



ENGLISH FINAL EXAM

Name: _____ Class: _____

Date: _____ Grade: _____/57 _____/10

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE TEST (L.O.E.I ART: 224, 226, 330 (5), 331 (3))

1. Read carefully before starting.
2. Do not talk or ask for anything during the exam.
3. Just focus on YOUR evaluation. Do not look around.
4. Check the answers carefully before you deliver the exam.
5. Use only a pen/pencil to do your exam.
6. During the evaluation, you must use your own material; you cannot ask or borrow anything.
7. It is not allowed to use liquid paper or to make any cross out, otherwise the item will be null.
8. If you are copying during the exam. You will get zero "0".

Use of English

1. Complete the sentences with the words from the list in the correct form. Use suffixes and make any other changes if necessary. (___/ 4 marks)

act | benefit | compete | danger | driver | emotion | enjoy | major | personal | profession | recognise | relation | remark | satisfy | settle | use | value

- a) As well as eating healthily, it's important to be _____, by doing sport, for example.
- b) I don't have a very close _____ with my cousins – we hardly ever see each other.
- c) Scientists say that the _____ of teenagers don't get enough exercise.
- d) Did you know the Mayans had _____ in other countries apart from Mexico?

2. Complete the sentences with the words from the list in the correct form. (___/ 4 marks)

angel | boil | bright | flood | foggy | freeze | frozen | hit | lift your mood | sail through | storm | weigh

- a) Before we decide, we should _____ up all the options.
- b) My brother and sister have quite a _____ relationship – they're constantly arguing.
- c) I know we went to Rome a few years ago but my memory's a bit _____, where did we stay?
- d) We knew you were scared, you were just _____ to the spot. What happened?

3. Complete the sentences. Match one word from the first list to one word from the second list to form compound adjectives. (___/4 marks)

badly | grown | high | last | long | middle | self | short | well

-aged | -balanced | behaved | -built | -confident | -distance | -minute | -organised | -paid | -tech | -term | -up

- a) _____ people often start to think about retirement.
- b) A _____ diet is key to good health.
- c) Matt was as _____ as a rugby player when he was younger.
- d) We have a _____ plan, but no idea what to do after that.

4. Choose the right verbs or phrases to complete the sentences. (____/4 marks)

- a) By five o'clock they will *be arriving* / *have arrived* / *have been arriving* at the airport.
- b) Just think – this time next week we'll *be relaxing* / *have relaxed* / *have been relaxing* in the sunshine.
- c) By the time I'm 25, I will *be finishing* / *have finished* / *have been finishing* university.
- d) We won't *be moving* / *have moved* / *have been moving* house until July.

5. Join the two sentences to make sentences with defining (D) or non-defining (ND) relative clauses. Sometimes there can be more than one possible answer. (____/4 marks)

- a) My aunt has her own music blog. / She lives in Australia. (ND)
My aunt,

_____.

- b) The computer has already broken. / I bought it the month before last. (D)
The computer

_____.

6. Complete the sentences with the verbs from the list. Use *have/get* + past participle or *get* + *to* + verb. (____/4 marks)

buy | cut | deliver | do | fix | give | paint | remove

- a) I couldn't complete level 4 of *Call of Warfare*, so I _____ my friend _____ it for me.
- b) It's too dark for you to walk home by yourself – I _____ my mum _____ you a lift.
- c) Jen's nervous because she _____ a tooth _____ at the dentist's tomorrow.
- d) We're staying with my grandparents because we _____ our house _____ at the moment.

7. Choose the right verbs or phrases to complete the conversations. (____/4 marks)

- a) **Kate:** What language are those people speaking?
Greg: I don't know – It *could be* / *might have been* / *can be* Swedish.
- b) **Ali:** Where's Tania? She's not in the house.
Matt: I guess she *must go* / *can have gone* / *must have gone* out.
- c) **Jen:** Look – is that Mark over there?
Chris: It *mustn't* / *can't* / *might not be* – he's away in Turkey at the moment.
- d) **Rob:** I wrote to Aisha but I haven't heard back from her.
Nick: She *must not* / *might not* / *could have seen* your email yet, I guess.

8. **Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Use mixed conditionals.**
 (____/4 marks)

- a) If I were taller, they _____ me for the basketball team. (choose)
- b) If you hadn't lost our tickets, we _____ on the plane right now. (sit)
- c) I would invite you to come hiking with us tomorrow if you _____ your leg. (not break)
- d) They would have been at the party if they really _____ your friends. (be)

Listening

9. **You will hear Tina telling her friend about fossil collector Mary Anning. Listen and choose the correct answers. (____/5 marks)**

- 1) Mary Anning was ahead of her time because _____
- a) she discovered a new dinosaur.
 - b) she was a scientist.
 - c) she did things that weren't permitted.
- 2) Mary first became interested in geology _____
- a) when her father paid her to look for fossils.
 - b) when she helped her father in his work.
 - c) because both her parents were experts.
- 3) When Mary made her big discovery _____
- a) no one believed it was a dinosaur.
 - b) she didn't get recognition for her it.
 - c) it didn't appear in any geology books.
- 4) Later on in life _____

- a) Mary wrote a book about her life.
- b) Mary became a successful scientist.
- c) people often asked for Mary's professional opinion.

5) When Mary was a baby _____

- a) she survived a terrible accident.
- b) she almost drowned in the bath.
- c) she was nearly killed by a neighbour.

Reading

10. Read the article and put the paragraphs A–F in the correct order. (___/6marks)

Scotland's Super Eco-Pensioner

A So how does Maureen get around, if she can't travel on wheels? Simple – she walks or runs whenever she needs to go anywhere. From her small flat in the suburbs of Edinburgh, it takes her just under an hour to reach the city centre. It's not always pleasant – the weather in Scotland is often very wet – but Maureen certainly keeps very fit. She doesn't have to worry about being overweight like many people of her age. So where does Maureen go for her holidays? Well, obviously not the sunny beaches of Spain. If she feels the need to go away for a break, she simply walks off into the Scottish countryside. [_____]

B Maureen McDonald is 65 years old and hasn't caught a bus in nearly 40 years. Nor has she travelled by car, train or plane. She made the decision to stop using any form of motorized transport, not because of any fear or phobia, but because she wanted to live a more environmentally friendly lifestyle. According to Maureen, the people of the world use too much energy. Globally, we use more resources than the planet can sustain, and we must either reduce our consumption or destroy our planet. [_____]

C So no heating! Raw vegetables! What does Maureen hope to achieve by living the way she does? After all, one person can't save the planet single-handedly. What difference can she make, if everybody else continues to consume more and more energy? According to Maureen, she wants to lead by example. She wants to prove to the world that it is possible to live well without burning up the world's natural resources. She sees her life as an experiment to show people an alternative. [_____]

D But Maureen's energy-efficient lifestyle doesn't just involve not travelling in vehicles. Another way in which we consume energy is in heating our homes, and so Maureen has stopped doing so. She won't switch on the heating, even in winter. So how does she manage to keep warm? She just puts on another layer of clothing or does half an hour of exercise. Maureen doesn't waste any fuel in cooking either. She eats only raw, vegetarian food. She lives on fruit, vegetables, seeds and nuts. She stopped eating meat when she discovered how the beef industry damages the rainforest. Now she has got so used to her low-fat, high fibre diet that she can't imagine returning to the normal cooked food that most of her neighbours eat. [_____]

E Maureen has one more electrical appliance that she likes to use – an electric kettle. She uses it to make hot drinks, which she enjoys immensely. She also uses it to make hot water for washing. She usually tries to wash in cold water, but once in a while she allows herself the luxury of hot water, especially in winter when the temperatures in her flat can be freezing! "It takes a lot of discipline to live this way," she says, "But I couldn't change now, even if I wanted to!" [_____]

F Despite these strong convictions, Maureen's lifestyle is not completely zero-energy. She has to admit that she does use some electricity – but only a very little. She has one low-energy light bulb and a radio. She got rid of her television 20 years ago, and she doesn't miss it. She thinks that almost everything on TV is rubbish. [_____]

Writing

11. You are taking part in a story-writing competition. You have been asked to write a story beginning: *When I left the house that morning, I had no idea of the adventures to come.* (____/10marks)

Your story must include:

- a race against time

Write about 100 words.

(_____ Total words)

WRITING RUBRIC				
Catchy title and proposed idea	Cohesion	Coherence	Grammar and punctuation	Words (100)
/2	/2	/2	/2	/2
Total				/10