

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Program, Year & Section: \_\_\_\_\_

Score: \_\_\_\_\_  
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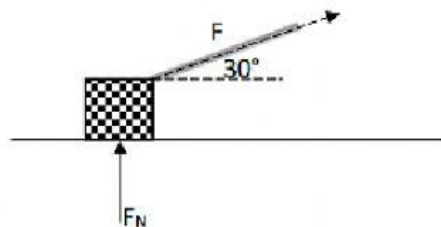
**Worksheet 7b**  
**Newton's Laws of Motion**

A. Identify the law of motion that applies to the following situations. Write 1, 2, or 3 for the First, Second and Third Laws of motion, respectively.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. A ball that hits the ground bounces upward
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. A box remains stationary on the floor
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. A skateboarder jumps forward from the skateboard
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. A car travels along a level road gradually increasing its speed
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. A coin that was dropped from the roof of a tall building

B. Solve the problem below. Show your complete solutions.

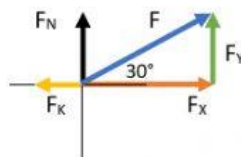
1. A boy pulls a 10.0-kg box by the attached cord along the smooth floor. The boy exerts a force of 40.0 N along a  $30.0^\circ$ . Assuming that the box starts from rest and a friction ( $f_k$ ) of 12.0 N exists, calculate (a) the acceleration of the box, and (b) the horizontal distance traveled by the box if the boy pulls it for 5.00 s. **(Express all answers to 3 s.f.)**



**Given:**

$$\begin{array}{ll} F = \text{_____ N} & m = \text{_____ kg} \\ \theta = \text{_____}^\circ & t = \text{_____ s} \end{array}$$

**Find:** (a)  $a$  and (b)  $d$



**For the following questions, write the letter of your answer.**

\_\_\_\_\_ Which of the following is the force responsible to move the box horizontally?

- a.  $F$                       b.  $f_k$                       c.  $F_x$                       d.  $F_y$

\_\_\_\_\_ Which forces (when combined) will give the net force to make the box accelerate horizontally?

- a.  $F$  &  $F_N$     b.  $f_K$  &  $F_X$     c.  $F_X$  &  $F_Y$     d.  $F_Y$  &  $F_K$

\_\_\_\_\_ What is the value of the net force to make the box accelerate horizontally?

- a. 5.40 N    b. 8.00 N    c. 20.0 N    d. 22.6 N

$$a = \frac{F_{net}}{m}$$

$$a = \frac{N}{kg}$$

$$a = \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{at^2}{2}$$

$$d = \left( \frac{m}{s} \right) (s) + \frac{\left( \frac{m}{s^2} \right) (s)^2}{2} = m$$