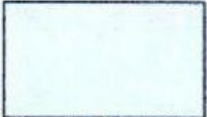


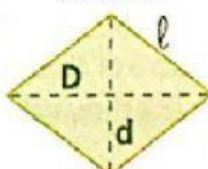
Quadrilateri

Poligono	Formule per calcolare il perimetro	Formule inverse	Formule per calcolare l'area	Formule inversa
Rettangolo 	$P = b + \dots$	$b = (P : 2) - \dots$	$A = b \times \dots$	$b = A : \dots$
	$P = (b + h) \times \dots$			
	$P = (b \times \dots) + (\dots)$	$h = (P : 2) - \dots$		$h = A : \dots$

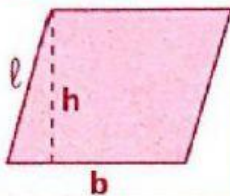
Poligono	Formule per calcolare il perimetro	Formule inverse	Formule per calcolare l'area	Formule inversa
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Quadrato 	$P = l \times \dots\dots\dots$ $P = l + \dots\dots\dots$	$l = P : \dots\dots\dots$	$A = \dots\dots\dots$	<i>Trovare il numero che moltiplicato per se stesso dia la misura dell'area.</i>
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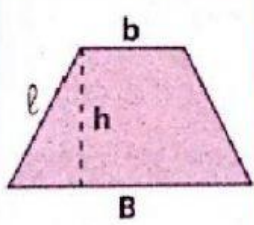
Poligono	Formule per calcolare il perimetro	Formule inverse	Formule per calcolare l'area	Formule inversa
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Rombo 	$P = l + \dots\dots\dots$	$l = P : \dots\dots\dots$	$A = (D \times d) : \dots\dots\dots$	$D = (A \times 2) : \dots\dots\dots$
	$P = l \times \dots\dots\dots$			$d = (A \times 2) : \dots\dots\dots$

Poligono	Formule per calcolare il perimetro	Formule inverse	Formule per calcolare l'area	Formule inversa
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Parallelogramma 	$P = (b + l) \times \dots\dots\dots$	$b = (P : 2) - \dots\dots\dots$	$A = \dots\dots\dots$	$b = A : \dots\dots\dots$
	$P = (b \times \dots\dots\dots) + (\dots\dots\dots \times 2)$	$l = (P : 2) - \dots\dots\dots$		$h = A : \dots\dots\dots$

Poligono	Formule per calcolare il perimetro	Formule inverse	Formule per calcolare l'area	Formule inversa
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Trapezio isoscele 	$P = \ell + B +$	$B = P - (\ell + \dots\dots\dots)$	$A =$ $(B + b) \times \dots\dots : \dots\dots$	$h = \frac{(A \times 2)}{\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots}$
	$P =$ $(2 \times \ell) + b + \dots\dots\dots$	$\ell = \frac{P - (B + b)}{\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots}$	$A = \frac{(B + b) \times \dots\dots}{\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots}$	$B + b = \frac{(A \times 2)}{\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots}$