

## 1. Multiplying a binomial by a constant

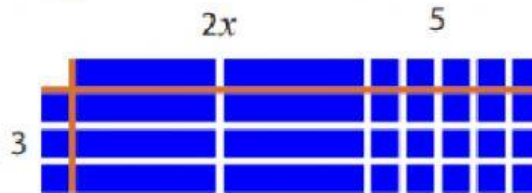
Determine the product of  $3 \times (2x + 5)$

**Solution**

**Step 1:** Arrange tiles that represent  $3 \times (2x + 5)$  as shown



**Step 2:** Fill tiles to form a rectangle with sides as 3 units and  $(2x + 5)$  units.



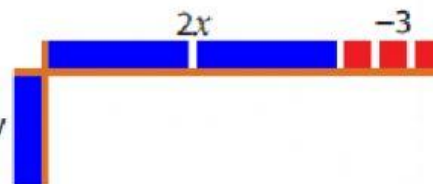
**Step 3:**  $3 \times (2x + 5)$  = the area of the rectangle formed.  
= the number of tiles that form the rectangle.  
 $3 \times (2x + 5) = 6x + 15$

## 2. Multiplying a binomial by a monomial

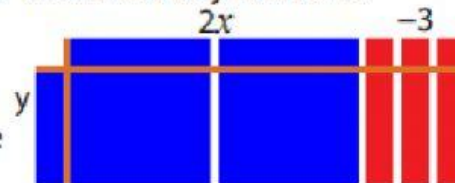
Determine the product of  $y(2x - 3)$

**Solution**

**Step 1:** Arrange tiles that represent  $y(2x - 3)$  as shown



**Step 2:** Fill tiles to form a rectangle with sides as y units and  $(2x - 3)$  units.



**Step 3:**  $y(2x - 3)$   
= the area of the rectangle formed.  
= the number of tiles that form the rectangle.

So,  $y(2x - 3) = 2xy - 3y$

### 3. Multiplying a binomial by a binomial

Determine the product of  $(2x - 3)(4x + 3)$

**Solution**

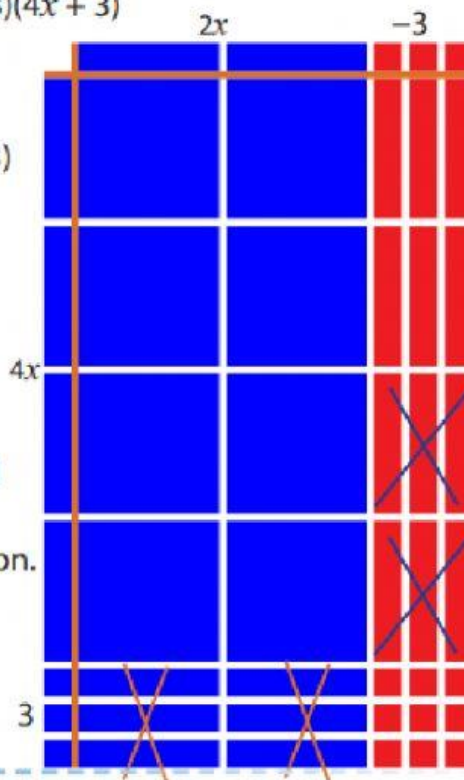
**Step 1:** Arrange tiles that represent  $(2x - 3)(4x + 3)$

**Step 2:** Fill tiles to form a rectangle with sides as  $(4x + 3)$  units and  $(2x - 3)$  units.

**Step 3:** Remove zero pairs and count the remaining terms to get the solution.

So,

$$(2x - 3)(4x + 3) = 8x^2 - 6x - 9$$



### 4. Multiplying a binomial by a monomial

$$(x)(a+b) = ax + bx$$

### 5. Multiplying a binomial by a binomial

$$(ax + b) \times (cx + d) = acx^2 + adx + bcx + bd$$

$$(ax + b) \times (cx + d) = acx^2 + (ad + bc)x + bd$$