

What Is a Refugee?

There are many reasons why people leave their home countries. Some people may be looking for better employment. Some might want to explore new parts of the world, or to raise their families elsewhere. Others may move to pursue exciting educational opportunities. This type of voluntary movement from one country to another is called immigration. A person who chooses to move from one country to another to live there permanently is called an immigrant.

Unlike immigrants, some people are forced to leave their home country because of persecution, violence, or war in their home country. These people are called refugees, and they are worried about their safety. To protect themselves, refugees must flee from their home country and resettle in another one. Usually, refugees cannot return to their home countries after they leave because it is unsafe. This is another important difference between refugees and immigrants, as immigrants may return to their home countries if they want to and are able. The last important difference between refugees and immigrants is that refugees cannot be sent back to the country they are fleeing from. Immigrants, however, are subject to their new country's immigration laws. This means immigrants can be turned away from entering a new country.

Refugees come from different countries around the world. In 2019, about 68% of refugees were from only five countries: Syria, Venezuela, Afghanistan, South Sudan, and Myanmar. In the same year, almost half the population of all refugees in the world were made up of children. Where did these refugees end up moving to? Often, the refugees fled to neighboring countries. But in some cases, the refugees moved across oceans to resettle in safer countries. By the end of 2019, Turkey, Colombia, Pakistan, Uganda, and Germany had the largest numbers of refugees.

Once someone has entered a new country in search of safety and protection, the person is not immediately considered a refugee. The country has to legally recognize someone as a refugee before that person can receive full protection. This process can take a long time in some countries, including the United States. When people have fled their home country and are waiting to be recognized as refugees, they are called asylum seekers. Many countries, like the United States, have laws and processes to determine if asylum seekers can become refugees officially. Since 1980, the United States has admitted refugees into the country every year. Refugees can apply to live and work in the United States without fear of being sent back to their home country.

The journeys and lives of refugees are difficult. They must leave their home communities to protect themselves and their families. Global organizations, like the United Nations and Amnesty International, work to support refugees. But countries and cities must also work to support their refugee populations. Refugees bring meaningful contributions to the communities they resettle to, including their homeland's culture and history. In their own search for safety, refugees have become an important part of many communities worldwide.

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS BELOW:

- 1. A person who decides to move to another country is a/an_____.**
 - a. Traveler
 - b. Immigrant
 - c. Voyager

- 2. Immigrants decide to go overseas because of_____.**
 - a. Education
 - b. Exploring new countries and cultures
 - c. A and B are correct

- 3. When someone is forced to leave their home, they're trying to_____**
 - a. Protect
 - b. Run away
 - c. Stay alive

- 4. In 2019, did refugees come from how many countries?**
 - a. 10
 - b. 5
 - c. 2

- 5. According to the text, a refugee is_____**
 - a. A person who can move freely around the world
 - b. A person who flees to a foreign country to escape danger or persecution
 - c. A person that goes on a trip or journey

- 6. Since 1980, what country has admitted more refugees to their homeland?**
 - a. United States of America
 - b. Colombia
 - c. Brazil