

ĐỀ KHẢO SÁT CHẤT LƯỢNG HỌC SINH GIỎI

Môn: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 7

(Thời gian làm bài 120 phút không kể thời gian giao đề)

SECTION A. LISTENING (3.0P)

Part 1. Listen to invitations left on Nick's voicemail. What phrase completes each statement? Write the correct letter. (1,0p) (Điền chữ cái viết thường vào ô trống)

1. Denise is inviting Nick to	1. _____	a. dinner.
2. Ray is inviting Nick to come over and	2. _____	b. the beach.
3. Nick's mother is inviting him for	3. _____	c. listen to a band.
4. Lauren is inviting Nick to	4. _____	d. watch the game on TV.
5. Steve is inviting Nick to	5. _____	e. a movie.

Part 2. You are going to listen to a conversation with a woman who wants to join an international social club. Listen and complete the form. (1,0p)

International Social Club	
Application form	
Name:	Jenny Foo Age: 21
Nationality:	(1)
Address:	(2), Road Bondy
Mobile phone:	(3)
Occupation:	(4)
Free time interests:	(5)

Part 3: You are going to listen to a supervisor talking to a group of new nurses at a large hospital. Listen and choose the best option (A, B, or C) to answer each of the following questions. (1,0p)

1. According to Debbie, why do some people fail to eat a balanced diet?

- A. They don't know how to cook. B. They don't have enough time to cook.
C. They don't feel hungry enough to cook.

2. Debbie recommends that staff should keep fit by

- A. Using a gym. B. Taking up a new sport. C. Changing some daily activities.

3. Which benefit of exercise does Debbie think is most important?

- A. It helps you sleep. B. It keeps your heart healthy. C. It improves mental skills.

4. What advice does Debbie give the nurses about health and safety?

- A. To avoid drinking coffee. B. To use the canteen at night. C. To take regular breaks.

5. When she talks about hygiene, Debbie asks the nurses to

- A. Wash their hands regularly. B. Keep away from germs. C. Help with the cleaning.

SECTION B. PHONETICS – LEXCICO GRAMMAR (9,0P)

I. Phonetics (1.0 point)

A. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others in each group. (0,5p)

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. A. <u>ex</u> press | B. <u>ex</u> citing | C. <u>ex</u> pensive | D. <u>ex</u> cellent |
| 2. A. deligh <u>te</u> d | B. nak <u>e</u> d | C. decid <u>e</u> d | D. book <u>e</u> d |
| 3. A. <u>loo</u> k | B. scoo <u>te</u> r | C. mo <u>o</u> n | D. <u>foo</u> d |
| 4. A. <u>h</u> onor | B. <u>h</u> onest | C. over <u>h</u> ead | D. ex <u>h</u> hausted |
| 5. A. strai <u>gh</u> t | B. pai <u>n</u> | C. sai <u>d</u> | D. afrai <u>d</u> |

B. Choose the word (A, B, C, or D) whose main stress is different from the others. (0,5p)

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 6. A. receive | B. copy | C. differ | D. listen |
| 7. A. dangerous | B. energy | C. television | D. expensive |
| 8. A. exist | B. avoid | C. support | D. notice |
| 9. A. happy | B. easily | C. Vietnamese | D. plentiful |
| 10. A. recycle | B. description | C. contribute | D. atmosphere |

II. Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.(2,0p)

1. Hurry up, you will miss the last bus.

- A. if B. when C. unless D. or

2 The scene was frightening that I closed my eyes.

- A. very B. such C. so D. too

3 They found his annoying

- A. behave B. be had C. behaving D. behavior

4. Wind , hydro and solar are called

- A. source of energy B. solar energy
C. renewable energy sources D. non- renewable

5 Will the Segway befriendly?

- A. environment B. environmental
C. environmentally D. environmentalist

6 They seldom meet the old teacher ,?

- A. do they B. don't they C. are they D. aren't they

7 He will never pass his driving testhe takes more lessons.

- A. if B. Unless C. because D. when

8. - ".....tell me the way to the post office?"

- I am sorry. I am new comer here, too.

20. Careless driving accidents on the road

A. cause

B. will cause

C. have caused

D. caused

III. Supply the correct form of verbs in the brackets to complete the sentences below. (2,0p)

1. Take these pills and you **(feel)** better then, Ha .
2. Nothing **(do)** since we **(move)** here.
3. How long it **(be)** since he last met you?
4. It is too difficult for me **(solve)** this problems.
5. Can't you see that I'm busy **(write)** ?
6. This time next month, they **(lie)** on the beach.
7. I will send him the message as soon as he **(return)**
8. You **(be)** angry if he refuses to help you?
9. We are made **(finish)** our homework by the teacher.

IV. Use the correct form of the words in the brackets to complete sentences. (2,0p)

1. Hung King's temple is a place in Viet Nam **(culture)**
2. Our are seriously polluted ()
3. After the stopped playing , everyone stood and clapped their hands **(music)**
4. There is a serious of playgrounds for children in the big cities **(short)**
5. Tet holiday is the most important for Viet Nam people **(celebrate)**
6. This lovely apartment has two bedrooms and it is **(furnish)**
7. Some of the children boys, play marbles when there is a break. **(main)**
8. is still a major problem in most big cities **(poor)**
9. Catching the common cold is for everybody. **(please)**
10. I don't like stories which have ending (**happy**)

V. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.(2,0p)

1. Meat must keep in a refrigerator or it will spoil.

A B C D

2. There is a cat sit in the middle of the road.

A B C D

3. She spends her free time to visit galleries and museums.

A B C D

4. I found it wonderfully to travel abroad.

A B C D

5. Nobody liked English here , didn't they?

A B C D

6.The public library in my city has thousand of good books.

A B C D

7. People are living longer, so there are more and many old people.

A B C D

8. The teacher told us don't be afraid of failure if I try all my best.

A B C D

9. There is a ten-floors building in front of my house.

A B C D

10. In spite of her young old , she performs excellently

A B C D

SECTION C. READING (4,0P).

I. Match each of the headline (A-E) with the most suitable paragraph (1-5) below. (1,0p)

- A.** How I began
- B.** The worst aspect of my hobby
- C.** My hopes for the future
- D.** Why I like my hobby
- E.** When and where I do it

- _____ **1.** For me, every weekday begins the same: I get up at 7:00, I have breakfast, I catch the bus to school, I go to lessons,... . I don't hate this daily routine, but it isn't very thrilling. In the evenings, however, I drive Formula 1 cars, build enormous cities and defend my planet against aliens. In short, I play computer games. It's like entering a different world. That's why I love playing them so much.
- _____ **2.** I first became interested in computer games about 4 years ago. I was staying with my cousin for the weekend. He had some games and he taught me how to play them. I became hooked immediately! When I got home, I decided to save all my money for buying games. Now I've got about 20 different games.
- _____ **3.** Some of my friends from school are interested in computer games too. We normally meet at my house in the evenings and play for a few hours. We sometimes play at weekends, but if the weather's good, I prefer to go cycling or play basketball instead.
- _____ **4.** Computer games are interesting because they often contain stories and characters. The games are getting better all the time, but they're also getting more expensive. The only thing I don't like about my hobby is the cost! New games are often around \$50.

_____ 5. My interest in computer games has taught me a lot about computer graphics. I want to study computing at college, and learn how to design and program games. Eventually, I'd like to start my own software company, creating and testing new games. That way, I could spend all day doing what I love most.

II. Find a suitable word and fill in the blanket. (2,0p)

Ho Chi Minh was born in 1890 in Nghe An (1) _____, in the village of Kim Lien. When he (2) _____ 21 years old, he (3) _____ Viet Nam and travelled to Africa, England and America. After this, he worked in a hotel in London in the early 1900s then moved to Paris in 1917. He (4) _____ six years in Paris, one (5) _____ in Moscow and then moved to Guangzhou. He founded (6) _____ Indochinese Communist Party when he lived in Guangzhou. (7) _____ the 1930s Ho Chi Minh continued to travel and after his return to Viet Nam he formed the Viet Minh in 1941. Fours years (8) _____, he became (9) _____ of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam after Viet Nam declared its independence. Ho Chi Minh died in Ha Noi in 1969, but he will always be (10) _____ by the Vietnamese people.

III. Read the passage and choose the best answer.(1,0p)

An important part of world history is the story of communication. In prehistoric times, for example, people did not have books. They did not know much about geography. People were limited. They knew only about themselves and their environment (the land around their homes). Their knowledge of geographical things like mountains and rivers was limited. They did not travel very far. Sometimes they knew about nearby people and communicated with them. They sent messages in simple ways. Early signals for communication included smoke from fires and the sounds of drums.

Then people formed towns, and then cities, as safe places to live. Soon they began to develop other ways to communicate, to spread information. People began to buy and sell things to one another. Because of their business, they developed writing systems to keep records and to send messages. Life was changing for many

people. Business caused changes, and so did the invention of the printing press. Many more people learned to read then.

Suddenly communication and knowledge improved greatly. People sent letters and news by horse and carriage. Later the mail went by train and then by airplane. World communication was now a possibility.

1. Prehistory was
 - A. 200 years ago, when we had history books.
 - B. many years ago, before history books were written.
 - C. after the development of the printing press.
 - D. Since 1945
2. People live in their
 - A. horse carriage
 - B. own environments
 - C. businesses
 - D. their flats
3. Mountains and rivers are geographical things. So is
 - A. smoke
 - B. a drum
 - C. the ocean
 - D. hills
4. Many more people learned to readthe invention of the printing press.
 - A. during
 - B. before
 - C. after
 - D. all are correct
5. The main idea of the reading text.
 - A. An important part of world history is the story of communication.
 - B. In prehistoric times, for example, people did not have books.
 - C. Then people formed towns, and then cities, as safe places to live.
 - D. World communication was now a possibility.

SECTION D. WRITING (4,0P)

I. Rewrite the following sentences. (2,0p)

1. Why don't you ask her for the help?
-> You had.....
2. He speaks too quickly for us to understand.