

a. Match the words with their meanings

A

- 1 murder
- 2 embezzlement
- 3 jaywalking
- 4 manslaughter
- 5 vandalism
- 6 littering
- 7 fraud
- 8 slander
- 9 loitering with intent
- 10 mugging
- 11 libel
- 12 kidnapping
- 13 trespassing

B

- a publicly lying about sb
- b publishing lies about sb
- c destruction of public property
- d leaving rubbish in a public place
- e stealing money from the company where you work
- f gaining money through dishonest means
- g unintentionally causing sb's death
- h crossing the street in the wrong place
- i remaining in a public place without an obvious reason
- j holding sb against their will in order to gain sth
- k illegally entering sb's property
- l robbing sb in the street
- m planning and causing the death of sb

b. In pairs, discuss the seriousness of the crimes above.

A: I feel that ... is the most serious by far because ...  
 B: Really? Actually, I think ... is even more serious because ...

	Crime	Criminal	Verb
1	blackmail /'blækmeɪl/	blackmailer	blackmail
2	bribery /'braɪbəri/	-	bribe
3	burglary /'bɜːgləri/	burglar	break in / burgle
4	drug dealing /dʁæg 'di:ɪŋ/	drug dealer	sell drugs
5	fraud /fɹəʊd/	fraudster	commit fraud
6	hacking /'hækɪŋ/	hacker	hack (into)
7	hijacking /'haɪdʒeɪkɪŋ/	hijacker	hijack
8	kidnapping /'kɪdnæpɪŋ/	kidnapper	kidnap
9	mugging /'mʌɡɪŋ/	mugger	mug
10	murder /'mɜːdə/	murderer	murder
11	rape /reɪp/	rapist	rape
12	robbery /'rɒbəri/	robber	rob
13	smuggling /'smʌɡlɪŋ/	smuggler	smuggle
14	stalking /'stɔːkɪŋ/	stalker	stalk
15	terrorism /'terəzɪzəm/	terrorist	set off bombs, etc.
16	theft /θeɪft/	thief	steal
17	vandalism /'vændəlɪzəm/	vandal	vandalize

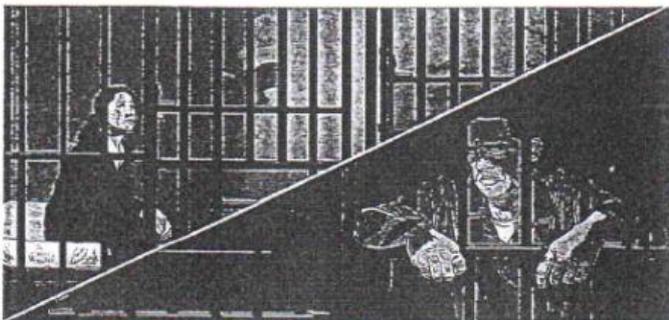
Crime and justice

a  237 Listen to the sentences. What is the difference between the legal terms in bold? Discuss the meanings with a partner.

- 1 a Thousands of pounds in cash were found on the premises, and a 35-year-old woman was **arrested on suspicion** of money laundering.
- b When the missing money was noticed, they **made an allegation of fraud** against him.

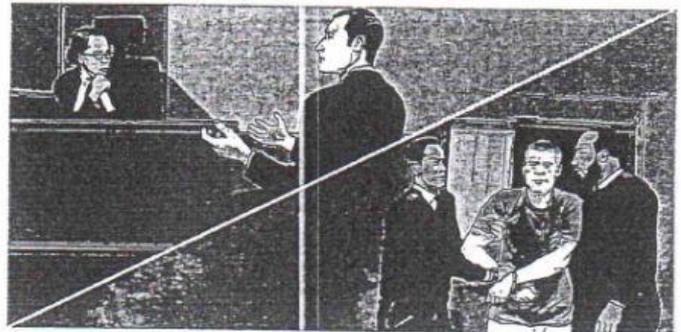


- 2 a She is **being held in custody** while waiting for her trial.
- b He's **been convicted of** murder and sent to prison.



- 3 a The defence **showed evidence in court** which supported the accused's alibi.
- b She **gave testimony in court** that she had seen the accused running from the scene of the crime.

- 4 a He was given a lighter prison sentence because he **pleaded guilty** to the crime.
- b Despite a strong defence case, he **was found guilty** of the crime.



c  238 Listen to the sentences. Which of these forms of punishment and rehabilitation are possible in your country's legal system?

- a He was **sentenced to life imprisonment**.
- b He had to **do community service**.
- c She **served a reduced sentence for good behaviour**.
- d The judge insisted that she **serve the full ten years**.
- e The company was **fine d a six-figure sum**.
- f He was **banned from driving**.
- g They suggested he be **brought face-to-face with his victim**.
- h All prisoners receive either **one-to-one or group counselling**.
- i Prisoners with mental health issues receive **psychiatric help**.
- j It is necessary to hold some prisoners in **solitary confinement**.

d  Order the forms of punishment and rehabilitation in c from 1 (= least harsh) to 10 (= most harsh), in your opinion. Compare your order with a partner.