

Present Perfect: Use when an action <ul style="list-style-type: none"> happens in the past and continues to the present happens and we don't know the time <div style="text-align: right; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">FORM: Have/has+ Past participle</div>		
EXAMPLE POSITIVE SENTENCE	EXAMPLE NEGATIVE SENTENCE	EXAMPLE QUESTION
I've <u>worked</u> as a teacher since 2003.	I <u>haven't attended</u> many parties in the last two years.	<u>Have you seen</u> that movie?
I <u>have seen</u> Niagara Falls many times.	She <u>hasn't gone</u> to Niagara Falls.	Where <u>have you gone</u> ?
Future: Use when something happens in the future. GOING TO: Expresses plan for the future Am/is/are + ing + to + verb WILL: expresses a sudden decision or promise. Will + base verb / Negative contraction: WON'T		
EXAMPLE POSITIVE SENTENCE	EXAMPLE NEGATIVE SENTENCE	EXAMPLE QUESTION
The teacher <u>is going to explain</u> this next week.	The students <u>aren't going to come on</u> Monday because it's a holiday.	<u>Are the students going to come on</u> Monday?
He <u>will walk</u> to school tomorrow.	She <u>will not go</u> home by bus. (won't)	<u>Will they understand</u> this work?

Past Continuous:

Use when ...

- **two actions are happening at the same time**
- **two actions and one interrupts the first action**
- **when an action happens at a specific time in the past**
-

FORM: WAS/WERE + not + – ing

NEGATIVE form : was/were + not + - ing

EXAMPLE POSITIVE SENTENCE	EXAMPLE NEGATIVE SENTENCE	EXAMPLE QUESTION
<p>I <u>was making</u> dinner while my kids <u>were watching</u> TV.</p> <p>While I <u>was teaching</u>, a student walked in late.</p> <p>They <u>were playing</u> basketball after school.</p>	<p>She <u>wasn't listening</u> when you were teaching.</p>	<p>Were you making dinner while your kids were watching TV?</p> <p>Were you teaching when a student walked in late?</p> <p>Were they playing basketball after school?</p>