



ПІБ СТУДЕНТА: _____

ГРУПА: _____

ДИСЦИПЛІНА "ОПЕРАЦІЙНІ СИСТЕМИ" _____

ЗАКРІПЛЕННЯ ЛЕКЦІЇ №2 _____

Insert the missing words in sentences

1. A _____ is basically a program in execution.
2. An _____ is a list of memory locations from 0 to some maximum, which the process can read and write.
3. In many OS all the information about each process, other than the contents of its own address space, is stored in an _____
4. If a process can create one or more other processes (referred to as child processes) and these processes in turn can create child processes, we quickly arrive at the _____ structure
5. To provide a place to keep files, most operating systems have the concept of a _____ as a way of grouping files together
6. _____ hierarchies are typically short-lived, generally minutes at most, whereas the _____ hierarchy may exist for years
7. Before a _____ can be read, it must be located on the disk and opened, and after it has been read it should be closed, so calls are provided to do these things

- | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| - processes | - file | - input/output |
| - address spaces | - file system | - device drivers |
| - process table | - file hierarchy | - universal I/O interface |
| - process hierarchy | - directory | |
| - process tree | - root directory | |