

# HSK 2 Lesson 1 text 1 worksheets A (e-c)

## 12 Matching questions

- |                          |                              |                                |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | to feel; to think            | A. 要 (yào <sup>1-12 of</sup> ) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | (At) what time/when?         | B. 最好 (zuihǎo)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | had better; best             | C. 最 (zuì)                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | month                        | D. 冷 (lěng)                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | month                        | E. 什么时候 (shénme shíhou)        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | most, to the greatest extent | F. 旅游 (lǚyóu)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | to want, would like to       | G. 也 (yě)                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | cold                         | H. 天气 (tiānqì)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | time + moment                | I. 北京 (Běijīng)                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Beijing                      | J. 觉得 (juéde)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | to travel, to take a trip    | K. 时候 (shíhou)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | weather                      | L. 月 (yuè)                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | also, too                    |                                |

### 5 Multiple choice questions

Definition

time · moment

- 最好 (zuihǎo)
- 觉得 (juéde)
- 天气 (tiānqì)
- 时候 (shíhòu)

Definition

had better; best

- 时候 (shíhòu)
- 九月 (jiǔ yuè)
- 觉得 (juéde)
- 最好 (zuihǎo)

Definition

to want, would like to

- 要 (yào)
- 也 (yě)
- 旅游 (lǚyóu)
- 最 (zuì)

Term

九月 (jiǔ yuè)

- Beijing
- had better; best
- weather
- September

Definition

neither cold nor hot

- 旅游 (lǚyóu)
- 不冷也不热 (bù lěng yě bú rè)
- 要 (yào)
- 什么时候 (shénme shíhòu)

### 5 True/False questions

Definition

cold

Term

冷 (lěng)

- True
- False

Term

月 (yuè)

Definition

to go

- True
- False

Definition

(At) what time/when?

Term

时候 (shíhòu)

- True
- False

Definition

Beijing

Term

天气 (tiānqì)

- True
- False

Definition

most, to the greatest extent

Term

要 (yào)

- True
- False

Listen to audio and put the words in right order (by 1,2,3.....) :

- |  |                         |
|--|-------------------------|
| [     ] 旅游 to travel, to take a trip   | [     ] 为什么 why         |
| [     ] 觉得 to feel; to think           | [     ] 也 also, too     |
| [     ] 最 most, to the greatest extent | [     ] 去 to go         |
| [     ] 要 to want, would like to       | [     ] 热 hot           |
| [     ] 月 month                        | [     ] 时候 time, moment |

[ ] 冷 cold	[ ] 最好 had better; best
[ ] 天气 weather	[ ] 九月 September
[ ] 什么时候(At) what time/when?	[ ] 北京 Beijing
[ ] 不冷也不热 neither cold nor hot	

### 12 Written questions

Term

为什么 (wèishénme)

Definition

neither cold nor hot

Definition

to go

Definition

September

Term

最好 (zuihǎo)

Term

旅游 (lǚyóu)

Definition

Beijing

Term

要 (yào)

Term

冷 (lěng)

Definition

also, too

Definition

weather

Definition

most, to the greatest extent



### Vocabulary expansion

#### Vocabulary list:

要 (yào) to want; would like to	觉得 (juéde) to feel; to think
旅游 (lǚyóu) to travel; to take a trip	为什么(wèishénme) why
最 (zuì) most, to the greatest extent	也 (yě) also, too

Please provide pinyin to the red highlighted words and translate the sentences into English:

旅游



Nǐ qù nǎ'ér \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
你去哪儿 旅游？

Wǒ \_\_\_\_\_ qù běijīng \_\_\_\_\_  
我 要 去 北京 旅游。

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “旅游”

觉得



Wǒ \_\_\_\_\_ bù hǎo.  
我 觉得 不好。

Nǐ \_\_\_\_\_ jīntiān lěng ma?  
你 觉得 今天 冷 吗?

Nǐ \_\_\_\_\_ shénme shíhòu qù \_\_\_\_\_ hǎo?  
你 觉得 什么 时候 去 最 好?

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “觉得”

为什么



Nǐ \_\_\_\_\_ qù běijīng \_\_\_\_\_?  
你 为什么 要 去 北京 旅游?

Nǐ \_\_\_\_\_ bù xǐhuān tā?  
你 为什么 不 喜欢 他?

Tā jīntiān \_\_\_\_\_ bú qù xuéxiào?  
他 今天 为什么 不 去 学校?

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “为什么”

也

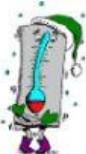
Wǒ jiǔ yuè \_\_\_\_\_ qù běijīng \_\_\_\_\_.  
我 九月 也 要 去 北京 旅游。

Shí yuè de tiānqì \_\_\_\_\_ hǎo, bù lěng \_\_\_\_\_ bù rè.  
十 月 的 天 气 最 好, 不 冷 也 不 热。

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “也”

最 means the first among things of the same kind or in a certain aspect

最



Wǒ \_\_\_\_\_ xǐhuān xiǎo gǒu.  
我 最 喜欢 小 狗。

Tā \_\_\_\_\_ píngguǒ \_\_\_\_\_ hào chī.  
他 觉得 苹果 最 好吃。

Wǒ \_\_\_\_\_ jiǔ yuè qù běijīng \_\_\_\_\_ hǎo.  
我 觉得 九月 去 北京 旅游 最 好。

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “最”

要

Wǒ de gǒu \_\_\_ qù běijīng \_\_\_.

我的狗也要去北京旅游。

Míngtiān xiàwǔ wǒmen \_\_\_ kàn diànyǐng

明天下午我们要看电影。

\_\_\_ nǐ \_\_\_ mǎi zhège diànnǎo?

为什么你要买这个电脑?

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “要”

### Language Points

We learned “想 xiǎng - to want, would like to, to think” before, let's compare

#### 要 yào VS 想 xiǎng

The Auxiliary Verb “要”

The Modal Verb “想”

used before a verb, it indicates the desire to do something.

used before a verb to express a hope or plan

Both “要 yào” and “想 xiǎng” can express personal wishes and intentions

When “要 yào” and “想 xiǎng” express personal wishes and plans, their tone is different.

想 xiǎng : The tone is weaker, thinking, planning, not necessarily doing.  
不想 bù xiǎng : don't want to.

要 yào : The tone is very firm, expressing a strong desire, a decision, a determination.

不要 bú yào : Used to ban others.

The negative form of 要 yào is 不想 bù xiǎng

Exercise:

Translate the following sentences into English and pay attention to “要 yào”, “想 xiǎng” and 不想 bù xiǎng:

Nǐ \_\_\_ chī mǐfàn ma?

1) A: 你 要 吃 米饭 吗?

Wǒ \_\_\_ chī mǐfàn.

B: 我 不 想 吃 米饭。

Wǒ \_\_\_ qù běijīng lǚyóu, nǐ qù ma?

2) A: 我 要 去 北京 旅游, 你去吗?

Wǒ \_\_\_ qù běijīng, wǒ \_\_\_ qù shànghǎi.

B: 我 不 想 去 北京, 我 想 去 上海。

Listening and put the words in right order (by 1,2,3...), there are more words provided than in the audio:

是 [ ]      旅游 [ ]      最 [ ]      游旅 [ ]  
要 [ ]      也 [ ]      要 [ ]      觉得 [ ]  
巾 [ ]      觅得 [ ]      为什么 [ ]      为什么 [ ]  
蕞 [ ]      旅游 [ ]      为叶么 [ ]      晏 [ ]

Listening to the audi 3 times and translate the text into English:

Wǒ yào qù Běijīng lǚyóu, nǐ juéde

A: 我要去北京旅游，你觉得

shénme shíhou qù zuì hǎo?

什么时候去最好？

Jiǔ yuè qù Běijīng lǚyóu zuì hǎo.

B: 九月去北京旅游最好。

Wèi shénme?

A: 为什么？

Jiǔ yuè de Běijīng tiānqì bù lěng yě bú rè.

B: 九月的北京天气不冷也不热。

Listen to the audio and write down what you hear in Chinese and answer the questions:

1.

Question : \_\_\_\_\_

Answer : \_\_\_\_\_

2.

Question : \_\_\_\_\_

Answer : \_\_\_\_\_

3.

Question : \_\_\_\_\_

Answer : \_\_\_\_\_

4.

Question : \_\_\_\_\_

Answer : \_\_\_\_\_