

Practicing for a test

1. Fill in the chart. (Töltsd ki a táblázatot!)

INSTRUMENT	MEASUREMENT	UNIT	SYMBOL
 clock			
	length		
		kilogram dekagram gram	
			ml dl l

	kg	mililire
mass	dkg	decilitre
	g	litre
kilometre, metre, decimetre, centimetre, milimetre	volume	km, m dm, cm, mm
h	hour, minute	
m	second, week,	time
s	month, year	

2. Join the pairs. (Párosítsd a mondatokat!)

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| 1. THE FORCE OF GRAVITY ATTRACT EVERYTHING | SEE AND BE SEEN. |
| 2. CONTACT FORCE CAN BE MUSCULAR FORCE | WE CALL IT NON-CONTACT FORCES. |
| 3. FORCE CAN CAUSE AN OBJECT | IT IS CALLED A COLLISION. |
| 4. IF THERE IS NO CONTACT BETWEEN THE TWO OBJECTS | TO CHANGE ITS DIRECTION. |
| 5. A BICYCLE SAFETY TIP: | IF YOU USE YOUR MUSCLE. |
| 6. WHEN OBJECTS MEET AND HIT EACH OTHER WITH A FORCE | TOWARDS THE EARTH. |

3. Fill in the gaps. Use these words. (Egészítsd ki a szavakkal a mondatokat!)

SOURCES

TRAVELS

REFLECTS

TRANSPARENT

BLOCKED

DETECT

FAST

ENERGY

REFRACTION

1. LIGHT IS A FORM OF _____ WHICH OUR SENSE OF SIGHT CAN _____.
2. LIGHT _____ VERY, VERY _____.
3. WE CAN GET LIGHT FROM NATURAL _____ LIKE THE SUN.
4. MOON _____ THE LIGHT.
5. WHEN LIGHT BENDS IT IS CALLED _____.
6. IF LIGHT IS _____, THE OBJECT IS OPAQUE.
7. IF LIGHT PASSES THROUGH THE OBJECT IT IS _____.

4. Put the words in the appropriate group. (Helyezd a szavakat a megfelelő csoportba!)

 FLAMMABLE MATERIALS	NON-FLAMMABLE MATERIALS

oil

sand

pear

paper

wood

pencil

water

glass