



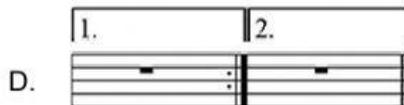
LEARNING ACTIVITY SHEETS
MAPEH 6
THIRD QUARTER

DIRECTIONS: Blacken the circle of the correct answer on the given answer sheet.

1. Which of the following is an element of music that refers to the structure of a musical piece?
A. Marks
B. Melody
C. Verse
D. Form
2. Which of the following songs is the best example of binary form?
A. Lupang Hinirang
B. Kayliit ng Mundo
C. Maligayang Araw
D. Joy to the World
3. What is the musical form of the song when it has five or more musical parts or sections with some repetitions?
A. Strophic
B. Binary
C. ABACA (Rondo)
D. Ternary
4. The song "Paruparong Bukid" is an example of binary form. How many sections are there in the song?
A. 2
B. 3
C. 4
D. 5
5. Below is a diagram with repeat marks. What does this diagram mean?



- A. It means you go back to the beginning.
B. It means the end of the song.
C. You play to D.C, then go back to the beginning and play until you reach "fine".
D. Repeat the beginning of the song until the end.
6. Which of the following symbols is a coda sign?



7. It is the largest and the lowest-pitched string instrument.
A. viola
B. cello
C. double bass
D. violin
8. Which of the following is NOT a percussion instrument?
A. Oboe
B. Timpani
C. Piano
D. Drum



9. How do string instruments produced sound?

- A. By the use of piston valves or slides.
- B. By bowing, plucking, or strumming.
- C. By blowing into a tube through the hole.
- D. By hitting, striking, or shaking.



10. What group of instruments does this picture belong?

- A. Brass
- B. Woodwind
- C. Percussion
- D. String

11. It is an element of music that refers to the level of loudness and softness of sound.

- A. Dynamics
- B. Tempo
- C. Melody
- D. Rhythm

12. What dynamic symbol is used when a song is gradually increasing loudness?

- A. fortissimo (ff)
- B. piano (p)
- C. crescendo (<)
- D. mezzo forte (mf)

13. It is an art form where an image is transferred from one surface to another.

- A. Stenciling
- B. Photography
- C. Printmaking
- D. Iron-on transfer

14. It is a method of printmaking where it uses a screen and stencil.

- A. Silkscreen
- B. Iron-on transfer
- C. Direct-to-garment
- D. Stenciling

15. It is a method of printmaking that uses a special transfer paper so that the design can be transferred using a flat iron.

- A. Direct-to-garment
- B. Iron-on transfer
- C. Silkscreen printing
- D. Stenciling

16. It is a printing technique whereby a mesh is used to transfer ink onto a substrate.

- A. Stenciling
- B. Silkscreen printing
- C. Iron-on transfer
- D. Direct-to-garment

17. Speed up the printing of original designs and made them accessible to many as emphasized in t-shirts and poster designs.

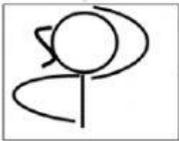
- A. Traditional printing
- B. Stenciling
- C. Digital printing
- D. Silkscreen printing

18. It is the distribution of weight on either side of the vertical axis.

- A. Balance
- B. Contrast
- C. Emphasis
- D. Movement

19. It is the arrangement of opposite elements (light vs dark, rough vs smooth, small vs large, etc. in a composition to create visual interest.

- A. Balance
- B. Contrast
- C. Emphasis
- D. Movement

20. It is used to make certain parts of artwork stand out. It creates the center of interest or focal one aspect of the work to another.
- A. Balance
B. Contrast
C. Emphasis
D. Movement
21. Repetition of specific visual elements such as a unit of shape or forms.
- A. Pattern
B. Rhythm
C. Unity
D. Movement
22. It is how the eye moves through the composition, leading the attention of the viewer from one aspect of the work to another.
- A. Balance
B. Contrast
C. Emphasis
D. Movement
23. This refers to a collection of programs that control your computer's internal functioning or provide a platform for another type of software.
- A. Programming Software's
B. System Software's
C. Application Software's
D. Web Browser
24. This one encompasses the tool that allows programmers to create, debug, write, and maintain other computer programs and applications. (Example of programming software include ECLIPSE, SUBLIME TEXT, and CODA).
- A. Programming Software's
B. System Software's
C. Application Software's
D. Web Browser
25. Which basic position of the arms is shown in the picture?
- A. First position
B. Second position
C. Third position
D. Fourth position
- 
26. Which basic position of the feet is shown?
- A. First position
B. Second position
C. Third position
D. Fourth position
- 
27. Which basic dance step in 2 time has Heel place, close step Pattern?
- A. Bleking step
B. Close step
C. Touch step
D. Step hop
28. Which is a step pattern for plain polka?
- A. Slide cut hop
B. Step close step pause
C. Step heel place step
D. Step cross step
29. The following are the benefits of dancing, except:
- A. It boosts your immune system.
B. It strengthens your bones and muscles.
C. It helps develop your confidence.
D. It can develop back pain.

30. Which dance imitates the movement of a duck as it walks with choppy steps and splashes water on its back while attracting its mate?
- A. Carinosa
B. Pandango sa ilaw
C. Itik-itik
D. Tinikling
31. Which step pattern describes Itik -Itik step no. 4?
- A. Step Ball-close, Ball-close
B. Heel, Close-ball close
C. Step, Slide -Close slide-close
D. Cross-step slide-close slide
32. What skills will you develop in dancing Itik-itik dance?
- A. It improves your coordination and endurance.
B. It improves your motor fitness social skills.
C. It improves your balance and posture.
D. All of the above
33. Which of the following is the oldest form of dance?
- A. festival street dance
B. ballroom dance
C. cheer dance
D. Folk Dance
34. Which among the following dance originates from Surigao del Norte?
- A. Carinosa
C. Itik-itik
35. Which of the following describes the costume for the girls in the dance Itik-itik?
- A. Patadyong o balintawak
B. Baro't saya
C. Blusa
D. Malong
36. What is the position of the arms in Figure 2 while taking Itik-itik step 2?
- A. Arms are in T position.
B. Arms are in hayun-hayon position.
C. Arms are in a reverse T position.
D. Arms are bent forward with elbows at shoulder level.
37. In Itik- itik step 1, what is the basic position of the feet?
- A. Third or fifth position
B. Third Position
C. Second Position
D. First Position
38. Which of the following are the symptoms of a viral disease called influenza?
- A. vomiting
B. diarrhea
C. runny nose
D. fever and muscle pains
39. How to get rid of pests and rodents at home?
- A. Keep your home clean.
B. Leave your dishes overnight.
C. Throw your garbage anywhere.
D. Put all the junks inside the stockroom.
40. Which of the following diseases is brought by pests and rodents?
- A. Anemia
B. Dengue
C. Cholera
D. Leptospirosis
41. It is defined as the art of maintaining, protecting, and improving the health of all members of the community.
- A. Mental Health
B. Physical Health
C. Community Health
D. Emotional Health

42. It is a disease characterized by severe diarrhea caused by cockroaches when they get in contact with food.
- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| A. Polio | C. Diarrhea |
| B. Cholera | D. Dysentery |
43. What is the best way in controlling or managing noise pollution on the road?
- Use loud serin.
 - Minimize blowing of the horn.
 - Shout with the passengers.
 - Keep revolution of the engine even late at night.
44. Which of the following are the ill effects of pest and rodents on people?
- They multiply easily.
 - They pollute the environment.
 - They make our environment dirty.
 - They bring harmful elements that make people sick.
45. Which of the following situation shows a proper way of managing noise pollution?
- Rob yells too loud while playing a video game.
 - Frank speaks softly while inside the classroom.
 - Joy allows their dogs to bark even if it's late at night.
 - Peter shouts so loud while playing basketball with friends.
46. What do you think is the best thing to do if your neighbor is singing videoke too loud late at night?
- Ignore them.
 - Go to your barangay and report the incident.
 - Shout at your neighbor because of their noise.
 - Talk to your neighbor in a nice way, tell them that you cannot sleep well because of the noise.
47. Which of the following is the best practice to prevent and control pests and rodents?
- Use flyscreens to trap mosquitoes and pesticides.
 - Keep spraying your house with pesticides.
 - Make sure to close your doors and windows so that rodents will not come inside your house.
 - Throw garbage properly, clean, and vacuum floors if necessary.
48. Which of the following activities will keep water and air clean and safe?
- Cyanide fishing
 - Smoke-belching
 - Dumping garbage into the bodies of water.
 - Participating in cleanliness drive in the community.
49. It is an illness or health problem that can be spread from one person to another?
- Genetic disease
 - Metabolic disease
 - Communicable disease
 - Non- communicable disease
50. Which of the following diseases is NOT caused by poor personal hygiene and a polluted environment?
- | | |
|--------------|------------------------|
| A. Anemia | C. Tuberculosis |
| B. Pneumonia | D. Colds and Influenza |