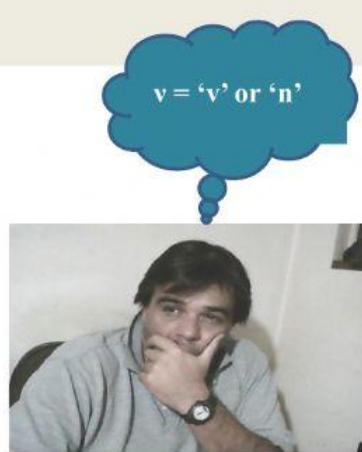
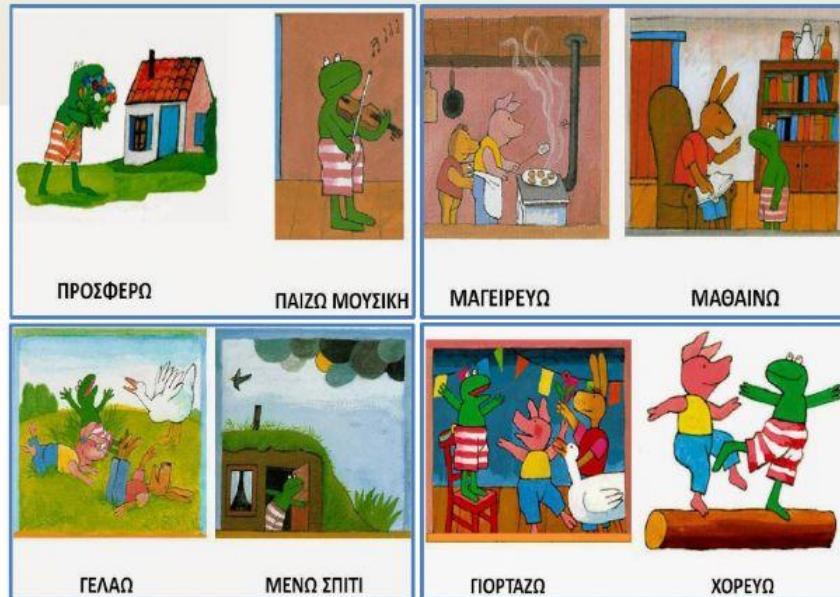


GRAMMAR NEWS

ACTIVE VOICE VERBS IN -Ω



v = 'v' or 'n'



Pronunciation

PLAY THE SOUND

Regular verbs ending in -ω. Can you guess what they mean?

νερό	nero
γάλα	ghala
παρακαλώ	parakalo
ευχαριστώ	efharisto
δύο	theeo
τρία	tria
καλημέρα	kalimera
ποτήρι	potiree
ένα	ena
βιβλίο	vivlio
μολύβι	molivi
τετραδιό	tetrathereo
είναι	eene
έχω	eho
θέλω	thelo

Verbs Conjugation A

VERBS. ACTIVE -Ω, PASSIVE -OMAI

When it comes to forming sentences and thoughts in the Greek language, verbs are one of the most important components! In order to form a verb, we need to change it according to the person(s) they refer to, the number, the tense, the mood, the voice and the conjugation group they belong to. In Greek, verb conjugation means to join a verb stem together with its ending. The endings are changing according to the rules mentioned above. That makes Greek verb conjugation simply, a set of verbs that all use the same ending! There are two major conjugation groups: Conjugation A and Conjugation B. Conjugation A includes verbs ending in -ω/Active voice and -ομαι/Passive voice. Most Greek verbs ending -ω. That means that the 1st person singular present ending in -ω.

ACTIVE VOICE Conjugation A

Εγώ	έχω	-ω
Εσύ	έχεις	-εις
Αυτός	έχει	-ει
Αυτή		
Αυτό		
Εμείς	έχουμε	-ουμε
Εσείς	έχετε	-ετε
Αυτοί	έχουν	-ουν
Αυτές		
Αυτά		(-ουνε)

MOST IMPORTANT VERBS TO KNOW IN GREEK LANGUAGE

είμαι – to be
έχω – to have
κάνω – to do, to make
πηγαίνω – to go
έρχομαι – to come
λέω – to say, to tell
περιπατώ – to walk
βάζω – to put (on), to place

μένω – to stay, to live
μιλάω (μιλώ) – to speak/to talk
μπορώ – can
θέλω – to want
ξέρω – to know
δίνω – to give
παίρνω – to take, to get
κλείνω – to close

ρωτώ – to ask
ζητώ – to ask for
κρατώ – to hold, to keep
φέρω – to bring
ακούω – to listen, to hear
περνώ – to pass, to cross, to drop by
γυρίζω – to turn, to return, to come back
πιάνω – to touch, to catch, to reach

EXERCISES

1. Fill the sentences with the correct conjugation

ACTIVE VOICE VERBS in -ω

1. Η Μαρία διαβάζει _____ ένα βιβλίο.
2. Εγώ δεν θέλω _____ να πάω στο σχολείο.
3. Το παιδί λέει _____ τα κάλαντα.
4. Εσύ έχεις _____ μάθημα.