

UNIT 4

MUSIC AND ARTS

A. PHONETICS

I. Put the words into the correct columns.

musician special pleasure sure occasion show sugar usually machine
 television oocean leisure champagne station provision dishwasher
 delicios tradition decision treasure garage brochure

/j/	/3/
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

II. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently.

- a. dishi b. sugar c. shoes d. sing
- a. vision b. pressure c. washer d. machine
- a. division b. occasion c. leisure d. ensure
- a. chauffer b. shampoo c. children d. cashier
- a. exhibition b. revision c. anxious d. social

III. Underline the words with the sound /j/ and circle the words with the sound /3/.

- Famous musicians usually perform this song.
- There is a program on television about removing rubbish from rivers.
- The garage is not far from the bus station.
- She made the decision to get a bed spread with striped sheets.
- The physician is anxious about the living conditions of his patient.

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Write the correct word under each picture.

portrait puppet saxophone violin cello drum painting guitar



- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____



5. _____ 6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____

II. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

musician singer actress composer comedian artist pianist

1. TruyenKieu is written by the great _____ Nguyen Du.
2. Celine Dion is a Canadian _____. She sang the song *My heart will go on*.
3. Mozart was an Austrian classical _____. He wrote over 600 pieces of music.
4. Every joke the _____ made was greeted with gales of laughter.
5. Vietnamese _____ Dang Thai Son studied piano in Moscow.
6. The _____ is playing some sad tune on his saxophone.
7. This young _____ is currently exhibiting his work at the gallery.
8. American _____ Selena Gomez starred in the film *Another Cinderella Story*.

III. Complete the sentences with the correct tense or form of the verbs in the box.

play draw compose paint
take perform exhibit sing

1. Mozart _____ his first piece of music when he was five years old.
2. She usually _____ in water colour.
3. We all _____ 'Happy Birthday' to her.
4. Most pupils learn _____ a musical instrument.
5. We _____ many of his works at our gallery so far.
6. Rosie _____ an elephant and coloured it in.
7. My brother enjoys _____ photos of the nature and landscape.
8. The band _____ live at the Central Park tomorrow.

IV. Complete each sentence with *as... as* and the adjective or adverb in the box.

relaxing convenient hot deep
dangerous quickly frequently boring

1. This summer is not _____ last summer.
2. The river isn't _____ it looks.
3. For me, lying on the beach is not _____ walking in the mountain.
4. A smartphone send messages _____ a laptop.
5. This gym is not _____ the one near my house.
6. I think travelling by airplane is not _____ travelling by car.

7. I hope his new movie isn't _____ his last one.
8. Adam doesn't exercise _____ he used to.

V. Choose the correct option for each of the following sentences.

1. What is the _____ month of the year in Vietnam? (hot, hotter, hottest)
2. Hawaii is _____ from Hong Kong than Japan. (far, farther, farthest)
3. Mozart is as _____ as Beethoven. (famous, more famous, most famous)
4. Which is _____, grammar or vocabulary? (important, more important, most important)
5. Who is the _____ person in your family? (powerful, more powerful, most powerful)
6. Their house is three times as _____ as ours. (big, bigger, biggest)
7. Susan is much _____ with children than her sister is. (patient, more patient, most patient)
8. Ann does not swim so _____ as her coach claims. (quickly, more quickly, most quickly)

VI. Rewrite each of the following sentences using *different from* or *the same as*.

1. Their results and our results are different.
Their results are different from our results.

2. The price of the scarf and the price of the gloves are the same.
The price of the scarf is the same as the price of the gloves.

3. This house and your last house are different.

4. The child's height and the height of the table are the same.

5. Jane and her sister are very different.

6. This cake and that cake taste the same.

7. Food in San Francisco and food in New Orleans are different.

8. His shoes and my shoes are the same.

9. American English and British English are slightly different.

10. People say I and my mother look just the same.

VII. Complete the sentence with *as*, *than* or *from*.

1. The blue car is as fast _____ the red car.
2. Physics is more difficult _____ history.

3. Animals feel pain the same _____ we do
4. Life in the country is very different _____ life in the city.
5. He's not really _____ tall as he looks on TV.
6. This classroom is a lot nicer _____ the one we had last year.
7. London was different _____ most European capitals.
8. Driving a boat is not the same _____ driving a car.

VIII. Complete the second sentence using the word in brackets.

1. Cycling is faster than walking. (as)
Walking _____
2. This tea doesn't taste the same as the one I usually drink. (from)
This tea _____
3. Money is not as important as health. (than)
Health _____
4. His new guitar isn't different from his old one. (as)
His new guitar _____
5. Everest is higher than K2. (as)
K2 _____
6. Oil painting is not the same as pencil painting. (from)
Oil painting _____
7. Yesterday's exam wasn't as short as today's. (than)
Today's exam _____
8. Your idea is different from mine. (as)
Your idea _____

IX. Complete the sentences with *too* or *either*.

1. I don't really like tomatoes. My brother doesn't like them _____.
2. My sister enjoys Korean movies, and she likes watching K-Pop _____.
3. He didn't say anything, and I didn't _____.
4. I don't speak French and Sarah doesn't speak French _____.
5. Danny is really tired and I am tired _____.
6. They don't like Rock and Roll music, and we don't like it _____.
7. French is a difficult language to learn. Latin is a difficult language to learn _____.
8. Helen's got a lovely voice, and she's a good dancer _____.

X. Fill in each blank with a suitable preposition.

1. Karen Carpenter is famous _____ the song *Top of the world*.
2. This rock band is playing _____ the Central Club.
3. I love his painting _____ the old Ha Noi streets.
4. We can watch the concert live _____ TV.
5. I'm very interested _____ pop music.

6. The puppets are made _____ wood and then painted.
7. My friend is very good _____ drawing things.
8. The water puppet show is _____ 57B Dinh Tien Hoang St., Hoan Kiem Dist.

C. SPEAKING

I. Write questions for the underlined parts.

1. A: _____
B: I like pop music.
2. A: _____
B: My favourite song is Thriller.
3. A: _____
B: My mother's favourite composer is Trinh Cong Son.
4. A: _____
B: Water puppetry began in the 11th century.
5. A: _____
B: Alex goes to the Art Club twice a week.
6. A: _____
B: I don't like horror movies because I don't like the feeling of being scared.
7. A: _____
B: She has painted for more than five years.
8. A: _____
B: Dong Ho paintings are made in Dong Ho Village.

II. Put the dialogue into the correct order.

- ___ I enjoy Rock and R&B.
- ___ Perfect reason! Can you play any musical instrument?
- ___ Like what, for instance?
- ___ 1 ___ What type of music do you like listening to?
- ___ I like the kinds of instruments that they use.
- ___ Why do you like that type of music?
- ___ I like listening to different kinds of music.
- ___ Thank you. That's very kind of you.
- ___ Wow! You are so talented!
- ___ Yes, I can play electric guitar and drums.

D. READING

I. Fill in each blank with a word from the box.



leaves

long

north

artists

printed

decoration

layer

talk

Dong Ho Painting is a kind of Vietnamese (1) _____ painting originating in Dong Ho Village, Bac Ninh Province. Dong Ho paintings have about 300 years of history in the (2) _____ of Vietnam.

Dong Ho pictures are (3) _____ on a special kind of Dzo paper. The printing paper is made of bark of a tree called "Dzo". Colours of the painting are refined from various kinds of tree (4) _____, which people can easily find in Vietnam. Traditional (5) _____ use all-natural colours for their pictures: burnt bamboo leaves for black, cajuput leaves for green, copper rust for blue, etc. The painting is covered by a (6) _____ of sticky rice paste to protect the painting and their colours. They are so (7) _____ lasting, so that it is very difficult to make them dimmer even time or daylight.

Vietnamese people used to buy Dong Ho pictures for (8) _____ during Tet.

II. Read the text carefully then decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

Many students listen to music while they are studying, and say that it helps them learn. Many parents and teachers say that music is just distracting, and that students are better studying in silence. Who is right?

In a study, some scientists asked three groups of students to listen to a piece of music by Mozart or a relaxation tape for ten minutes, or just sit in silence for ten minutes. The students then did a 'spatial reasoning' test (a test about remembering shapes and imagining looking at objects from different directions), and the ones who had listened to the Mozart did better in the test.

Taking part in musical activities and learning to play an instrument can improve verbal memory (the ability to remember words). The longer the training lasts, the better the improvement in the memory. So, there's no excuse to give up the piano lessons!

1. Many students think it's helpful to listen to music when studying.
2. Teachers say music helps students to better concentrate.
3. The students who had listened to Mozart did better in the spatial reasoning test.
4. Listening to Mozart music will not make you smarter.
5. Music training helps to improve memory.

E. WRITING

I. Arrange the words to make sentences.

1. who/more/don't/attentive/arts/students/than/study/those/who/are/.

2. father/don't/either/and/horror/watches/my/never/films/I/.

3. you/think/as/classical/do/is/music/exciting/Rockand Roll/as/?

4. performance/the/is/next/about/very/anxious/musician/the/.

5. sister/interested/ is/ boring/find/I/drawing/my/in/ but/ it/.

6. music/your/kind/what/favourite/is/of/?

II. Write the second sentences so that it has the same meaning to the first one.

1. Her phone is not the same as mine.

→ Her phone is _____

2. I think rock music is more popular than jazz.

→ I think jazz music isn't _____

3. Do you like seeing a water puppet show?

→ Are you _____

4. They perform the water puppet show in a pool.

→ The water puppet show _____

5. The last time I spoke to David was at Christmas.

→ I haven't _____

6. Nobody wanted to go, so they cancelled the school trip.

→ They cancelled _____

7. Jim doesn't play the saxophone as well as his brother.

→ Jim's brother plays _____

8. What is your favourite kind of music?

→ What kind _____

TEST FOR UNIT 4

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a. <u>a</u> ctor | b. <u>p</u> ainting | c. <u>a</u> nthem | d. <u>g</u> allery |
| 2. a. <u>d</u> ecide | b. <u>e</u> xciting | c. <u>e</u> xhibit | d. <u>o</u> rganise |
| 3. a. <u>e</u> ducated | b. <u>p</u> layed | c. <u>r</u> ecycled | d. <u>c</u> hanged |
| 4. a. <u>c</u> ello | b. <u>c</u> hoose | c. <u>k</u> itchen | d. <u>c</u> oncert |
| 5. a. <u>s</u> ugar | b. <u>c</u> losure | c. <u>s</u> hare | d. <u>a</u> nxious |

II. Choose the odd one out.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------|
| 1. a. music | b. cello | c. guitar | d. drums |
| 2. a. actor | b. artist | c. painting | d. singer |
| 3. a. cello | b. violin | c. saxophone | d. guitar |
| 4. a. jazz | b. pop | c. rock | d. anthem |
| 5. a. The Spice Girls | b. Gangnam Style | c. The Beatles | d. ABBA |

III. Choose the best answer a, b, c, or d to complete the sentence.

1. His Jacket is almost the same colour _____ mine.

- | | | | |
|---------|-------|-------|--------|
| a. with | b. as | c. to | d. for |
|---------|-------|-------|--------|

2. Water puppetry began _____ the 11th century.
a.in b. on c.at d.from
3. The _____ is rather older now; however, his acting ability has never been better.
a. composer b. actress c.artist d. actor
4. Janna can't play the piano, and Carol can't play it _____.
a. either b. too c.neither d. as well
5. Juan and Patricia are not the same height Juan is _____ Patricia.
a. as tall as b. not as tall as c. more tall than d. not tall than
6. Saxophones are used mainly for _____ jazz music.
a. composing b. taking c.playing d. writing
7. I went to the 3D _____ last weekend. The paintings were excellent!
a. movie theater b. concert hall c. opera house d.art museum
8. _____ I'm not a fan of country music, I thoroughly enjoyed his lively performance.
a. Although b. Because c.As d. However
9. _____ does a water puppet show take place? ~ In a pool.
a. What b. When c.How d. Where
10. Which is the national anthem of Vietnam?
a. Tieu Doan 307 b.Chien si Viet Nam c. TienQuanCa d. Tienve Ha Noi

IV. Write the correct tense or form of the verbs in brackets.

1. My home town _____ (change) a lot in the recent years.
2. Please, stop! You _____ (drive) so fast.
3. The paintings _____ (make) on Dzo paper with natural colours.
4. Yesterday I _____ (go) to the centre and _____ (see) an exhibition.
5. As soon as I _____ (finish) painting my room, I'll paint the kitchen.
6. I _____ (be) to England three times so far.
7. The children _____ (not be) at home last Sunday.
8. Do you think we _____ (write) a test tomorrow?
9. Are you interested in _____ (do) community service?
10. Some teenage girls volunteered _____ (work) at the local hospital.

V. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. *Avatar* is probably the _____ film I've ever seen! (bad)
2. A dancer must throw her heart and soul into every _____. (perform)
3. I think *Men in Black 1* was as _____ as *Men in Black 3*. (excite)
4. Although John and Andrew look exactly alike, they act quite _____. (different)
5. Dong Ho paintings are made with _____ colours. (nature)
6. His friends are all _____ - they're painters, musicians, and writers. (art)
7. He later became a famous jazz _____ playing saxophone. (music)
8. The problems seemed so small and _____. (important)

VI. There is one mistake in each sentence. Underline and correct the mistake.

1. A lot of people are good artists and they are successfully in life.
2. Music promote creativity, social development, and personality.
3. The *Mona Lisa* is a portrait paint by the Italian artist Leonardo da Vinci.
4. Your violin is the same with the one I've just bought.
5. My mother doesn't like rock music and I don't too.
6. The weather of Hong Kong is different from that of Canada's.
7. How long do you go to the movies? - Twice a month.
8. The weather today is not so hot as it is yesterday.

VII. Match the questions with the answers.

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 1. What is your favourite kind of music? | a. Let's go to the 3D Art Gallery. |
| 2. What shall we do this weekend? | b. Comedy. |
| 3. Who is your favourite actor? | c. No, I don't. |
| 4. Do you like country music? | d. Gangnam Style. |
| 5. What kind of this show? | e. Pop music. |
| 6. You love dancing, don't you? | f. Jackie Chan. |
| 7. Do you enjoy horror films? | g. Yes. I love singing too. |
| 8. Which Korean performance do you like? | h. No, I like rock music. |

VIII. Choose the word which best fits each gap.

While art may not be vital to fulfill our basic needs, it does make life (1) _____. When you look at a painting or poster hang on your living room wall, you feel happy. The sculpture on the kitchen windowsill create a (2) _____ of joy. These varieties of art forms that we are surrounded by all come (3) _____ to create the atmosphere that we want to live in.

Just like art, music can make life extremely joyful and can have a huge effect (4) _____ our mood. If you have something hard or difficult to work on or are feeling tired, an energetic song will likely (5) _____ you up and add some enthusiasm to the situation. Similarly when stress is high, many people find that relaxing to calming music is (6) _____ that eases the mind.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| 1. a. boring | b. beautiful | c. joyful | d. helpful |
| 2. a. sense | b. feel | c. cause | d. way |
| 3. a. away | b. along | c. down | d. together |
| 4. a. on | b. in | c. at | d. of |
| 5. a. take | b. wake | c. pick | d. bring |
| 6. a. something | b. anything | c. everything | d. nothing |

IX. Read the text carefully, then answer the questions.

Modern graffiti began in big cities in the United States in the 1970s. One of the first 'taggers' was a teenager called Demetrius. He wrote his tag TAKI 183 on walls and in subway stations in New York. Other teenagers saw Demetrius's tag and started writing their own tags on walls, buses and subway trains all over New York.

Then, some teenagers started writing their tags with aerosol paint. Their tags were bigger and more colourful. Aerosol paint graffiti became very popular in the 1970s and 1980s and appeared on