## **LESSON 7 – LISTENING SECTION 3**

## TAPESCRIPT

TUTOR	OK, Jim. You wanted to see me about your	project.	
Jim	That's right. I've been looking at how a range of natural dyes can be used to color f		
	cotton and wool.		
TUTOR	Why did you choose that topic?		
Jim	Well, I got a lot of useful ideas from the museum, you know, at the exhibition of textiles. But		
	I've always been interested in anything to do with color. Years ago, I went to a carpet shop		
	with my parents when we were on holiday in Turkey, and I remember all the amazing colors.		
TUTOR	They might not all have been natural dyes.		
Jim	Maybe not, but for the project I decided to follow it up. And I found a great		
	botanic garden in California that	plants used for dyes.	
TUTOR	OK. So, in your project, you had to include a practical investigation.		
Jim	Yeah. At first I couldn't my variables. I was go		
	look at one type of fibre for example, like cotton		
TUTOR	and see how different types of dyes affected it?		
Jim	Yes. Then I decided to include others as well, so I looked at cotton and wool and nylon.		
TUTOR	With just one type of dye?		
Jim	Various types, including some that weren't natural, for comparison.		
TUTOR	OK.		
Jim	So, I did the experiments last week. I used some	, I found a	
	website which supplied them, they	just a few days, but I also	
	made some of my own.		
TUTOR	That must have taken quite a bit of time.		
Jim	Yes, I'd thought it'd just be a	teaspoon or so of dye, and	
	actually at all. Like I was using		
	a red dye, and I had to chop up a whole pile of it. So it all took longer than I'd expected.		
TUTOR	One possibility is to use food colorings.		
Jim	I did use one. That was a yellow dye, an artificial one.		
TUTOR	Tartrazine?		
Jim	Yeah. I used it on cotton first. It came out a great color, but who	en I rinsed the material, the	
	color just washed away. I'd been going to try it out on nylon, but I abandoned that idea.		



TUTOR	Were you worried about health issues?		
Jim	I'd thought if it's a legal food coloring, it must be safe.		
TUTOR	Well, it can occasionally cause, I believe.		
TUTOR	So what natural dyes did you look at?		
Jim	Well, one was turmeric. The color's great, it's a really strong yellow. It's generally used in		
	dishes like curry.		
TUTOR	quite good for your health when eaten, but you might		
	it's not permanent when it's used as a dye - a few washes, and it's gone.		
Jim	Right. I used beetroot as a dye for wool. When I chop up beetroot to eat I always end		
	bright red hands, but the wool ended up just a sort ofshade.		
	Disappointing.		
TUTOR	There's a natural dye called Tyrian purple. Have you heard of that?		
Jim	Yes. It comes from a shellfish, and it was worn in ancient times but only by important peop		
	as it was so rare. I didn't use it.		
TUTOR	It centuries ago, though one researcher managed to		
	some recently. But that shade of purple can be produced by		
	chemical dyes nowadays. Did you use any black dyes?		
Jim	Logwood. That was quite complicated. I had to prepare the fabric so the dye would take.		
TUTOR	I hope you were careful so wear gloves.		
Jim	Yes. I knowthat dye.		
TUTOR	Good. It can be extremely dangerous if it's ingested. Now, presumably you had a look at		
	insect-based dye? Like cochineal, for example?		
Jim	Yes, I didn't actually make that, I didn't have time to start crushing up insects to get the		
	color and anyway they're not available here, but I managed to get the dye quite easily from a		
	website. But it I can see why it's generally just used in		
	cooking and in small quantities.		
TUTOR	Yes, it's very effective, but that's precisely why it's not used as a dye.		
Jim	I also read about using metal oxide. Apparently you can allow iron to rust while it's		
	the fabric, and that colors it.		
TUTOR	Yes, that works well for dying cotton. But you have to be careful as the metal can actually		
	affect the fabric and so you can't expect to out of fabrics		
	treated in this way. And the colors are quite subtle, not everyone likes them. Anyway, it looks		
	as if you've done a lot of work.		



## VOCABULARY

## Translate these following expressions into Vietnamese:

- 1 Textile design (n)
- 2 Specialize in (v)
- 3 Decide on (v)
- 4 Ready-made natural dyes
- 5 Come in (v)
- 6 A matter of
- 7 That is (not) the case
- 8 Allergic reaction(s) (n)
- 9 It's meant to V/be
- 10 Watery cream (n)
- 11 Fall out of use (v)
- 12 Get hold of (v)
- 13 The danger with
- 14 Cost a fortune
- 15 Be in contact with
- 16 Get a lot of wear

