

1. A lot of waste from hotels and vehicles is discharged _____ the water and air.
A. into B. at C. of D. for
2. Local governments use the money from ecotourism for the preservation _____ their national parks.
A. in B. of C. to D. from
3. Tourists should enjoy the wildlife _____ harming it.
A. to B. with C. without D. into
4. Vietnam's natural and cultural potential _____ ecotourism is well known.
A. for B. with C. of D. up
5. Their trip to Can Gio Biosphere Reserve was _____ because of the bad weather.
A. taken off B. called after C. taken after D. called off

II. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning

1. The factory was fined for discharging chemicals into the river.
A. increasing B. throwing C. using D. polluting
2. Many species of fauna and flora in this national park is being in danger.
A. flowers B. fruits C. animals D. bacteria
3. Ecotourism has been growing rapidly in this area recently.
A. quickly B. gradually C. slightly D. steadily

III. Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning

1. We can't deny that mass tourism has contributed to the destruction of the environment.
A. reduction B. tradition C. protection D. pollution
2. Costa Rica has beautiful beaches, thick rain forests, exciting volcanoes, and exotic wildlife.
A. ordinary B. different C. strange D. unique
3. It is true that ecotourism is beneficial to local people.
A. fruitful B. harmful C. useful D. hopeful

IV. Vocabulary and collocations.

1. Large areas of national parks in the world used to experience _____ fires because of the carelessness of the tourists.
A. maintaining B. preserving C. devastating D. building
2. Today, many governments have taken into consideration the _____ of water resources.
A. conversation B. conserve C. conservatism D. conservative
3. Most of the souvenir shops in the area are _____ with tourists during the travelling season.
A. full B. narrow C. overcrowded D. thick
4. The flight stops at Hong Kong before going on to its _____.
A. destination B. target C. stop