

WEEKEND WORKSHEET (27)

Name:

Class:

Date:

A – LESSON SUMMARY

I – VOCABULARY

ENGLISH	VIETNAMESE	ENGLISH	VIETNAMESE
	Có thể tái tạo		Không thể tái tạo
Nuclear		Polluting	
Hydro		Exhaustible	
available			
Energy source			Năng lượng mặt trời
	Than đá		Dầu mỏ
	Khí ga thiên nhiên	Fossil fuel	
	Dồi dào, phong phú	Nuclear power	

II – GRAMMAR

1. Future continuous (tương lai tiếp diễn)

a. Form

- (+) S + will be + V-ing
- (-) S + won't be + V-ing
- (?) Will + S + be + V-ing? – Yes, S + will/ No, S + won't
- (Wh-) Wh_ + will + be + V-ing?

b. Usage

Thì tương lai tiếp diễn được sử dụng để

- diễn tả hành động sẽ đang xảy ra tại một thời điểm xác định trong tương lai.
- Diễn tả kế hoạch hoặc dự đoán điều gì đó sẽ xảy ra trong tương lai (có ngữ cảnh cụ thể)

E.g. She will be having a piano lesson *at this time* tomorrow.

c. Signal words

- At **5p.m tomorrow**/ at **midnight tonight**/...
- At **this time**/ **that time** next week...
- While/ When
- Still
- an hour **from now**/ **in 3 days**/ **by 7 o'clock**/...

2. Simple future Passive

- (+) S + will be + V_{II}
 (-) S + won't be + V_{II}
 (?) Will + S + be + V_{II}
 (Wh_) Wh_ + will + S + be + V_{II}

e.g. Robots will be used much more in the future.

B – PRACTICE EXERCISES:

Ex1: Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. A. <u>a</u> bundant | B. <u>n</u> uclear | C. <u>tr</u> uck | D. <u>d</u> ump |
| 2. A. play <u>e</u> d | B. cross <u>e</u> d | C. describ <u>e</u> d | D. terrifi <u>e</u> d |
| 3. A. decid <u>e</u> d | B. danc <u>e</u> d | C. discuss <u>e</u> d | D. pronounc <u>e</u> d |
| 4. A. br <u>e</u> ad | B. gr <u>e</u> at | C. inst <u>e</u> ad | D. spr <u>e</u> ad |
| 5. A. <u>b</u> lood | B. vocab <u>a</u> lary | C. doub <u>t</u> ful | D. <u>b</u> oring |

Ex2: Find the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. musician | B. enormous | C. natural | D. improvement |
| 2. A. effective | B. plentiful | C. dangerous | D. limited |
| 3. A. population | B. education | C. consumption | D. satisfaction |
| 4. A. energy | B. countryside | C. changeable | D. volunteer |
| 5. A. renewable | B. artificial | C. unfortunate | D. continuous |

Ex3: Choose the best option to fill in the blank.

- _____ energy is produced by collecting sunlight and converting it into electricity.
 A. Hydro B. Nuclear C. Solar D. Wind
- There are many available _____ power sources in Vietnam including sun, wind, water, etc.
 A. nuclear B. hydro C. renewable D. solar
- _____ can be an excellent source of free, renewable energy for poor farmers.
 A. Turbine B. Biogas C. Solar panel D. Bulb
- Wind power is one of the earliest _____ sources of energy used by humankind.
 A. alternative B. polluted C. harmful D. exhausted
- Biogas can be used to _____ natural gas in cooking, heating, or electrical generation.
 A. use up B. replace C. pollute D. install
- _____ source of energy is the source that can't be replaced after use.
 A. Renewable B. Natural C. Effective D. Non-renewable
- By the middle of the 21st century, people in developing countries _____ more renewable energy.
 A. uses B. will be using C. used D. have used
- Alternative sources of energy _____ developed in the near future.
 A. is B. was C. has been D. will be
- Fossil fuels are very common in our society but they _____ the environment.
 A. renew B. provide C. waste D. pollute
- Hydro power is _____ because dams cannot be built in certain areas.
 A. limited B. unlimited C. abundant D. enough
- At this time next week, we _____ a wind turbine in our garden.
 A. install B. installed C. will installed D. will be installed

12. Biogas is _____ and cheap for cooking and heating.
A. plenty B. abundant C. serious D. expensive
13. A hydropower station _____ in the North of the country next year.
A. will build B. is built C. will be built D. has built
14. We should put _____ on our roof for the heating and hot water.
A. solar energy B. equipment C. cracks D. solar panels
15. It is a good idea to use _____ when travelling long distances.
A. cars B. taxis C. private cars D. public transport
16. What should we do to _____ electricity?
A. cut B. take C. save D. waste
17. In my opinion, nuclear power is not only expensive but also _____ to our environment.
A. danger B. dangerous C. risk D. disaster
18. Someone's carbon _____ is a measurement of the amount of carbon dioxide that their activities produce.
A. effect B. amount C. footprint D. energy
19. Several governments try to _____ the use of fossil fuels.
A. reduce B. increase C. waste D. save
20. Remember to _____ the lights before going to bed.
A. turn B. turn off C. turn on D. stop

Ex4: Give the correct form of the verbs in brackets: simple future or future continuous?

1. This time next year I (live) _____ in London.
2. At 8 p.m tonight I (eat) _____ dinner with my family.
3. What (wear/ you) _____ at the party tonight?
4. I completely forget about this. Give me a moment, I (do) _____
5. If you have any problems, I (help) _____ you.
6. I promise that I (not/ come) _____ late.
7. They (make) _____ their presentation about alternative energy sources at this time tomorrow morning.
8. I _____ (be) there at four o'clock, I promise.
9. I love London. I (probably/ go) _____ there next year.
10. We (wait) _____ here when you come back.

Ex5: Read the passage and answer the questions given.

Many people still believe that natural resources will never be used up. Actually the world's energy resources are limited. Nobody knows exactly how much fuel is left. However, we also should use them economically and try to find out alternative sources of power. According to Professor Marvin Burnham of the New England Institute of Technology, we have to start conserving coal, oil and gas before it is too late; and nuclear power is the only alternative.

However, many people don't approve of using nuclear power because it is very dangerous. What would happen if there were a serious nuclear accident? Radioactivity causes cancer and may badly affect the future generations. The most effective thing is that we should use natural resources as economically as possible.

- *New words:* + conserve (v): bảo tồn
+ radioactivity (n): tính phóng xạ
+ economically (adv): một cách tiết kiệm

Answer the questions:

1. Can natural resources be used up someday?

2. What should we do if we don't want the natural resources to run out of?

3. Why don't people prefer using nuclear power?

4. What does the radioactivity cause for young people?

5. What will you do to protect your environment?

Ý kiến và chữ ký xác nhận đã kiểm tra của PHHS:
