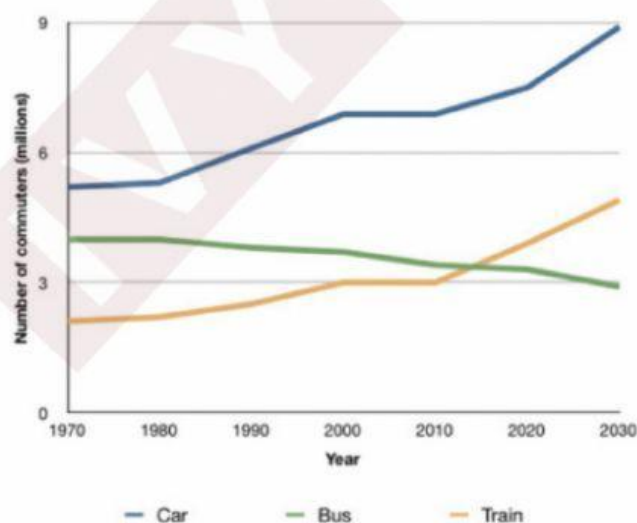


Ex1: Nối các phần trong bài writing task 1 dưới đây với chức năng của nó

Introduction	3-4 câu - Mô tả nhóm thông tin 2
Overview	3-4 câu - Mô tả nhóm thông tin 1
Body 1	Viết lại đề bài theo cách khác (thường có 1 câu)
Body 2	Tóm tắt một hay hai điểm đáng chú ý nhất của biểu đồ

Ex 2: Đọc bài dưới đây và chỉ ra tên các phần của bài

The graph below shows the average number of UK commuters travelling each day by car, bus or train between 1970 and 2030.



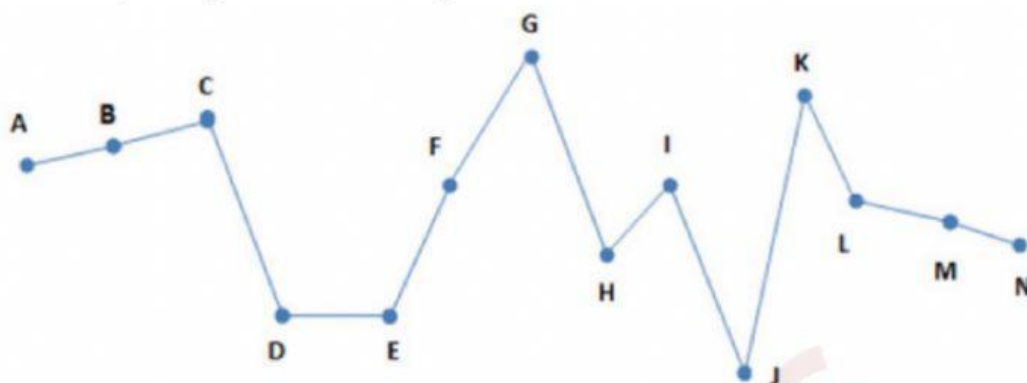
The line graph compares figures for daily travel by workers in the UK using three different forms of transport over a period of 60 years.

It is clear that the car is by far the most popular means of transport for UK commuters throughout the period shown. Also, while the numbers of people who use the car and train increase gradually, the number of bus users falls steadily.

In 1970, around 5 million UK commuters travelled by car on a daily basis, while the bus and train were used by about 4 million and 2 million people respectively. In the year 2000, the number of those driving to work rose to 7 million and the number of commuting rail passengers reached 3 million. However, there was a small drop of approximately 0.5 million in the number of bus users.

By 2030, the number of people who commute by car is expected to reach almost 9 million, and the number of train users is also predicted to rise, to nearly 5 million. By contrast, buses are predicted to become a less popular choice, with only 3 million daily users.

Ex 3: Nối đoạn thẳng với từ mô tả đúng

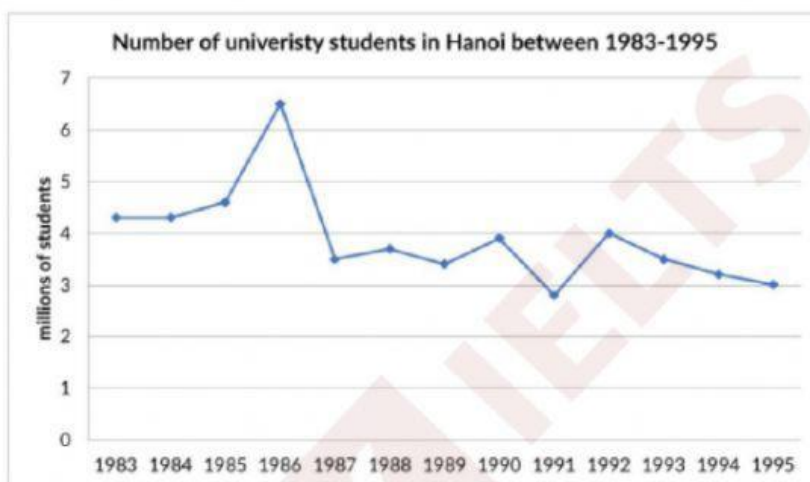


1. A-C
2. C-D
3. D-E
4. E-G
5. G
6. G-L
7. J
8. L-N

- a. remained stable
- b. increased substantially
- c. fell slowly
- d. reached a peak
- e. dropped significantly
- f. rose gradually
- g. hit the lowest point
- h. fluctuated

Ex4: Điền từ dưới vào chỗ trống thích hợp

a fluctuation	decreased gradually	witnessed	peaked
a decline	decreasing to	increased	



The number of students studying at university began at over 4 million in 1983 and then (1)

.....steadily to nearly 5 million in 1985. In the following year, the figure (2)at 6.5 million before (3) 3.5 million in 1987. There was (4) in the number of college students between 1987 and 1990, which was followed by (5)to a low of just under 3 million in 1991. The year 1992 (6) a recovery back to 4 million students, but the figure then (7) to 3 million by the end of the period.