

Họ, tên thí sinh:..... Số báo danh:

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet that best completes each unfinished sentence from 1 to 11.

Câu 1: The last time Tim _____ to the gym with his friends was five months ago.

- A. will go B. went C. has gone D. goes

Câu 2: Last night they _____ their favorite movie when there _____ a power cut.

- A. were watching/was B. watched/had been
C. was watching/was D. had watched/was

Câu 3: My friend, Long, lives in the north and we _____ to each other for a long time.

- A. don't meet B. didn't meet C. haven't met D. won't meet

Câu 4: My sister had lost one of my bluetooth earpods, but luckily it _____ after that.

- A. was finding B. found C. were found D. was found

Câu 5: Many people _____ to have been homeless after the disastrous flood.

- A. has reported B. are reported C. reported D. is reported

Câu 6: The businessman _____ that he was leaving for Bangkok that afternoon.

- A. told me B. say to me C. asked me D. told

Câu 7: Nancy didn't behave well in the discussion and she _____ for it.

- A. denied B. apologized C. accused D. thanked

Câu 8: My children take _____ for cleaning up the house before I come back from work.

- A. responsibly B. responsibility C. respond D. responsible

Câu 9: The way you _____ other people's attention depends on the social situation you are in.

- A. attract B. interest C. pay D. make

Câu 10: I've never felt able to confide _____ my sister since she's too busy to spend time with me.

- A. with B. in C. for D. on

Câu 11: Lynn is fashionable, so all of us often pay her _____ on the clothes she wears.

- A. some money B. visits C. tributes D. compliments

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges from 12 to 13.

Câu 12: Liam and Kara are in front of the class.

- Liam: "What a nice jacket you have!"

- Kara: " _____ "

- A. Do you wanna try it on?
B. It's very kind of you to say so.
C. Yes, of course.
D. I know it's fashionable.

Câu 13: Binh and Mai are in a food stall.

- Binh: "I can't read the menu. I don't have my glasses."

- Mai: " _____ "

- A. I will read it to you.
B. Don't worry, it's cheap.
C. We are going to buy a new pair.
D. What a pity! We can't eat here.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word for each of the blank from 14 to 17.

One of the most important factors of a standardized test is time. You will only be allowed a certain number of minutes for each session, so it is very important that you use your time wisely. The most important time strategy is pacing yourself. Before you begin, take just a few seconds to survey the test, noting the number of questions and the sections (14)_____looks easier than the rest. Then, make a rough time schedule based on the amount of time available to you. Mark your heart waypoint on the test and (15)_____a note beside the mark of the time when the testing period is half over.

Once you begin the test, continue moving. If you work slowly in an attempt to make fewer mistakes, your mind will become (16)_____and begin to wander. You will end up making far more mistakes if you are not concentrating. If you take too long to answer questions that stump you, you may end up running out of time before you finish. So don't stop (17)_____difficult questions. Skip them and move on. You can come back to them later if you have time.

(Adapted from Ngan hang cau hoi trac nghiem Tieng Anh – Luu Hoang Tri)

Câu 14:

- A. when B. where C. that D. what

Câu 15:

- A. use B. find C. make D. do

Câu 16:

- A. boredom B. bore C. boring D. bored

Câu 17:

- A. for B. on C. with D. to

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions from 18 to 19.

Câu 18: Raising hands and waving are some common **non-verbal** forms of communication in daily life.

- A. using body language
B. using signals
C. using words
D. using gestures

Câu 19: To win a place at university, students in the final year must be **hard-working** and purposeful.

- A. learned B. studious C. lazy D. attentive

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word which has the stress pattern different from that of the rest in each of the following questions from 20 to 21.

Câu 20:

- A. active B. decent C. secure D. patient

Câu 21:

- A. government B. attention C. sacrifice D. confidence

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correcting from 22 to 24.

Câu 22: My friend didn't drink any beer since he came to live here.
A B C D

Câu 23: The boy was punished yesterday because he came to class lately.
A B C D

Câu 24: The bridge was being hit by a large ship during a sudden storm last week.
A B C D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions from 25 to 26.

Câu 25: Greeting people at the airport is an **instance** in which we should give out big, obvious non-verbal signals to make them attentive.

- A. attention B. matter
C. place D. situation

Câu 26: When you are in a restaurant, you can nod slightly or catch the waiter's eyes to show that you need assistance.

- A. menu
- B. bill
- C. help
- D. food

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions from 27 to 28.

Câu 27:

- A. safety
- B. atttempt
- C. mistake
- D. nation

Câu 28:

- A. rusheded
- B. workeded
- C. joineded
- D. misseded

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 29 to 32.

For many American university students, the weeklong spring break holiday means an endless party on a sunny beach in Florida or Mexico. In Panama City Beach, Florida, a city with a permanent population of around 36,000, more than half a million university students arrive during the month of March to play and party, making it the number one spring break destination in the United States. A weeklong drinking binge is not for anyone, however, and a growing number of American university students have found a way to make spring break matter. For them, joining or leading a group of volunteers to travel locally or internationally and work to solve problems such as poverty, homelessness, or environmental damage makes spring break a unique learning experience that university students can feel good about. Students who participate in alternative spring break projects find them very rewarding. While most university students have to get their degrees before they can start helping people, student volunteers are able to help people now. On the other hand, the accommodations are far from glamorous. Students often sleep on the floor of a school or spend the week camping in tents. But students only pay around \$250 for meals and transportation, which is much less than some of their peers spend to travel to more traditional spring break hotspots.

Alternative spring break trips appear to be growing in popularity at universities across the United States. Students cite a number of reasons for participating. Some appreciate the opportunity to socialize and meet new friends. Others want to exercise their beliefs about people's obligation to serve humanity and make the world a better place. Whatever their reason, these students have discovered something that gives them rich rewards along with a break from schoolwork.

(Adapted from Active skills for Reading: Book 2 by Neil J. Anderson- Thompson, 2007)

Câu 29: According to the text how many university students travel to Panama Beach City every March for spring break?

- A. Around 50,000
- B. Around 36,000
- C. Around 10,000
- D. Around 500,000

Câu 30: The word "them" in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

- A. degrees
- B. students
- C. people
- D. projects

Câu 31: The word "cite" in paragraph 2 probably means _____.

- A. listing
- B. getting
- C. avoiding
- D. inventing

Câu 32: Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a problem that alternative spring break trips try to help solve?

- A. Environment damage
- B. Poverty
- C. Homelessness
- D. Overpopulation

WRITING (6 Sentences- 2 points)

(Thí sinh làm bài trên để kiểm tra)

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same meaning as the sentence printed before it. (1p)

1. *We last practiced yoga two years ago.*

→ We

2. *Ben repaired my computer yesterday.*

→ My computer

3. *"I have never been here before." said Mary.*

→ Mary said.....

4. *My friend asked me "Can I borrow the lawn mower?"*

→ My friend asked me

II. Combine each pair of the sentences as directed. (1p)

5. *The students wrote their answers on the sheets. They submitted them to their teacher.*

→ After the students.....

6. *Many people were walking in the park. Suddenly it rained.*

→ While many people.....

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