

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1. A. village B. luggage C. page D. damage

Question 2. A. simmer B. grill C. whisk D. slice

Question 3. A. buses B. cases C. houses D. courses

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 4. A. bilingual B. magnificent C. inaccessible D. promote

Question 5. A. effective B. efficiency C. appliance D. innovation

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 6. The guidelines in this book can help you become a _____ speaker.

A. confide B. confident C. confidence D. self-confidence

Question 7. This carpet really needs _____. Can you do it for me, son?

A. being cleaned B. Both C and D C. to be cleaned D. cleaning

Question 8. If we go to the Brisbane Institute of English in Australia, we can practice speaking English with _____ speakers.

A. nation B. national C. native D. natively

Question 9. My friend, _____ father is a teacher, is very good at English.

A. whom B. which C. who D. whose

Question 10. The hotel is beautifully _____ in a quiet spot near the river.

A. located B. situating C. lying D. stayed

Question 11. If I were in your _____, I'd take it easy and try to forget it.

A. shoe B. shoes C. sandal D. sandals

Question 12. The hotel where we are _____ is quite luxurious.

A. living B. existing C. remaining D. staying

Question 13. You can learn a lot about the local _____ by talking to local people.

A. territory B. area C. land D. nation

Question 14. _____ you water the tree, it will die.

A. If B. Because C. Unless D. But

15. I think I prefer city life.....country life

A. to B. than C. of D. more than

16. Can you tell me what you.....at 8 last night?

A. have done B. were doing C. did D. have been doing

17.she felt tired, she had to finish her assignments.

A. Despite B. In spite C. Because D. Even if

19. Youbetter if you had taken this medicine.

A. will feel B. would feel C. felt D. would have felt

20. My family had a.....tour to the USA.

A. two-days B. two-day C. day-two D. Second day

21. The boy..... Eyes are brown is my cousin.

A. whose B. who C. whom D. that

22. The local government suggests.....a road through the Nam Cat Tien National Park.

A. build B. to build C. building D. being built

23. In 1990, due to the change of the economic situation, many Dong Ho cooperatives had to.....

A. close B. close in C. close down D. shut

24. There is no point.to get higher mark if you don't study harder.

A. try B. to try C. trying D. in trying

Mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to each of the following exchanges.

Question 25: "That's a beautiful dress you are wearing!" - "_____"

A. Can I have it? B. It's in the wash C. I'm glad you like it D. Oh, no, not really

Question 26: "Mum. I've got 600 on the TOEFL test" - "_____"

A. Good way! B. You are right. C. Oh, hard luck! D. Good job!

27. - How lovely your cats are! -

A. Really? They are. B. Thank you, it is nice of you to say so.
C. Can you say it again. D. I love them, too.

28. - Is it right if I use your computer, mom? -

A. I don't care B. I accept it. C. Sure, go ahead D. Oh, forget it

Mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word/phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

Question 29: She lost her temper with a customer and shouted at him.

A. had a temperature B. kept her temper C. became very angry D. felt worried

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word/phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

Question 30: I could only propose a partial solution to the crisis in the company.

A. half B. halfway C. effective D. complete

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correcting in each of the following questions.

Question 31. The water and land around the chemical factory are serious polluted.

A B C D

Question 32. Hoang has felt much better when he took the pill.

A B C D

Question 33. Thanks to television, people can enjoy interested programs in an inexpensive and convenient way.

D A B C

34. Ha Long Bay is one of the most beautiful natural wonder in the world.

A B C D

35. My mother said that she would go to Britain following month.

A B C D

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word/phrase that best fits each of the numbered blank.

Sociologists have been carrying out research into the social pressures of being a teenager. Many adolescents are unhappy at school because they find it difficult to (23) _____ friends. This stress can bring on illness or result in poor grades. They may also worry about their appearance and often feel (24) _____ enormous pressure to dress, talk and behave the same as (25) _____. This phenomenon is called peer pressure, and it is very common in today's society. Advertising contributes a lot to the social pressures teenagers feel. Advertisers know how important it is to feel that you belong to a group when you are in your teens, so they try to persuade teenagers that

certain products will make them (26) _____ with their classmates. Sadly, many teenagers act irresponsibly and even do dangerous things just to make others accept them. Peer pressure is often the reason for teenage smoking, drug (27) _____ or dangerous driving. Teenagers need to learn to say “no” to social pressure and to find friends who they can talk things over with when they have a problem.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| 26. A. keep | B. create | C. remain | D. make |
| 37. A. in | B. under | C. over | D. below |
| 38. A. another | B. the other | C. others | D. other |
| 39. A. common | B. popular | C. open | D. favorite |
| 40. A. overdose | B. abuse | C. addicted | D. overuse |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Not so long ago, people only used the telephone to make phone calls. Now, thanks to computers, people use their phones to do much more. They can bank by phone, rent videos by phone, and even shop by phone. It is also possible to send letters and reports by faxing them over telephone lines. People can even use their phone lines to send messages from one computer to another computer by electric mail, or e-mail.

But you don't need to be at home or at the office to use the phone anymore. You can carry a cellular phone in your pocket or keep one in your car. With a cellular phone, anyone who can talk and walk can also phone and walk. You don't have to look for a pay phone to make a call anymore. Now you can take your calls with you everywhere.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 41. The main topic of the passage is _____ | |
| A. the use of a telephone in the past. | B. the use of a cellular phone |
| C. the convenience of a cellular phone | D. current use of telephones |
| 42. People didn't use to _____ | |
| A. make phone calls only at home | B. make phone calls only in the office |
| C. make only phone calls with the telephone | D. shop by phone |
| 43. What are advantages of having a cellular phone? | |
| A. You can carry a cellular phone in your pocket. | B. You can keep it in your car. |
| C. With a cellular phone, you can phone and walk. | D. All A, B and C |
| 44. With a cellular phone, you can _____ | |
| A. only carry it in your pockets | B. only keep it in your car |
| C. make a phone call everywhere you want | D. phone and walk |
| 45. The word “pay phone” means _____ | |
| A. the phone pays you | B. you can phone free of charge |
| C. you pay for the call | D. you don't pay for the call |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest meaning to each of the following questions.

46. It's no use trying to persuade Tom to change his mind. (vô ích)
- A. There's no point to try to persuade Tom to change his mind. (there is no point in v-ing)
- B. It's useful trying to persuade Tom to change his mind.
- C. It's worth trying to persuade Tom to change his mind.
- D. It's a waste of time trying to persuade Tom to change his mind.
47. Much as he loved her, he didn't forgive her for what she had done. (dù)
- A. He didn't forgive her for what she had done as he loved her.

- B. She didn't love him as much as he loved her.
C. He didn't forgive her for what she had done because she didn't love him as much.
D. Although he loved her, he didn't forgive her for what she had done.
48. *Mike graduated with a good degree. However, he joined the ranks of the unemployed.*
A. Mike joined the ranks of the unemployed because he graduated with a good degree.
B. If Mike graduated with a good degree, he would join the ranks of the unemployed.
C. Although Mike graduated with a good degree, he joined the ranks of the unemployed.
D. That Mike graduated with a good degree helped him join the ranks of the unemployed.
49. "If I were in your position, I would accept her apology," said my brother.
A. My brother advised me to accept her apology.
B. My brother was thinking about accepting her apology.
C. My brother said that he would accept her apology.
D. My brother introduced the idea of accept her apology to me.
50. It took him two hours to do his homework.
A. He did his homework two hours ago.
B. He finished his homework two hours ago.
C. He did his homework in two hours.
D. He spent two hours doing his homework.

_____ The end _____