

Vocabulary

Personality

1 Complete the sentences with an appropriate adjective. The first letter of each adjective has been provided.

- 1 I haven't seen Fred smile all day. He's really **g**_____.
- 2 Emma never hesitates when there's a choice to make. She's very **d**_____.
- 3 You can always trust Roy to do what he says. He's so **r**_____.
- 4 Karen isn't at all shy. In fact I'd say that she's very **o**_____.
- 5 Our teacher is extremely **p**_____ and doesn't mind repeating explanations again and again.
- 6 Janet's youngest son is **f**_____ and won't eat anything apart from chicken and burgers!
- 7 Harry was **r**_____ to Jane this morning. He said that she'd put on a lot of weight!
- 8 I'm quite **s**_____ and I often cry when I hear sad news on the TV.

Phrasal verbs

2 Make two or three part phrasal verbs from the words in the table. Then match them to their meaning below.

carry	forward	with
look	up	to
come	on	with
get	up	to
leave	out	with
look	up	to
show	off	with
put	on	

- 1 tolerate put up with
- 2 have a (good) relationship with somebody _____
- 3 anticipate with excitement _____
- 4 admire and respect _____
- 5 boast _____
- 6 continue _____
- 7 think of something _____
- 8 ignore or not include somebody/something _____

3 Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the phrasal verbs in exercise 2.

- 1 I don't know why you put up with his behaviour. You should tell him not to be so rude!
- 2 If Chris _____ spending money like that, he'll end up in debt.
- 3 Who do you _____? Some people find inspiration in an older relative and others find it in a public figure who has achieved great things.
- 4 I'm really _____ my birthday this year. I'm going to New York with my husband!
- 5 She feels _____ because the kids in her class won't play with her.
- 6 When we were little my sister and I didn't _____ each other at all, but, as we've got older, we've become really close.
- 7 The children always start _____ when their friends come over to play. It's really irritating.
- 8 We really need to _____ some new ideas for the book; something exciting and different. Any thoughts?

Word formation

4 For questions 1–8 read the sentences below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of the lines to form a word that fits into the gap.

1 is a big problem in most of the major cities in the world.	HOMELESS
2	My uncle gave me £300 for my birthday and I thanked him for his	GENEROUS
3	The government apologised for its to bring down taxes last year.	FAIL
4	The into the burglary is still continuing.	INVESTIGATE
5	Can I have your in two places on this application form, please?	SIGN
6	The island is very small indeed with only sixty-five	INHABIT
7	When my car broke down in France I phoned my insurance company for	ASSIST
8	There has been a significant in the pollution levels in the city centre over the last five years.	REDUCE

Language focus

Time linkers with past tenses

1 In each of the following sentences one time linker is incorrect. Choose the incorrect linker.

- 1 *Shortly / Once / Not long* after I finished my exams, we moved to another city.
- 2 Last night, *while / whenever / whilst* I was watching TV, Ryan rang me.
- 3 *Soon / Not long / When* after we arrived, I realised I'd forgotten my money.
- 4 Ellen *in the end / finally / eventually* found a present for her sister after a whole day of shopping.
- 5 At first I found English very difficult, *when / but / however* I worked hard and it slowly got better.
- 6 *After / Before / Just* going to the cinema, we can have dinner at that lovely Italian restaurant.
- 7 *During / As / Whilst* I was walking to the café, my friend called and said she was running late.
- 8 She wasn't sure about the trip, but she decided to *go in the end / lastly / eventually*.
- 9 I recognised my old teacher *as soon as / when / just* I saw her at the reunion.

2 Complete the following sentences with an appropriate form of the verb in brackets.

- 1 The team struggled to reach a decision, but they _____ (come) to an agreement in the end.
- 2 Once I _____ (arrive) at the party, my first thought was to find my old friends and catch up.
- 3 It wasn't long after my mother _____ (emigrate) that she met my father and they were soon married.
- 4 Whilst we _____ (get) angry about being lost, Sumi calmly read the directions again.
- 5 During the trip, I _____ (notice) several people complaining about the driver and the tour company.
- 6 I couldn't make up my mind about the job, but eventually I _____ (decide) to turn it down.
- 7 Whenever we _____ (travel) to the beach for family holidays, I was always too excited to sleep the night before.
- 8 It wasn't until Tom _____ (save) for five years that he had enough money for his dream holiday.

The future

3 Match each of the statements a–h to a description of the use 1–8.

- a We'll have been travelling around Europe for three months on Monday.
- b You should be able to get a good price for your car if you sell it online.
- c I'm going to travel around the world after I finish my exams.
- d We're meeting Simon tonight at 8pm. I'm looking forward to it!
- e We might be able to get there by 4pm, but there's a lot of traffic.
- f I'll be working in the library this afternoon. Perhaps we can meet there?
- g I'll be happier when all the preparations have been finished.
- h I think I'll probably move house next year.

- 1 probability _____
- 2 confirmed arrangements _____
- 3 predictions and expectations _____
- 4 actions which continue up to a point in the future _____
- 5 uncertainty _____
- 6 actions in progress at certain time in the future _____
- 7 intentions or plans _____
- 8 certain to happen _____

4 Choose the correct option in *italics* in the following sentences.

- 1 We *will have been working* / *will be working* on this project for four months on Saturday.
- 2 He *will* / *should* go to Australia for his year out. I think he'd really enjoy it there.
- 3 I *will* / *could* be so relieved when the final exam is over and we can relax.
- 4 I *see* / *'m seeing* Zoe tomorrow morning for coffee. Do you want to come along?
- 5 We *might* / *could* be able to go on a long holiday this year – we've been saving for months.
- 6 I *will be looking* / *will look* after my baby niece this afternoon, so call me in the evening.
- 7 It's *likely* / *should* to be a challenging year ahead but I'm confident we can handle it.
- 8 I'm *going to* / *may* study French next year. I've enrolled on an evening course at my local college.
- 9 He *may* / *going to* start looking for a new job next year, but I think he's undecided.