

Họ, tên thí sinh.....

Số báo danh:

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 1: Hoang found it difficult to be in charge of the household _____.

- A. financial B. financially C. finances D. financier

Question 2. Nobody was harmed in the fire, _____?

- A. was he B. wasn't he C. were they D. weren't they

Question 3: They went out last night and really painted the town _____ - they didn't come home until 5 a.m.

- A. blue B. red C. white D. green

Question 4. Susan is fed _____ with the housework.

- A. of B. up C. at D. on

Question 5 : The media broadcast two different _____ of the news story, which confused the viewers.

- A. dedications B. concessions C. dictations D. versions

Question 6. The player was ejected _____ he committed a foul.

- A. in spite of B. although C. because D. because of

Question 7. His brother bought a _____ as a present for his younger brother two weeks ago.

- A. a modern Japanese racing car B. a Japanese modern racing car
C. a racing Japanese modern car D. a Japanese racing Vietnamese car

Question 8: The friends I _____ in my home town are different from my college friends.

- A. go out with B. get along with
C. hang around with D. stand in for

Question 9: _____, I will repair my old house.

- A. When I had enough money
B. After I have had enough money
C. Before I had enough money
D. As soon as I had enough money

Question 10: At this time last night, she _____ and he was reading the newspaper.

- A. is cooking B. was cooking
C. has cooked D. has been cooking

Question 11: There is no truth in the _____ that Margaret has lost her job.

- A. rumour B. news C. coverage D. gossip

Question 12: It is imperative that we make a _____ decisions.

- A. slow B. quick C. frequent D. graduate

Question 13. The house _____ by professional engineers ten years ago.

- A. Was designed B. designed C. have designed D. had designed

Question 14: _____ the desalination plant, the company could offer an effective solution to the problem of water scarcity.

- A. Being built B. built C. To build D. Having built

Question 15: He spent a year in India and loves spicy food. The hotter the food is, _____ he likes it.

- A. the more and more B. the more
C. The more and more D. the most

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 16: Rachel and Mark are at home.

Rachel: "Can I get you something to drink?"

Mark: "_____. I'm not thirsty."

- A. No, thank you B. Yes please C. You're welcome D. Thank you

Question 17: Molly is talking to her sister about online shopping.

- Molly: "Shopping online is super convenient and trouble-free."

- Molly's sister: "_____. Sometimes a lot of serious problems arise."

- A. That's it B. I take your view C. Absolutely D. That's not entirely true

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 18. A. arrive B. appeare C. recognize D. devastate

Question 19. A. species B. invent C. medicine D. tennis

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 20. A. scenery B. festival C. atmosphere D. location

Question 21. A. parent B. seldom C. unique D. over

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22. The promise of jobs and prosperity pulls people to cities.

- A. education B. employment C. stabilization D. wealth

Question 23. Many of the immigrants have intermarried with the island's original inhabitants.

- A. foreigners B. landlord C. newcomer D. dwellers

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 24. I'd like to pay some money into my bank account.

- A. put some money into B. give some money out
C. leave some money aside D. withdraw some money from

Question 25: In cities, two of the most pressing problems facing the world today also come together: poverty and environmental degradation.

- A. destruction B. poisoning C. pollution D. progression

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions

Question 26: I didn't get admitted to Ha Noi Foreign Language University. It would have been fantastic otherwise.

- A. That I got admitted to Ha Noi Foreign Language University was fantastic.
B. If only I gained admission to Ha Noi Foreign Language University.
C. I regretted having been admitted to Ha Noi Foreign Language University.
D. I wish I had gained admission to Ha Noi Foreign Language University.

Question 27: He finally contracted the disease. He was aware of the importance of preventive measures only then.

- A. But for his awareness of the importance of preventive measures, he could have contracted the disease.
B. Hardly had he been aware that preventive measures were essential when he contracted the disease.
C. Not until he was aware of the importance of preventive measures did he contract the disease.
D. Only after he had contracted the disease was he aware that preventive measures were essential.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 28: Time passed very quickly when you get older.

- A B C D

Question 29 : Upon reaching the destination, a number of personnel are expected to change its

- A B C

reservations and proceed to Hawaii.

D

Question 30: Our principal is that everyone has to join hands to do the housework.

A B C D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions

Question 31: Children are not allowed to play football in the streets.

- A. Children may play football in the streets. B. Children mustn't play football in the streets.
C. Children should play football in the streets. D. Children needn't play football in the streets.

Question 32: Tom said, "I'll give you this book back tomorrow, Mary."

- A. Tom told Mary that I would give you that book back the next day.
B. Tom told Mary that he would give her that book back the next day.
C. Tom told Mary that he wouldn't give her that book back the next day.
D. Tom said to Mary that she would give him that book back the next day.

Question 33: Phuong started to study English when he was in secondary school

- A. Phuong was studying English when he was in secondary school.
B. Phuong studied English in secondary school.
C. Phuong has never studied English.
D. Phuong has studied English since he was in secondary school.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each the numbered blanks.

In the 1980s feminism became less popular in the US and there was less (34) _____ in solving the remaining problems, such as the fact that most women still earn much less than men. But American women have more opportunities than anyone thought possible 40 years ago. One of the biggest discrimination is in How people think. Although there is still discrimination, the principle __ (35) _____ should not exist is widely accepted.

Feminism has brought about many changes in the English language. ____ (36) _____ words for job titles that included 'man' have been ____ (37) _____, for example 'police officer' is used instead of 'policeman' and 'chair' or 'chairperson' for 'chairman'. 'He' is now rarely used to refer to a person when the person could be either a man or woman. Instead, he/she, or sometimes (s)he, is preferred. The title Ms is used for women instead of 'Miss' or 'Mrs', since, like 'Mr, it does not show (38) _____ a person is married or not.

Question 34: A. concern

B. interest

C. worry

D. care

Question 35: A. what

B. which

C. that

D. how

Question 36: A. many

B. few

C. little

D. much

Question 37: A. replaced

B. appeared

C. created

D. gave

Question 38: A. either

B. neither

C. whether

D. rather

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Love stories often include people finding partners who seem to have traits that **they** lack, like a good girl falling for a bad boy. In this way, they appear to complement one another. For example, one spouse might be outgoing and funny while the other is shy and serious. It's easy to see how both partners could view the other as ideal – one partner's strengths balancing out the other partner's weaknesses.

The question is whether people actually seek out complementary partners or if that just happens in the movies... There is essentially no research evidence that differences in personality, interests, education, politics, upbringing, religion or other traits lead to greater attraction. For example, in one study researchers found that college students preferred descriptions of mates whose written bios were similar to themselves or their ideal self over those described as complementing themselves.

Despite the overwhelming evidence, why does the myth of heterogamy endure? There's evidence that small differences between spouses can become larger over time. In their self-help book "Reconcilable Differences," psychologists Andrew Christensen, Brian Doss and Neil Jacobson describe how partners move into roles that are complementary over time. For example, if one member of a couple is slightly more humorous than the other, the couple may settle into a pattern in which the slightly-more-funny spouse claims the role of "the funny one" while the slightly-less-funny spouse slots into the role of "the serious one."

In the end, people's attraction to differences is vastly outweighed by our attraction to similarities. People **persist** in thinking opposites attract – when in reality, relatively similar partners just become a bit more complementary as time goes by.

(Source: <https://theconversation.com/>)

Question 39: Which best serves as the title for the passage?

- A. The real reason that opposites attract.
- B. A little tension can sometimes be a good thing.
- C. Why are we so sure opposites attract?
- D. Filling in my weak spots with your strengths.

Question 40: The word "they" in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

- A. traits
- B. people
- C. stories
- D. partners

Question 41: According to paragraph 2, what is the answer concerning the validity of "opposites attract"

- A. It turns out to be pure fiction.
- B. There are many documented cases.
- C. The possibility cannot be denied.
- D. It is a scientifically proven fact.

Question 42: According to paragraph 3, what is the stated reason for people's belief in "opposites attract" theory?

- A. Partners consciously find way to differentiate themselves from each other.
- B. Partners grow more complementary with each other over time.
- C. People want to seek for the other half that is more perfect than themselves.
- D. Human's tendency to become the better version of themselves.

Question 43: The word "persist" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. endure
- B. patient
- C. linger
- D. insist

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Improving girls' educational levels has been demonstrated to have clear impacts on the health and economic future of young women, which in turn improves the prospects of their entire community. The infant mortality rate of babies whose mothers have received primary education is half that of children whose mothers are illiterate. In the poorest countries of the world, 50% of girls do not attend secondary school. Yet, research shows that every extra year of school for girls increases their lifetime income by 15%. Improving female education, and thus the earning potential of women, improves the standard of living for their own children, as women invest more of their income in their families than men do. Yet, many **barriers** to education for girls remain. In some African countries, such as Burkina Faso, girls are unlikely to attend school for such basic reasons as a lack of private latrine facilities for girls.

Higher attendance rates of high schools and university education among women, particularly in developing countries, have helped them **make inroads to** professional careers with better-paying salaries and wages. Education increases a woman's (and her partner and the family's) level of health and health awareness. Furthering women's levels of education and advanced training also tends to lead to later ages of initiation of sexual activity and first intercourse, later age at first marriage, and later age at first childbirth, as well as an increased likelihood to remain single, have no children, or have no formal marriage and alternatively, have increasing levels of long-term partnerships. **It** can lead to higher rates of barrier and chemical contraceptive use (and a lower level of sexually transmitted infections among women and their partners and children), and can increase the level of resources available to women who divorce or are in a situation of domestic violence. It has been shown, in addition, to increase women's communication with their partners and their employers, and to improve rates of civic participation such as voting or the holding of office.

Question 44. What can be the best title of the reading passage?

- A. Education and Women's Empowerment
- B. Female Education and Social Benefits
- C. Woman's Rights to Lifelong Education
- D. Education and Violence Against Women

Question 45. Which of the following statements is True according to the first paragraph?

- A. Many children in Asia have died because of their mother's ignorance
- B. Children whose mother are illiterate are unable to grow healthily
- C. The higher their education level is, the more money women earn
- D. It is their husbands who make women improve their education level

Question 46. The word "**barriers**" in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. challenges B. problems C. difficulties D. limits

Question 47. The word "**It**" in the passage refers to _____.

- A. furthering women's levels of education and advanced training
- B. higher attendance rates of high schools and university education
- C. increasing levels of long-term partnership
- D. a woman's level of health and health awareness

Question 48. The phrase "**make inroads into**" in the passage can be best replaced with _____.

- A. make progress in B. celebrate achievement in
C. succeed in taking D. take the chance in

Question 49. According to the passage, furthering women's levels of education and advanced training does not result in _____.

- A. an increased level of health awareness for the husbands
- B. an increased likelihood to remain single among women
- C. higher rates of barrier and chemical contraceptive use
- D. improved rates of civic participation among women

Question 50. It is implied in the first paragraph that _____.

- A. the husband in a family takes little responsibility in rearing the children
- B. the mother in a family makes every effort to raise the children effectively
- C. the children's standard of living largely depends on their mother's income
- D. there are numerous reasons for women not to come to class worldwide

