

PRACTICE TEST 017
(BỘ ĐỀ ÔN THI VÀO LỚP 10 THPT NĂM HỌC 2020-2021)

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. culture B. popular C. regular D. fabulous
2. A. conflict B. forbidden C. reliable D. determine

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. economics B. inspection C. regulation D. individual
4. A. absolute B. Important C. responsible D. familiar

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

5. The more you practise, the fluently you can speak.
A B C D
6. They stopped to work because of the hot weather.
A B C D
7. They have lived next door to US for years, therefore, we hardly ever see them.
A B C D

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following question.

8. In 1990, due to the change of the economic situation, Dong Ho paintings were difficult to sell and many _____ quit their job.
A. craftsmanship B. craft unions C. craftsmen D. crafts
9. Making rice paper _____ jobs and income for many locals, and helps many families out of poverty and become well-off.
A. keeps B. gets C. applies for D. creates
10. Since changing the way of production, many craftsmen have voluntarily joined together to form _____.
A. cooperates B. cooperation C. cooperatives D. cooperative
11. The artisan is delighted to _____ to you the craft of creating prints in an old-age style.
A. demonstrate B. explain C. express D. provide
12. We have plenty of time for doing the work. We _____ be hurried.
A. needn't B. shouldn't C. mustn't D. mayn't
13. It gets _____ to understand what the professor has explained.
A. the more difficult B. more difficult than
C. difficult more and more D. more and more difficult
14. Nowadays, Tan Chau artisans can produce silk of multiple colours _____ they can meet customers' demands.
A. so B. so that C. but D. in order
15. How are you on with your work? - It is OK
A. calling B. getting C. playing D. looking
16. When we arrived at the meeting, the first speaker _____ and the audience
A. had just finished / were clapping B. had just finished / clapped
C. was finishing / clapped D. finished / had clapped

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.

17. "Why don't we visit the Happy Mind Charity Centre this weekend?" - " _____ "
A. Because it is so useful. B. That's a good idea I
C. I'll tell you about this centre. D. Until next time.
18. "Hello. I'm Minh, the leader of Dream Sky volunteer team" - " _____ "
A. Nice to meet you. I'm John, from Volunteer Bolivia.
B. It's nice of you so say so. I'm John, from Volunteer Bolivia.
C. Fine, see you again soon, Minh.
D. Don't mention it. I'm John, from Volunteer Bolivia.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

19. Young people are now getting more and more concerned about environmental problems.
A. worried B. nervous C. hopeless D. uneasy

20. In Vietnam, it is customary to choose a favourable day for occasions such as weddings, funerals, or house-moving days.

- A. suitable B. favourite C. beautiful D. whole

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

21. At first, he was reluctant to help US. However, after persuading for a long time, he agreed to play the guitar at our tea-shop.

- A. hesitate B. willing C. eager D. keen

22. Stop being mean to everyone or you'll have no friends.

- A. unkind B. cruel C. miserable D. kind

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

In the Middle Ages the vast majority of European cities had walls around them. They (23) _____ to defend the city, but they also kept out undesirable people, like those with contagious diseases.

Most of London's gates had been (24) _____ by the end of the eighteenth century. However, by a stroke of luck, the last of them was preserved. This gate is, in actual fact, not called a gate at all; its name is Temple Bar, and it marked the (25) _____ between the old City of London and Westminster. However, as the (26) _____ of traffic through London increased, Temple Bar became an obstacle to its free flow. In 1878 it was decided to take it down, so its stones were numbered, dismantled and put in storage. A couple of years later a wealthy businessman bought the stones and re-erected them at his house in Hertfordshire.

In the 1970s the Temple Bar Trust was (27) _____ with the intention of returning the gate to the City of London. Much of the money for this project was donations from the Temple Bar Trust. The stonework needed a lot of restoration, which was carried out by the Cathedral Works Organization. Today, Temple Bar stands next to St Paul's Cathedral.

23. A. supposed B. served C. expected D. meant
24. A. devoted B. demolished C. declared D. decreased
25. A. division B. part C. line D. boundary
26. A. amount B. quantity C. bulk D. number
27. A. set out B. set up C. set off D. set back

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Although they are an inexpensive supplier of vitamins, minerals, and high- quality protein, eggs also contain a high level of blood cholesterol, one of the major causes of heart diseases. One egg yolk, in fact, contains a little more than two- thirds of the suggested daily cholesterol limit. This knowledge has driven egg sales to plummet in recent years, which in turn has brought about the development of several alternatives to eating regular eggs. One alternative is to eat substitute eggs. These eggs substitutes are not really eggs, but they look **somewhat** like eggs when they are cooked. They have the advantage of having low cholesterol rates, and they can be scrambled or used in banking. One disadvantage, however, is that they are not good for frying, poaching, or boiling. A second alternative to regular eggs is a new type of egg, sometimes called "designer" eggs. These eggs are produced by hens that are fed low- fat diets consisting of ingredients such as canola oil, flax, and rice bran. In spite of their diet, however, these hens produce eggs that contain the same amount of cholesterol as regular eggs. Yet, the producers of these eggs claim that eating their eggs will not raise the blood cholesterol in humans.

Eggs producers claim that their product has been portrayed unfairly. They cite scientific studies to back up their claim. And, in fact, studies on the relationship between eggs and human cholesterol levels have brought **mixed results**. It may be that is not the type of eggs that is the main determinant of cholesterol but the person who is eating the eggs. Some people may be more sensitive to cholesterol derived from food than other people. In fact, there is evidence that certainly dietary fats stimulate the body's production of blood cholesterol. Consequently, while it still makes sense to limit one's intake of eggs, even designer eggs, it seems that doing this without regulating dietary fat will probably not help reduce the blood cholesterol level.

28. What is the main purpose of the passage?

- A. To introduce the idea that dietary fat increases the blood cholesterol level.
B. To make people how about the relationship between eggs and cholesterol.

- C. To persuade people that eggs are unhealthy and should not be eaten.
 D. To convince people to eat "designer" eggs and egg substitutes.
29. What has been the cause for changes in the sale of eggs?
 A. Increasing price B. Decreased production
 C. Dietary changes in hens D. Concerns about cholesterol
30. What is meant by the phrase "**mixed results**"?
 A. The results are blended B. The results are a composite of things.
 C. The results are inconclusive. D. The results are mingled together.
31. Which of the following could best replace the word "**somewhat**"?
 A. in fact B. a little C. indefinitely D. a lot
32. According to the passage, one yolk contains approximately what fraction of the suggested daily limit for human consumption of cholesterol?
 A. $\frac{3}{4}$ B. $\frac{2}{3}$ C. $\frac{1}{2}$ D. $\frac{1}{3}$

Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

33. I find it impossible not to worry about Lan

- A. I can't help feeling worried about Lan
 B. I feel worried about Lan, but I can't do anything to help
 C. I can't do nothing to help Lan although I feel worried about her
 D. I'm unable to worry about Lan

34. You'd better take a taxi; it was raining hard outside

- A. You'd better take a taxi in case it was raining
 B. She advised us to take a taxi because it was raining outside
 C. She gave us a lift because it was raining heavily
 D. She didn't lend us any raincoats but a taxi

35. My brother and I go to that school

- A. I went to that school and my brother, too
 B. I went to that school and so my brother did
 C. I went to that school and so did my brother
 D. I went to that school and so my brother did, too

36. The meeting was put off because of pressure of time

- A. There were not enough time to hold the meeting
 B. People wanted to get away, so the meeting began early
 C. The meeting was planned to start in a short time
 D. The meeting lasted much longer than usual

37. When they arrived, the good seats were already taken

- A. They didn't get good seats because they arrived too late
 B. They arrived late enough to get good seats
 C. They had to stand for the whole show
 D. We couldn't get good seats although we arrived early

38. They would never have accepted his money if they had known his plans

- A. They knew what he wanted to do, so they refused his money
 B. They agreed with his wishes because they were glad to have his money
 C. They didn't know his plans and never took money from him
 D. They took the money he offered them without realizing his purpose

39. He could not afford to buy the car

- A. He couldn't buy the car because it was too expensive
 B. He bought the car because it was expensive
 C. He bought the car though it was expensive
 D. He had enough money but he didn't buy the car

40. Tam is not good at English and neither am I

- A. Neither Tam nor I am good at English
 B. Either Tam or I am good at English
 C. I'm not as good at English as Tam is
 D. Tam isn't good at English but I am

_____ **The end** _____