

HOW TO READ BODY LANGUAGE

VOCABULARY 1: Complete the sentences with one of the words below.
Make any changes if necessary

Deception – transmit – misconception – marshal – lousy – mole – detect - soothe

- a) Communication is the act of _____ information between individuals.
- b) She made a cup of tea to _____ her nerves.
- c) Most advertising involves at least some _____ to make people buy more.
- d) It's a common _____ that Americans eat only fast food.
- e) She's a _____ singer. No one wants to go to her concerts.
- f) Some sounds cannot be _____ by the human ear.
- g) They suspected there was a _____ within party headquarters and that's how journalists learned about their campaign plans.
- h) The company is _____ resources for a long court case

VOCABULARY 2: Match the words with their synonyms

- a) outline
- b) grumpy
- c) wimpy
- d) gaze
- e) commonplace
- f) incessant

- 1) weak
- 2) ill-tempered
- 3) typical
- 4) constant
- 5) summarise
- 6) glare

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VOCABULARY 3: Drag and drop the words to match them with the pictures

Shrug shoulders – lean back – frown – clasp hands – cross arms –
clench fists – rub chin – compress lips -



VIDEO: Watch the video and answer the questions.



1. Where does the sign of **OK** mean something obscene?

2. Where do people flick their throat to mean drinking alcohol?

3. What does scratching one's ear by going the back of the head mean in Russia? _____
4. Which two countries/regions does the video mention to exemplify that the universal sign of nodding for yes and shaking the head for no is not always followed? _____
5. Which two things does tilting the head from side to side mean in South Asia?



GRAMMAR: Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. If French people _____ (grab) their nose and twist it, this _____ (mean) drinking alcohol or getting drunk.
2. If a person _____ (compress) their lips, they _____ (be) probably uncomfortable with a situation.
3. If your students _____ (cross) their arms when you are giving them feedback, they probably (feel) _____ threatened.
4. What _____ it _____ (mean) if people _____ (shrug) their shoulders?
5. Unlike in most countries, if a Hungarian _____ (nod) his or her head, they _____ (approve) what you are saying.

