

E8- REVIEW TEST HK2 (10)

LISTENING

I/ Listen to Rebecca and Adam planning a night together. For each question, choose the correct answer.

1. Rebecca and Alan decide to meet on _____

- A. Thursday B. Wednesday C. Friday

2. They decide to _____

- A. Go out for dinner B. Go out for drink C. Stay and watch a DVD

3. The Orange Tree is on _____

- A. Church Road B. Love Lane C. Potter Street

4. They will meet at _____

- A. Ten past seven B. Twenty to seven C. Seven twenty

5. Rebecca met Charlie _____

- A. on a skiing holiday B. at a party C. at the sports centre

II / You will hear some information about a language school. Listen and complete questions:

First Floor:	Library You can borrow reading books and (1) for 2 weeks. You cannot borrow (2)
Second Floor:	Computer Room The booking form is on the (3)
Basement:	(4)
Saturday Trip:	Visit a (5) in Warwick.

LANGUAGE FOCUS

I. Choose the letter A, B, C or D the word that has the underlined part different from others.

1. A. explore B. enormous C. become D. engine
 2. A. technology B. technique C. scholar D. watch
 3. A. bulb B. umbrella C. suppose D. underground
 4. A. precise B. light C. qality D. science

II. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the following sentences

5. The man said that he _____ from Bulgari.
 A. come B. came C. is coming D. had come
 6. Marie Curie, Polish-born French physicist, was famous _____ her work on radioactivity.
 A. for B. with C. on D. at
 7. If I watch weather forecast regularly, I _____ when the storm strikes the city.
 A. will know B. know C. did know D. knew
 8. Some people believe that aliens are just _____ creatures.
 A. imagine B. imagining C. imaginative D. imaginary
 9. The students _____ for an exam at this time next week.

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- A. are sitting B. will be sitting C. will sit D. are going to sit
10. This is the first time I _____ seafood.
A. try B. tried C. have tried D. am trying
11. What is the most well-known _____ invention in the 19th century?
A. scientist B. scientific C. science D. scientifically
12. People had _____ into a temporary shelter after the mud slide.
A. move B. to move C. moving D. moved
13. The children are looking forward _____ the parade.
A. to see B. seeing C. to seeing D. seen
14. This ancient cathedral _____ by two archeologists in 1988.
A. discovered B. is discovered C. had discovered D. was discovered
15. We try _____ in touch with our neighbor after moving our house.
A. to keep B. to come C. to take D. to have
16. Bobby asked me _____ I liked collecting stamps.
A. as B. though C. whether D. what
17. Before he did his homework, he _____ a TV show.
A. watches B. had watched C. watched D. is watching
18. Playing badminton _____ so interesting that we play it three times a week.
A. are B. be C. is D. has been
19. We would take part in the competition if the prize _____ bigger.
A. were B. is C. had been D. was
20. A _____ guide is a person employed to show tourists around places of interest.
A. tourist B. touring C. tour D. tourism

III. Read the following passage, and answer the questions that follow

Thomas Alva Edison was born in Ohio in 1847. As a child, he received less than a year of formal schooling, but was educated at home. His parents allowed him to set up a laboratory in their basement and his mother gave him books about chemistry and electronics. Edison credits his mother as being 'the making' of him.

In 1878, Thomas Edison began serious research into developing a practical incandescent lamp and on October 14, 1878, Edison filed his first patent application for "Improvement In Electric Lights". In 1879 he created a successful incandescent light bulb. This was his hardest project – from 1877 to 1880, Edison and his assistants tried around 3000 experiments to perfect their light bulb design. By the end of 1880, Edison had produced a bulb that lasted 1500 hours. This discovery marked the beginning of commercially manufactured light bulbs and in 1880, Thomas Edison's company, Edison Electric Light Company began marketing its new product.

21. When was Edison born?

22. Where was Edison's laboratory?

23. How many hours did the 1880 bulb last?

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24. What does the word "its" in the last sentence refer to?

- A. Thomas Edison's company
- B. Thomas Edison's patent
- C. Thomas Edison's invention
- D. Thomas Edison's discovery

25. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. A brief history of the light bulb
- B. The early life of Thomas Edison
- C. Family of Thomas Edison
- D. Thomas Edison's company

IV. Find and correct the mistakes

26. The shop assistant asked Helen whether the shoes are too small for her.

- A B C D

27. We must act now before it is too late doing anything about the problem.

- A B C D

28. Can you tell me what you have done at 8 o'clock yesterday evening?

- A B C D

29. We are looking forward to seeing you on April.

- A B C D

30. I am interesting in studying life on other planets.

- A B C D

V. Read the following paragraph and complete it with one suitable word in each blank

The key advantage of face-to-face _____ (31) is that body language becomes a part of the conversation, too. When emailing or talking on the phone, there is no opportunity _____ (32) the other person. Even video conferencing sometimes doesn't provide the full picture of the person you're talking to.

By having a face-to-face conversation, people have the opportunity to see the posture, facial expressions _____ (33) arm gestures of their communication partners. A look of shock or anger on the face can change the whole trajectory of the conversation. Similarly, making eye contact and shaking someone's hand can help to establish trust and ease tensions.

For example, if a salesperson is meeting with a prospect _____ (34) person and presents the price for the product, the look on the prospect's face can be very telling about whether they will accept the price or not. This gives the salesperson an opportunity to further elaborate on the benefits and results the product will achieve. If this conversation had taken _____ (35) on the phone, the salesperson may not have realized that the prospect needed further convincing after seeing the price.

31. A. communication B. communicative C. communicate D. communicatively

32. A. see B. seeing C. seen D. to see

33. A. but B. so C. and D. yet

34. A. in B. for C. on D. to

35. A. position B. situation C. condition D. place

VI. Rewrite the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning with the first one

36. "I am preparing for my coming exam now." said my daughter.

37. His father is going to repair the bike for him soon.

38. I've never talked to a more interesting person than him.

VII. Write full sentences using the suggested words and phrases

39. The city/ built/ on/ area/ of/ thirty square kilometers.

40. Our teacher/ asked/ if/ we/ like/ go camping/ coming festival.