

Name:.....

BỘ ĐỀ ÔN THI THPT

ĐỀ 14 (code 23)

PRONUNCIATION

Question 1: A. closed B. beloved C. wicked D. sacred

Question 2: A. work B. stork C. force D. form

STRESS

Question 3: A. regard B. offer C. reduce D. persuade

Question 4: A. material B. official C. pyramid D. survival

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5: This morning I bought _____ book and a pencil. The pen is in my bag, but I don't know where _____ book is.

A. a – a B. a – the C. the – the D. the – a

Question 6: If you had taken your dad's advice, you _____ such a silly mistake.

A. would have avoided B. would have avoid C. would avoid D. have avoided

Question 7: By the end of last March, I _____ English for five years.

A. have been studying B. will have been studying C. had been studying D. will have studied

Question 8: She made a list of what to do _____ forget anything.

A. in order to B. so as not to C. so that D. to not

Question 9: Our rule is that all the volunteers must _____ and must have a criminal record.

A. employ B. be employed C. have employed D. have been employed

Question 10: A quick look would reveal that France has twice _____ computers.

A. as many televisions as B. more televisions than

C. as many as televisions D. many as televisions as

Question 11: We _____ today and I got into trouble because I hadn't done it.

A. have our homework checking B. had checked our homework

C. were checked our homework D. had our homework checked

Question 12: It was a nasty memory. Do you remember both of us wearing sunglasses to avoid _____ by the supervisors?

A. to recognize B. to be recognized C. recognizing D. being recognized

Question 13: Employee contracts are eligible for _____ each year.

A. renew B. renewal C. renewed D. renewing

Question 14: I phoned the company, who _____ me that my goods had been delivered.

A. guaranteed B. assured C. reassured D. confirmed

Question 15: Michael was _____ with anger when he saw his car had been scratched.

A. filled B. fixed C. loaded D. stored

Question 16: This project will create more _____ to local residents.

A. happiness B. employment C. transition D. determination

Question 17: When a fire broke out in Louvre, at least twenty _____ paintings were destroyed, including two by Picasso.

A. worthless B. priceless C. valueless D. worthy

Question 18: You have to study hard to _____ your classmates

A. keep pace with B. look out for C. catch sight of D. get in touch with

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning

Question 19: It takes roughly 4000 pounds of petals to make a single pound of rose oil.

A. amazingly B. as much as C. relatively. D. more or less

Question 20: Tom really made a bomb when he was young. He bought a new villa and many cars.

A. cost a fortune B. earned a large amount of money
C. spent a big sum of money D. saved a great deal of money

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning

Question 21: The ship went down although strenuous efforts were made to save it.

A. energetic B. forceful C. half-hearted. D. exhausting

Question 22: As a newspaper reporter, she always wanted to get information at first hand.

A. indirectly B. directly C. easily D. slowly

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 23: "There's a baseball game tonight." "_____"

A. Great. Let's go. B. I'm not a real fan of hers.
C. Don't mention it. D. Thanks. I'd love to.

Question 24: David: "Could you bring me some water?"

Waiter: "_____"

A. I don't want to. B. Yes. I can. C. No. I can't. D. Certainly, sir.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 25 to 29.

THE HISTORY OF CONVERSE

In 1908, the Converse Rubber Shoe Company began trading in the USA. (25)_____, the company made simple rubber-soled footwear for men, women and children. By 1910, Converse was (26)_____ 4,000 pairs a day. The company's main turning (27)_____ came in 1917, when the red-and-white basketball shoe was introduced. This was a real innovation, (28)_____ the sport was in its infancy. Then, in 1921, 'Chuck' Tador, a basketball player, contacted the company complaining of sore feet. Converse immediately invited him as a representative, and he promoted their shoes for the rest of his career. In 1941, when the USA became involved in the Second World War, Converse shifted production to manufacturing boots, and (29)_____ clothing for pilots and soldiers. Converse shoes were hugely (30)_____ with teenagers during the 1950s, and in 1966 the company added a 1980s, but lost a large proportion of their colors. They still (31)_____ its popularity until the range of new shoes during the 1990s with the appearance of trainers.

Question 25: A. Gradual B. Gradually C. Initial D. Initially

Question 26: A. producing B. preparing C. creating D. constructing

Question 27: A. mark B. point C. place D. position

Question 28: A. for B. but C. yet D. nor

Question 29: A. protect B. protective C. protection D. protected

Question 30: A. famous B. well-known C. common D. popular

Question 31: A. remained B. maintained C. saved D. attained

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction

Question 32: One of the features (A) of London is the amount (B) of big stores, most of which (C) can be found (D) in or near the West End.

Question 33: To turn on (A) the light, I was (B) surprised at (C) what (D) I saw.

Question 34: He had to walk (A) as calmly (B) as possible. Otherwise (C), they would think (D) that I was a thief.

Question 35: Interesting as (A) are some websites (B), they may expose (C) us to unreliable sources (D) of information.

Read the passage and choose the best answer

Rosa Parks

Rosa Parks was born in 1913 in Alabama. As an African-American citizen, she saw that many people were being treated unfairly. All American citizens were supposed to have equal rights, but for Rosa Parks, this was not true. African-American citizens were segregated from white citizens. During her lifetime, African-Americans could not even drink from the same water fountains as other Americans. They could not sit in the same areas of restaurants or movie theaters. The list of inequalities went on and on.

Every day to go to work, Rosa would ride a bus. One rule on the bus was for African-Americans to give up their seats if white passengers wanted them. But one particular day, Rosa decided she'd had enough of the rule. She had paid to ride the bus, and she had paid for her seat; she was not going to give up her place.

Rosa Parks's brave move of defiance led to her arrest. However, many people stood up for her and were proud of her act of courage that day on the bus. The African-American community agreed to a boycott. All of those in favor of Rosa's actions decided to no longer use the bus system, even though for many this meant a long walk to and from work.

As a result of Rosa Parks's actions and a ruling made by the Supreme Court, things began to change for the better. One such change was that African-Americans no longer had to give up their seats for other passengers. The huge Civil Rights Movement that would continue to happen in America would help gain equal rights for all American citizens. Rosa Parks will always be remembered as a true crusader for civil rights.

Question 36: What does the word "segregated" mean as it is used in the first paragraph?

- A. held together B. kept separate C. hidden D. placed in quarantine

Question 37: According to the text, what can you infer is a reason Rosa Parks felt African-Americans were being treated unfairly?

- A. because they were not being treated the same as other citizens
B. because other citizens were given better seats in public places
C. because she could not apply for a job as a bus driver
D. because her children were being treated differently from their classmates

Question 38: What does the word "them" refer to?

- A. white passengers B. African-Americans C. bus rules D. seats

Question 39: What does the word "boycott" mean as it is used in the third paragraph?

- A. to gather up B. to stay with others C. to stay away from D. to invite to go

Question 40: What are civil rights according to the reading text?

- A. rights guaranteed to all adults B. rights guaranteed to all children
C. rights guaranteed to all immigrants D. rights guaranteed to all citizens

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning

Question 41: Whatever subject you choose makes no difference to me.

- A. You can choose any subject, there's no difference. B. What subject you choose is important to me.

C. I don't care about you.

D. It doesn't matter to me what subject you choose.

Question 42: "Would you like some coffee?" Peter said.

A. Peter asked me for some coffee.

B. Peter offered giving me some coffee.

C. Peter wanted to know if I would like to make coffee.

D. Peter invited me some coffee.

Question 43: They couldn't climb up the mountain because of the storm.

A. The storm made them impossible to climb up the mountain.

B. The storm made it not capable of climbing up the mountain.

C. The storm discouraged them from climbing up the mountain.

D. Their climbing up the mountain was unable due to the storm.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences

Question 44: She invited me to her birthday party. I wish I hadn't accepted it.

A. I insisted on having been invited to her birthday party.

B. I was very glad to accept the invitation to her birthday party.

C. I regret accepting the invitation to her birthday party.

D. If only I had come to her birthday party.

45: I ate the soup. After that I remembered that I had forgotten to give my little sister some of it.

A. It was not until I ate the soup did I remember that I had forgotten to give my little sister some of it.

B. As soon as I remembered that I had forgotten to give my little sister some of soup I ate it.

C. Only after eating the soup did I remember that I had forgotten to give my little sister some of it.

D. Hardly had I forgotten to give my little sister some of it when I ate the soup.

Read the passage and choose the best answer

Little Miss

There once was a little girl who refused to eat her breakfast. Every morning, she made everyone's life miserable because no matter what was offered to her, she did not want it. Her parents tried pancakes, cereal, bacon, eggs, sausage, biscuits, oatmeal, and any other breakfast food you can think of, but nothing would please the little girl.

One day, her father decided that enough was enough. He was tired of trying to eat his own breakfast with all of her screaming and crying. He was tired of his wife's unhappy face because she could find nothing her daughter would eat. He had often told her to let the child go hungry, but the wife would refuse, reminding him that breakfast was, after all, the most important meal of the day. And so, the once happy couple was starting to grow cross and negative with each other because every day began with the young girl's tantrums.

Waiting until his wife was out of the room, the father grabbed a pillow off the couch, threw it outside, grabbed his daughter and her bowl of porridge and her spoon and quickly threw them all outside and into the yard. So strategic was his throw that she landed, sitting

upright, on the pillow with her bowl and spoon in her hand and not a drop of porridge spilled on her pajamas. He shut the door and was ready to eat in peace.

The daughter was so stunned that she did a most amazing thing. She stopped crying. She looked down at the bowl of porridge in her lap, and she did another most amazing thing. She took a bite and then another and another and another and . . . well, you get the idea. She ate until it was all gone.

The next day, the father cooked her porridge for breakfast again, and she began to scream. He threw her outside where she ate in peace and quiet and again finished the entire bowl. Each day, the father fed her the same way, and each day she finished her food. He tried putting a table outside, but she screamed.

And so you ask, what is the moral of this story? You can't teach an old dog new tricks? Be kind to others and they'll be kind to you? No, no, no. Neither of these is the moral of this story. The lesson learned from this, dear friends, is the grass is always greener on the other side of the closed door.

Question 46: What is the problem in this story?

- A. The daughter is a picky eater. B. The parents are not sympathetic to their child.
C. The daughter screams each afternoon at lunch. D. The porridge is too hot.

Question 47. Why does the father most likely wait for the mother to leave the room before taking any action with the child?

- A. She would not have approved of his actions.
B. She would not want her pillows used outside.
C. She would not want food taken outside the house.
D. She would have wanted to go outside with their daughter.

Question 48. What does the word “tantrum” mean?

- A. anger B. hunger C. danger D. risk

Question 49. Why did the mother want to make sure the child had breakfast each day?

- A. She believed if she cooked the food, the family had to eat it.
B. She worked for a bakery and made delicious treats for her family that she did not want wasted.
C. She believed breakfast was the most important meal of the day.
D. She didn't want to listen to her child scream each morning.

Question 50. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- A. to explain how clever the father was
B. to explain how the child was making everyone in the house miserable
C. to describe the child's hunger
D. to help the reader understand why the child cried each day

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