keeps you guessing right until the last minute. Although there are no big stars, there are some fine performances.

C *The Ends of the Earth*

A story based on a real-life journey to the South Pole. This film contains some quite wonderful wildlife photography – make sure you see it while you have the chance, or you'll be sorry.

D *Island of Fire*

You get spectacular scenery and lots of thrills in this action-packed story, in which a young sea-captain rescues terrified villagers from a volcanic island in the South Seas.

E *Out of School*

Here we live through a day in the life of an American teenager who has problems not only with his parents and their boring friends but also with his first girlfriend who just doesn't seem to understand him.

F *A Time of Silence*

Don't forget your handkerchief for this story of a young college boy and girl who manage to survive all the pressures of modern life. And what an unforgettable wedding scene!

G *A Private Party*

A wonderfully funny comedy, which takes place in the 1940s. A reporter and his very worried wife try to save a sheep from the local butcher. The actors really make the most of this clever script.

H *Who Shot Malone?*

It's a surprise to see so many famous names wasting their time in this dull detective story. In the end you find yourself asking, 'Who cares?'

Con hãy mở link nghe bằng máy tính nhé:
<https://tinyurl.com/4vvkdfap>

PART 4

Questions 20–25

- Look at the six sentences for this part.
- You will hear a conversation between a boy, Jim, and his mother.
- Decide if each sentence is correct or incorrect.
- If it is correct, put a tick (✓) in the box under **A** for **YES**. If it is not correct, put a tick (✓) in the box under **B** for **NO**.

	A YES	B NO
20 Jim's bicycle needs to be mended.	☐	☐
21 He's keen to start saving money.	☐	☐
22 His mother thinks a mountain bike is suitable for their area.	☐	☐
23 She encourages Jim to manage his money better.	☐	☐
24 His mother offers to lend him some money.	☐	☐
25 Jim is disappointed by his mother's suggestion.	☐	☐

I. Circle the correct answer

1. There are too _____ mistakes in this essay.
A. a few B. a little C. many
2. We've known each other for _____ years now.
A. any B. some C. little
3. We have made _____ additions to the collection recently.
A. several B. much C. lot of
4. She asked if we had _____ questions.
A. some B. any C. most
5. There was _____ discussion about the reasons for the failure.
A. much B. many C. few

II. Fill in the correct comparative adverb form of the adjectives in brackets

1. Does sound travel _____ (**fast**) than light?
2. No, sound travels _____ (**slow**) than light.
3. Modern cars run _____ (**quiet**) than in the past.
4. Where does the Earth rotate _____ (**rapid**)?
5. Which began _____ (**early**): life on land or in the ocean?