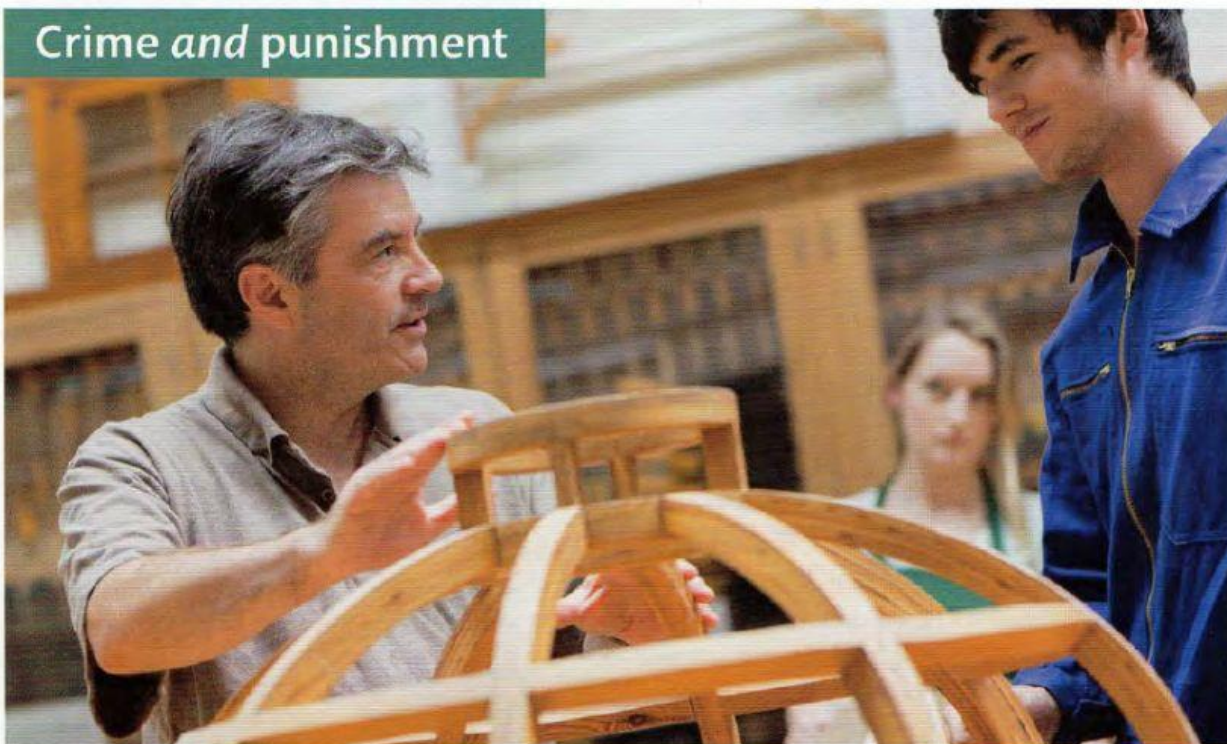


1 Read the text and choose the correct letter (a, b, c or d) for each space.

Tip: When you look at the four options for each gap, think about the meaning of each word. Also think about the words or grammar patterns it is usually used with. Then decide which option best fills the gap.

Crime and punishment



Societies have always found it difficult to ¹ _____ with the problem of young criminals. In the past young people who ² _____ crimes were often sent to prison. Many judges believed that this was the best way to ³ _____ them. They thought that if they didn't treat these youngsters severely, they ⁴ _____ never change their ways. It is certainly true that if a young person ⁵ _____ an old person, for example, they should pay a price for this action. But the question is whether the best solution is to send them to prison, ⁶ _____ they will meet and ⁷ _____ out with older, more experienced criminals.

Many experts now believe it is important to help young criminals to ⁸ _____ changes to their life, rather than simply locking them away. They say it is better to help these young people to ⁹ _____ new skills. This will help them to ¹⁰ _____ a job in the future and hopefully stay away from crime. Of course, someone who has ¹¹ _____ their house burgled by a young criminal may not agree with this gentle approach!

Example:

- | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1 a deal | b solve | c get on | d fall out |
| 2 a made | b committed | c did | d acted |
| 3 a hurt | b catch | c punish | d arrest |
| 4 a will | b can | c must | d would |
| 5 a steals | b robs | c breaks | d damages |
| 6 a where | b which | c who | d that |
| 7 a chat | b discuss | c hang | d spend |
| 8 a do | b get | c take | d make |
| 9 a learn | b do | c revise | d memorise |
| 10 a go | b get | c take | d win |
| 11 a watched | b made | c suffered | d had |