

# ANIMALS REVIEW

## VERTEBRATES



Review your notes about vertebrates animals.

Then, do the activities.



1. Fill the gaps.

Vertebrates animals have a \_\_\_\_\_ or spine and are more developed than invertebrates, but are a minority in the animal kingdom.



Vertebrates animals are divides in 5 groups:

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_





2. Select the correct option:

### Vertebrates: Main characteristics



FISH

- They breathe through \_\_\_\_\_.
- Are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- Have \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.



MAMMALS

- They breathe through \_\_\_\_\_.
- Are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- Have \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.



AMPHIBIANS



## REPTILES

- They breathe through \_\_\_\_\_.
- Are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- Have \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.



## BIRDS

- They breathe through \_\_\_\_\_.
- Are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- Have \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

# ANIMALS REVIEW

## INVERTEBRATES



Review your notes about invertebrates animals.

Then, do the activities.



1. Fill the gaps.

Invertebrates don't have a \_\_\_\_\_.

Many invertebrates have an \_\_\_\_\_ or a \_\_\_\_\_ to protect their body, but some invertebrates just have a soft body.



### INSECTS



They have an \_\_\_\_\_ and their body is divided into three parts:

- The \_\_\_\_\_

- The \_\_\_\_\_

- The \_\_\_\_\_

They have two \_\_\_\_\_, six legs and most insects have \_\_\_\_\_.

They have a body that is divided into two parts:

- The \_\_\_\_\_.

- The \_\_\_\_\_ or the body.

All spiders have eight eyes, but some can have six, four or two eyes.

They also have \_\_\_\_\_.

## SPIDERS



## CRABS



They have ten legs and two eyes.

They usually move \_\_\_\_\_, but they can move in all directions.

Crabs have a thick \_\_\_\_\_.

## CENTIPEDES



They have lots of \_\_\_\_\_ and many body parts.

They have two \_\_\_\_\_ and they can move very quickly.

They have a \_\_\_\_\_ body that is divided into many parts.

An earthworm has no lungs and breathes in oxygen through its

\_\_\_\_\_.

## WORMS



## CRABS



They have a head with two tentacles and there is an \_\_\_\_\_ at the end of each tentacle.

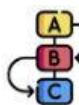
Snails have a soft body that's protected by a \_\_\_\_\_.

## OCTOPUSES



They have \_\_\_\_\_ body and \_\_\_\_\_ legs.

They have a very good sense of touch in their \_\_\_\_\_.



2. Drag the pictures into the box of the correct invertebrate groups.



### ARTHROPODS

- Are terrestrial, aquatic and some fly.
- Have an external skeleton and articulated limbs.
- Examples: insects, spiders, centipedes and crustaceans



### ECHINODERMS

- Live at the bottom of the sea.
- Have radial symmetry.
- Starfish and sea urchins are examples.



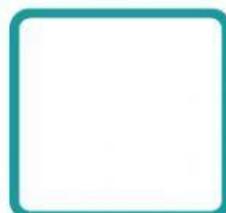
### CNIDARIANS

- Most are marine.
- Some are able to move and others spend their lives stuck to rocks.
- Examples: jellyfish, coral and sea anemones.



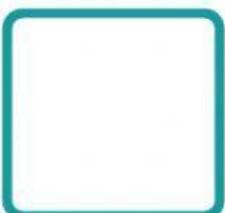
### SPONGES

- Live fixed to the sea floor.
- Known as poriferans because their bodies are full of pores.



### MOLLUSKS

- Are aquatic or terrestrial.
- Have shells or arms and tentacles.
- Snails, mussels, octopuses and squid are mollusks.



### WORMS

- Are terrestrial, aquatic and can even live inside other living beings.
- Have an elongated, soft, legless body.