Full name:_____

ĐỀ THI THỬ TỐT NGHIỆP THPT LẦN 1

MÔN: Anh – Lớp 12

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút; không kể thời gian phát đề

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Câu 1 (NB): The **(A)** warming of the Earth, which is primarily **(B)** caused by the accumulation of gases, **(C)** are known as **(D)** the greenhouse effect.

A. warming **B.** caused **C.** are **D.** the

Câu 2 (TH): **(A)** The graphics ability of a computer depends on **(B)** speed of **(C)** its processor and the **(D)** size of its RAM.

A. The **B.** speed **C.** its **D.** size

Câu 3 (VD): In **(A)** its pure state aluminum is a weak metal, but **(B)** when combined with elements such as copper or magnesium, it **(C)** is formed alloys of great **(D)** strength.

A. its **B.** when **C.** is formed **D.** strength

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Câu 4 (VD): During my time in Paris, I stayed in a **cramped** top-floor flat.

A. huge **B.** spacious **C.** immense **D.** full

Câu 5 (TH): The senator **defended** his opponent's policies in a televised speech.

A. praised **B.** supported **C.** attacked **D.** attached

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

LIVING A HEALTHIER LIFE

Keeping fit and healthy may seem difficult, but there are a few easy-to-follow guidelines. Firstly, a balanced diet is absolutely essential. This means selecting food that is (**6**) _____ in salt and sugar. Experts recommend (**7**) _____ the amount of fat in our diet, as too much can lead to heart problems. They also suggest increasing the amount of high fibre food we eat. This comes in the form of fresh fruit, vegetables, whole meal bread and pasta. As well as being packed (**8**) _____ vitamins and minerals, they are delicious too.

Secondly, it's important to fit exercise into your daily (**9**) _____. This can be done by simply walking as much as possible and climbing stairs instead of taking the lift. Exercise is necessary to maintain a healthy body, as well as increasing energy levels and making you feel generally fitter and happier. Finally, staying relaxed is important for good health.

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Too much stress can lead to a variety of illnesses, from headaches to high blood pressure. Whenever possible, do things you enjoy and treat yourself occasionally. So the message is simple - enjoy yourself but learn to respect your body too. It's all a (**10**) _____ of getting the balance right.

Câu 6 (VD):	**A.** poor	**B.** short	**C.** small	**D.** low
Câu 7 (VD):	**A.** declining	**B.** dropping	**C.** cutting	**D.** reducing
Câu 8 (TH):	**A.** from	**B.** by	**C.** with	**D.** of
Câu 9 (TH):	**A.** routine	**B.** custom	**C.** time	**D.** manner
Câu 10 (VDC):	**A.** feeling	**B.** wonder	**C.** question	**D.** need

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Câu 11 (NB):	**A.** m<u>o</u>ment	**B.** m<u>o</u>nument	**C.** sl<u>o</u>gan	**D.** qu<u>o</u>tient
Câu 12 (TH):	**A.** provi<u>s</u>ion	**B.** conclu<u>s</u>ion	**C.** pen<u>s</u>ion	**D.** preci<u>s</u>ion

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Câu 13 (NB):	**A.** police	**B.** attract	**C.** signal	**D.** discuss
Câu 14 (NB):	**A.** dynamic	**B.** rhetoric	**C.** climatic	**D.** phonetic

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Câu 15 (TH): In a formal interview, it is essential to maintain good eye _____ with the interviewers.

A. contact **B.** touch **C.** link **D.** connection

Câu 16 (VD): We expected her at nine but she finally _____ at midnight.

A. turned up **B.** came off **C.** came to **D.** turned out

Câu 17 (VD): This cloud pattern is not _____ of a tropical hurricane.

A. characterizing **B.** characterized **C.** characterization **D.** characteristic

Câu 18 (VDC): Everyone is hoping and praying that _____ peace will eventually come to the area.

A. durable **B.** ongoing **C.** irrevocable **D.** lasting

Câu 19 (VDC): The _____ are against her winning a fourth consecutive gold medal.

A. chances **B.** odds **C.** prospects **D.** bets

Câu 20 (TH): **A.** new school _____. They hope to finish building it next month.

A. is being built **B.** has been built **C.** is built **D.** was built

Câu 21 (TH): We object _____ your leaving dinner to take phone calls.

A. for **B.** on **C.** to **D.** with

Câu 22 (TH): This shirt is _____ that one.

A. a bit less expensive **B.** as much expensive as

C. not nearly as expensive as **D.** much far expensive than

Câu 23 (TH): Please take all personal belongings with you _____ leaving the train.

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A. when **B.** what **C.** whom **D.** which

Câu 24 (TH): It is still unclear _____ the Mayor will accept the recommendations of the City Council.

A. yet **B.** about **C.** before **D.** whether

Câu 25 (TH): The PTA _____ parents and teachers who support the school by fund raising and other activities.

A. which group of **B.** that is a group of **C.** it is a group of **D.** is a group of

Câu 26 (VD): James could no longer bear the _____ surroundings of the decrepit old house.

A. overbearing **B.** domineering **C.** pressing **D.** oppressive

Câu 27 (VDC): There are a lot of crooked people in big cities. If you don't want to be cheated, you'll need to keep your _____ about you.

A. mind **B.** head **C.** wits **D.** brain

Câu 28 (VD): Mary lost one running shoe, but won the race despite this _____.

A. feat **B.** disaster **C.** handicap **D.** awkwardness

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Câu 29 (VDC): The car **sped up** as it joined the rest of the traffic on the motorway.

A. rocketed **B.** hurried up **C.** accelerated **D.** hastened

Câu 30 (VD): He had a strong **desire** to return to his home town.

A. ambition **B.** yearning **C.** liking **D.** wish

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Câu 31 (VDC): *Transportation has been made much easier thanks to the invention of cars. However, cars are the greatest contributor to air pollution.*

A. Although the invention of cars has made transportation much easier, cars are the greatest contributor to air pollution.

B. However easier the invention of cars has made transportation, it is cars that are among the greatest contributors to air pollution.

C. The invention of cars has made transportation much easier, but cars are among the greatest contributors to air pollution.

D. Although the invention of cars has made transportation much easier, people use cars to contribute to the pollution of air.

Câu 32 (VDC): *All the homes of the residents had been damaged by the flood. They were given help by the Red Cross.*

A. The residents, all of whose homes had been damaged by the flood, were given help by the Red Cross.

B. The residents, all of their homes had been damaged by the flood, were given help by the Red Cross.

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C. The residents, all their homes had been damaged by the flood, were given help by the Red Cross.

D. The residents, all whose homes had been damaged by the flood, were given help by the Red Cross.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Câu 33 (VDC): *Although London is far from being an unpolluted city, the problem isn't as bad as it used to be.*

A. Compared to its situation in the past, these days there is hardly any pollution in London.

B. London is undoubtedly still polluted, but it's less of a problem because people are accustomed to it now.

C. London isn't as polluted as it was in the past, in fact, the pollution problem has been solved.

D. While the problem definitely hasn't disappeared, there is less pollution in London nowadays.

Câu 34 (VDC): *Any health benefits gained by eating meat are far outweighed by the hazards of doing so.*

A. Though meat can be unhealthy, it's even more unhealthy to avoid eating it.

B. Consuming animal flesh can harm you, but it's still an essential source of nutrition.

C. Eating meat may promote health in some ways, but harms it in many more.

D. In order to be healthy, it's important to eat meat despite potential health risks.

Câu 35 (VDC): *I must admit this is the most spectacular view I've ever seen during my extensive travels.*

A. So far on this journey, we've seen a lot of beautiful places, but this one is by far the most attractive.

B. I've travelled quite a lot in my life, and admittedly, have never seen such a breathtaking view as this.

C. I can't but remark that the reason why I travel so extensively is not to miss such marvelous places as this one.

D. I don't think we'll ever encounter a more beautiful view in our lives than this, since it is so breathtaking.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Right now, the biggest source of energy in the world is fossil fuel. Fossil fuels are oil, gas, and coal. More than 80 percent of the world's energy comes from fossil fuel. There are many problems with fossil fuel. One problem is that when fossil fuel is burned, it pollutes the air. Also, when we take fossil fuel from the Earth, we often cause a lot of damage. Another problem is that we are running out of it. That is why we need new sources of energy. A big source of energy for many countries is nuclear power. Thirty-one countries use nuclear power. Many ships also use it.

Nuclear power has some advantages. First of all, we can't run out of nuclear power. Nuclear power does not make the air dirty. Also, if a country has nuclear power, it doesn't need to buy as much as oil from other countries.

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However, there are also a lot of problems that come with nuclear power. For example, nuclear accidents are very serious. In 1986, there was a nuclear accident in Ukraine. In the next 20 years, about 4,000 people got sick and died. In 2011, there was another very serious nuclear accident in Japan. Japan is still trying to **clean up** the nuclear waste from the accident.

Many people don't want nuclear power in their countries. **They** say that it is not safe. A lot of people want their countries to use safer and cleaner ways to get electricity. There have been protests against nuclear energy in the United States, Russia, France, Taiwan, Japan, India, and many other countries.

Although many people hate nuclear energy, more and more countries are using it. One reason for this is that the world is using more and more energy. We just don't have enough fossil fuel. However, if we use nuclear power, then we may have more serious problems in the future.

Câu 36 (TH): *Which of the following is NOT true about fossil fuel?*

A. It can pollute the air.

B. We don't use much of it.

C. Its sources are limited.

D. Mining fossil fuel can bring harm to the environment.

Câu 37 (TH): *All of the following are true about nuclear accidents EXCEPT that _____.*

A. they have been very serious

B. their effects can last many years

C. it doesn't take us much time to clean up the nuclear waste from the accident

D. there were serious nuclear accidents in Ukraine in 1986 and in Japan in 2011

Câu 38 (TH): *The phrase "**clean up**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.*

A. block **B.** evacuate **C.** disappear **D.** remove

Câu 39 (TH): *What does the word "**They**" in paragraph 4 refer to?*

A. countries **B.** protesters **C.** officials **D.** supporters

Câu 40 (VDC): *Which of the following statements would the author of the passage support most?*

A. Some governments are wrong when they are using nuclear energy.

B. We should consider seriously nuclear power because it has both advantages and disadvantages.

C. We can continue using nuclear energy until there is an accident.

D. Many people don't want nuclear power in their countries and governments should follow their people.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

LIFE IN THE FAST LANE

Henrietta Lake talks to a remarkable 14-year-old entrepreneur who is certainly going places. Between studying for nine GCSEs, including business studies, 14-year-old Dominic McVey has set up his own

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company, Scooters UK. The business, which imports motorized scooters and skateboards from the United States, has already made a profit of over £5,000 on sales of the equipment.

Dominic needed £3,000 to set up his business and pay for the initial stock. He used savings from birthday and Christmas money and cashed in some investments that his father had made when Dominic was born. The young entrepreneur had also invested in shares on the stock market. "I had to do the deals in my dad's name because I was too young," he says, "but he doesn't know anything about the market, so I told him what to buy and sell."

"I realized the potential for the business when I noticed that a lot of inner-city streets were being closed to cars or they were **chock-a-block with traffic**," he explains. "I thought there would be a great market for these scooters and skateboards, particularly now that more restrictions on cars in town centres have been introduced."

"You can take a smaller one with you on a train in a backpack and then unfold it and use it when you get into town. Men in suits are riding them up and down Wall Street in the US and it is my aim to get them to do the same in this country. I approached the American manufacturer and, after doing some research into their company and the scooters, I was allowed to become their UK distributor."

The motorized scooters, which sell for 499 USD and can travel at up to 22 mph, are not classified as motor vehicles and do not need a license or tax. He also sells unmotorized skateboards for £129. They have special high-speed wheels and are capable of reaching 10 mph.

"I ride them around town in busy areas and usually end up with a crowd of people running down the street wanting to know where to buy them, or winding down their car windows at traffic lights," he says. Recently he went with his mother on a sales trip to Paris. "The scooters are really popular there because the centre of the city is pedestrianized at the weekend. I went out with 500 leaflets and came back with none."

In the early stages Dominic had to overcome one or two obstacles. When he tried to open a business account at his bank, he made an appointment to see the manager. However, the bank thought it was a joke, and when he arrived there they had not set up any time for the meeting. "This really upset me," says Dominic, "but I managed to get a good rate of interest on the account because they were so embarrassed. I think people should take children more seriously."

Now that he has succeeded in setting up the business Dominic wants to expand it. At the moment, the company is still importing scooters in small numbers. "But business is picking up and so I am ordering a big container of 106 scooters in the New Year." Dominic is aiming to sell 500 scooters over the next 12 months. "I think it is worth taking the risk when you are young: if the worst happens, I have my parents' support and I am still at school."

He also plans to open a showroom for his scooters in the City of London, "right by some traffic lights so people stop and look". His idea would then be to sell the business and look for further opportunities to make money. "I'd like to be able to retire before I'm 40," he tells me.

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Câu 41 (TH): *How did Dominic raise the necessary money to set up his company?*

A. He invested all his savings on the stock market.

B. He borrowed it from his father.

C. He used money from a variety of sources.

D. It was a birthday present.

Câu 42 (TH): *What does Dominic mean when he says that streets were "**chock-a-block with traffic**" in paragraph 3?*

A. Cars were not allowed to enter them.

B. They were full of vehicles.

C. Traffic prevented scooters from entering them.

D. They had street markets in them.

Câu 43 (VD): *What type of people does he want to buy his scooters?*

A. fashionable people **B.** Americans **C.** businessmen **D.** people who do not own a car

Câu 44 (VD): *The motorized scooters that Dominic sells* _____

A. require no special driving skills. **B.** cannot legally be ridden on the road.

C. have specially designed wheels. **D.** cannot travel very long distances.

Câu 45 (VD): *Why did Dominic go to Paris?*

A. He went shopping with his mother.

B. He wanted to see the new pedestrian precinct.

C. He took some scooters to sell there.

D. He wanted to distribute information about his scooters.

Câu 46 (TH): *Dominic believes that being young* _____

A. prevents him from taking himself too seriously.

B. means that things are more likely to go wrong.

C. is a good time to be adventurous.

D. is a source of concern to his parents.

Câu 47 (TH): *What upset Dominic about his visit to the bank?*

A. The manager laughed at him.

B. The manager refused to see him.

C. The meeting with the manager was very short.

D. The manager did not expect him to turn up.

Câu 48 (TH): *In the future, Dominic intends to* _____

A. work beyond normal retirement age. **B.** find an alternative way to earn a living.

C. hold an exhibition of scooters. **D.** bring in partners to help him run his business.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

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Câu 49 (TH): Bob: "Can I carry these suitcases into the room for you?" - Sam: "_____"

A. You can't, I think! **B.** No, you can't. **C.** Yes, you can. **D.** Can you? That's very kind.

Câu 50 (TH): Peter: "I'm sorry for shouting at you." – Mary: "_____"

A. I still can't hear you. **B.** So do I.

C. It's OK. **D.** I am too.

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