

UNIT 2- COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVE

I - Fill the words in the blank

1. If two things are _____ in some ways, we can use the comparison with as as.
2. In negative form of comparison of equality, we can replace “as.....as” by “_____as”
3. How comparatives and superlatives forms are created depends on how many _____ there are in the adjective.
4. In comparatives, you can use sentences with “_____”, or you can use a conjunction like “but”.
5. Superlative sentences usually use _____, because there is only one superlative.
6. With adverbs ending in *-ly*, use _____ for the comparative and _____ for the superlative.
7. We use expressions such as faster and faster, more and more expensive to say that something is increasing and use _____ for something decreasing.
8. a bit, much, a lot, far,..... are adverbs of degree which can use _____ a comparative to say how much faster, cheaper, etc.
9. Add *-er* or *-est* to _____ adverbs or adjective in comparative or superlative.
10. Bad, good, little, far,... have _____ comparative forms.

II - Write sentences comparing the three boys, as in the example.

 REPORT Maths: Good Science: Very good	 Alex REPORT Maths: Very good Science: Good English: Very	 REPORT Maths: Good Science: Good English: Good
Daniel Age: 10 years old Height: 1.35 metres tall Weight: 33 kilos Marks: Very good Sports:	Alex Age: 9 years old Height: 1.28 metres tall Weight: 30 kilos Marks: Very good	Max Age: 11 years old Height: 1.35 metres tall Weight: 38 kilos Marks: Good Sports:

1. Alex / young / Daniel
2. Max / heavy / of all
3. Alex / good at English / Daniel
4. Max / intelligent / Alex
5. Max / sporty / Daniel
6. Daniel / good at science / of all
7. Alex / short / of all
8. Max / intelligent / Alex
9. Daniel / intelligent / Max
10. Alex / tall / Max

III - Rewrite each sentence, so that the meaning stays the same.

1. If you run a lot, you will get fitter
--> The more
2. I'm not as good at Math as you are. (better)
--> You I am
3. Sally tried as hard as she could. (did)
--> Sally best.
4. If you run a lot, you will get fitter
--> The more
5. The doctor can't see you earlier than Wednesday I'm afraid.
--> Wednesday is
6. No student in the school is noisier than I am!
--> I am
7. This exhibition is much more interesting than the last one.
--> The last exhibition was not.....
8. Jane's hair isn't as long as Sophie's
--> Sophie's hair is.....
9. Japanese is difficult. Is Chinese, too? (as)
--> Is Chinese

10. You find it more difficult to express anger than I do. (harder)

--> It is.....

III - Write the comparative form of the words in brackets.

1. They've made these chocolate bars (small).
1. Sport is (interesting) than politics.
2. Can't you think of anything..... (intelligent) to say?
3. Well, the place looks (clean) now.
4. Janet looks (thin) than she did.
5. You need to draw it (carefully).
6. The weather is getting (bad).
7. The progamme will be shown at a (late)date.
8. I can't stay (long)than half an hour.
9. A mobile phone would be a (useful)present.
10. I'll try to finish the job (soon).

IV - Find and correct the mistake.

Ex: 0. I am gooder than you. --> gooder - better

1. She look much better.
2. She is the worse writer in the class.
3. These are the goodest cookies I've ever tasted.
4. I went to California, Arizona, and Colorado last summer, and I thought Arizona was better.
5. I go to the beach last week.

V - Fill the word in the blank

words	Comparative	Superlative
Badly/bad		
far		
little/few		
well/good		
Many/much		
far		