

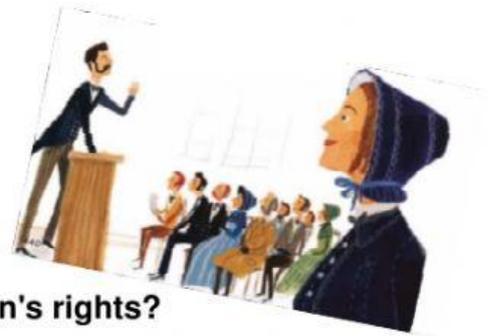
ELIZABETH LEADS THE WAY

1. **“Elizabeth had tossed a stone in the water and the ripples grew wider and wider and wider” that means that:**

- Elizabeth made waves in a pool.
- Elizabeth had begun the fight for women's rights.
- Elizabeth caused problems at a local church.
- Elizabeth had begun a fight with government leaders.

2. **What right does Elizabeth think will change everything?**

- the right to vote
- the right to a fair trial
- the right to own property
- the right to earn a fair wage



3. **When did Elizabeth get fired up about women's rights?**

- When she met her husband.
- When she was invited to a lunch by Lucretia Mott.
- When she held a meeting at a small church in New York.
- When she heard about a woman who lost her home when her husband died.

4. **When Elizabeth got married, why did she add her husband's name to hers?**

- Because she liked her name.
- Because she did what most women did.
- Because she needed his name in order to vote.

- Because she didn't want to give up something that was hers.

5. How did Elizabeth solve the problem of not being able to go to college?

- She applied anyway.
- She got a job instead.
- She asked to go to a girls' school
- She spent her days reading at the library.



6. Use one of the words in the box to complete the following sentences.

unfairness	-	horrified	-	daring	-	participate
		continued	-	waver	-	proposed

- Elizabeth _____ her friends to have a meeting.
- Not being able to vote was an _____.
- Elizabeth was _____ when she knew that women lost everything when her husbands died.
- Elizabeth never stopped fighting for women's rights she _____ even in hard times.
- The idea of women voting was so _____.
- Elizabeth never _____ because she knew that voting was the only way to make a difference.
- Many years ago, women cannot _____ in almost anything.

