

2B The story behind the photo

1 GRAMMAR past continuous

a Complete the sentences with the verbs in parentheses in the past continuous.

- 1 You were laughing (laugh) when I took the photo.
- 2 It _____ (snow) when our plane landed.
- 3 We _____ (not drive) fast when the accident happened.
- 4 What _____ (he / do) when his boss arrived?
- 5 Why _____ (you / cry) at the party?
- 6 I _____ (sit) on the bus when I saw my boss.
- 7 They _____ (live) in Brazil when their first child was born.
- 8 He didn't call you because his cell phone _____ (not work).

b Write sentences with *when*. Use the simple past and past continuous.

- 1 They / argue / the waiter / bring / the check
They were arguing when the waiter brought the check.



- 2 He / fall / off his bike / cycle / home



- 3 The children / play / video games / the guests / arrive



- 4 We / have / a barbecue / it / start / to rain



- 5 I / finish / my report / my computer / crash



c Complete the story with the simple past or past continuous.

Last summer, I ¹ went (go) to Los Angeles to stay with my cousin for a few weeks. One afternoon, we ² _____ (have) lunch in a nice restaurant when my cousin ³ _____ (get) a call on her cell phone and went outside to talk. While she ⁴ _____ (speak) to her friend, I suddenly ⁵ _____ (notice) a man in a black hat who ⁶ _____ (sit) at the next table. It was the actor Johnny Depp! He was alone, and I ⁷ _____ (decide) to take my chance. So I got up and ⁸ _____ (go) to his table. "Excuse me, could I have my photo taken with you?" I asked. He ⁹ _____ (say) yes, so I ¹⁰ _____ (stop) a waitress who ¹¹ _____ (pass) by and gave her my camera. She ¹² _____ (take) the photo of me and Johnny. I thanked them both, and then I returned to my table. When my cousin ¹³ _____ (come) back, I ¹⁴ _____ (smile). "Why are you looking so happy?" she asked. "I had my photo taken with Johnny Depp." "Johnny Depp? Where is he?" "He's sitting over there. Look!" She turned around to look and then started to laugh. "That's not Johnny Depp!" I ¹⁵ _____ (look) at the man in the black hat – he ¹⁶ _____ (laugh), too.

3C What's the word?

1 GRAMMAR defining relative clauses

a Match the beginnings and ends of the sentences.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 That's the hotel | ☒ |
| 2 I need a cellphone | ☐ |
| 3 My mom is the only person | ☐ |
| 4 I love the picture | ☐ |
| 5 That bus is the one | ☐ |
| 6 Indio is the Californian town | ☐ |
| 7 David Hockney is the artist | ☐ |
| 8 That's the restaurant | ☐ |

- a that has a good camera.
b that my brother takes to work.
c that serves fresh fish.
d who remembers my birthday.
e who painted *Mr. & Mrs. Clarke*.
f where we spent our honeymoon.
g where they have the Coachella Music Festival.
h that is on the wall of your room.

b Complete the sentences with *who*, *that*, or *where*.

- Do you know the man who lives next door?
- That's the gallery _____ had the Leonardo da Vinci exhibition.
- Are those the people _____ are selling their house?
- Do you know a good restaurant _____ is open on Sunday night?
- Is that the bus _____ goes to the airport?
- We walked past the school _____ their children go.
- She's the woman _____ everyone is talking about.
- I took my laptop back to the store _____ I bought it.
- Santiago is the city _____ I lived as a child.
- Is there someone _____ can speak Arabic in your class?

2 VOCABULARY expressions for paraphrasing: *like, for example, etc.*

Complete the sentences for explaining words.

- | | |
|-------------------|---|
| 1 <i>cheap</i> | It's the <i>opposite</i> of <i>generous</i> . |
| 2 <i>cardigan</i> | It's a <i>k</i> _____ of sweater. |
| 3 <i>smart</i> | It's <i>s</i> _____ to <i>intelligent</i> . |
| 4 <i>slim</i> | It's <i>l</i> _____ <i>thin</i> , but it's more polite. |
| 5 <i>souvenir</i> | It's <i>s</i> _____ you buy to remind you of your vacation. |
| 6 <i>sunbathe</i> | For <i>e</i> _____, you do this on the beach. |
| 7 <i>pilot</i> | It's <i>s</i> _____ who flies a plane. |
| 8 <i>campsite</i> | It's <i>s</i> _____ you can sleep in tents. |

3 PRONUNCIATION pronunciation in a dictionary

a Match the words with their pronunciation. Use your dictionary.

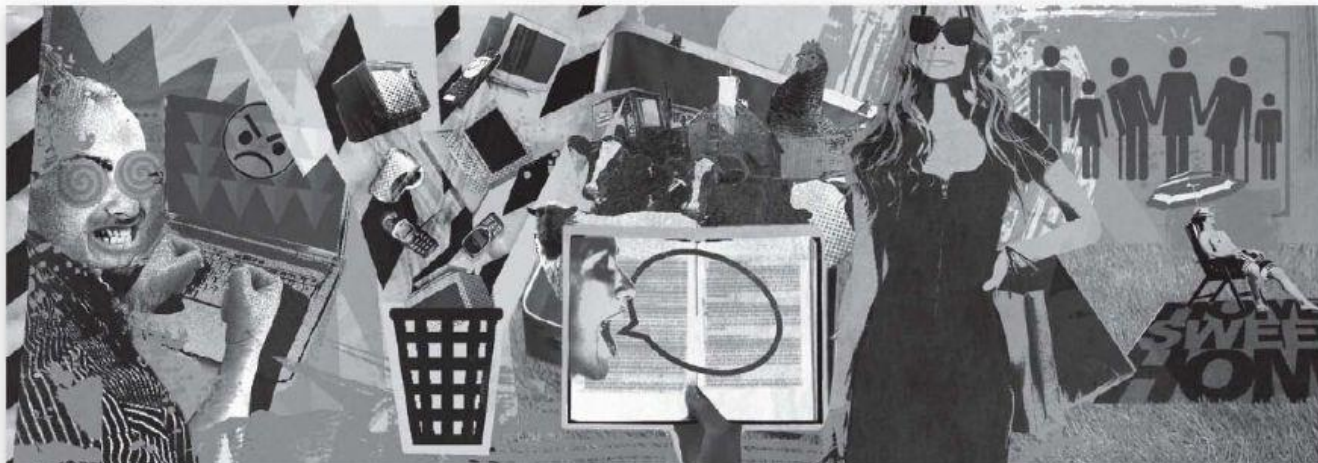
- | | | |
|------------|----------|--------------|
| 1 beard | <u>b</u> | a /bɔld/ |
| bald | <u>a</u> | b /bɜrd/ |
| 2 quiet | — | a /kwat/ |
| quite | — | b /'kwaɪt/ |
| 3 shoes | — | a /ʃuz/ |
| socks | — | b /sɒks/ |
| 4 suit | — | a /swɪt/ |
| sweet | — | b /sut/ |
| 5 sightsee | — | a /'saɪtsi/ |
| sunbathe | — | b /'sʌnbæɪð/ |
| 6 height | — | a /wert/ |
| weight | — | b /hɑt/ |
| 7 shirt | — | a /ʃɜrt/ |
| shorts | — | b /ʃɔrts/ |
| 8 crowded | — | a /'klaʊdi/ |
| cloudy | — | b /'kraʊdɪd/ |

b **iChecker** Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 READING

a Read the definitions and complete them with these words.

agritourism chick lit E-waste fashionista netiquette sandwich generation staycation web-rage



More new words in English

- 1 Web rage is the angry feeling you get because of a problem with the Internet.
- 2 A fashionista is a person who always wears the latest styles.
- 3 Chick lit is a kind of book that tells a story from a woman's point of view.
- 4 E-waste is all the electrical machines and devices that people throw away.
- 5 The sandwich generation is a group of people who take care of their parents at the same time as they're taking care of their children.
- 6 Agritourism is a kind of vacation where people stay on farms and help with all the work.
- 7 Netiquette is a set of rules that explains how to be polite on the Internet.
- 8 A staycation is a vacation that you spend at home.

b Underline five more words you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

5 LISTENING

a **iChecker** Listen to a radio program about the word game *Scrabble*. How many different names has the game had?

b **iChecker** Listen again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 1 Alfred Mosher Butts was out of work when he invented the game. T
- 2 The game of *Lexico* had a board and letter tiles. —
- 3 Butts used a newspaper to count the frequency of the letters in English. —
- 4 Butts gave the letters A, E, I, O, and U one point each. —
- 5 Butts gave 12 points to the most difficult letters to use. —
- 6 *Scrabble* became popular in 1948. —
- 7 Butts and Brunot sold the rights to the game to another manufacturer. —
- 8 You can buy *Scrabble* in more than a hundred different countries. —

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

barista /bə'ristə/
gastropub /'gæstrəʊpʌb/
latte /'læte/
smartphone /'smɑːtfəʊn/
google /'gʊɡl/
text /tekst/
tweet /twit/
update /'ʌpdeɪt/
road rage /'rəʊd reɪdʒ/

iChecker TESTS FILE 3