

PART 1. PRONUNCIATION (1.5 pt)

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. a. stay b. wait c. traffic d. lane
2. a. reversed b. walked c. stopped d. obeyed
3. a. excited b. annoyed c. bored d. terrified

II. Choose the word which has a different STRESS pattern from the other three in each question.

1. A. parade B. copy C. replace D. arrive
2. A. hotel B. ticket C. highlight D. harvest
3. A. cannon B. chaos C. culture D. direct

PART 2. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR (4.5 pts)

I. Choose one odd

1. A. reverse B. ride C. rule D. drive
2. A. happy B. funny C. joyful D. prefer
3. A. terrifying B. touching C. thrilling D. must-see
4. A. attend B. celebrate C. organize D. held

II. Choose the best answer to complete the sentence (10 questions, 0.25 pts for each right answer)

1. You should look right and left when you go _____ the road.
A. down B. across C. up D. along
2. La Tomatina is a seasonal _____ to celebrate the tomato harvest.
A. celebration B. parade C. festival D. game
3. _____ careful preparation, we have a lot of difficulties in making a new
A. With B. However C. Such D. Despite
4. “_____ is it from your house to the nearest bus stop?” – “About 50 metres”.
A. How much B. How long C. How far D. How often
5. La Tomatina isin Spain, in a small town.
A. holds B. hold C. holding D. held
6. We found the plot of the film _____.
A. bored B. boring C. interested D. acting
7. _____ festival do you choose? - I choose Elephant Race Festival.
A. What B. How C. Which D. When
8. Mr. Beans Holiday is a _____ film - I was laughing from beginning to end.
A. hilarious B. violent C. scary D. moving
9. Give a _____ before you turn left or right.
A. sign B. turn C. sound D. signal
10. She _____ as a teacher for many years before she became a writer
A. didn't use to work B. used to worked C. used to work D. worked

III. Choose the underlined part A, B, C, or D that needs correcting

1. My mother likes " Co Dau 8 Tuoi " film because the film is so interested.
A. likes B. because C. is D. interested
2. "How often is it from your house to the post office?" – "About 400 metres".
A. How often B. from C. the D. about
3. Where did they arrive in Da Nang? - On 29th, April
A. Where B. in C. arrive D. on
4. Despite he is so young, he performs on the stage excellently
A. so B. Despite C. stage D. excellently

PART 3. READING (2 pts)

Passage 1 Read the passage and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each space.

Running of The Bulls - Pamplona, Spain



The Running of the Bulls is a (61) _____ of the famous San Fermin festival - a practice that involves running in front of a small group of bulls (typically a dozen) that have been let loose on a course of a town's streets. A first firework is set off at 8 a.m. to alert the runners that the corral gate is (62) _____. A second firework signals that all six bulls have (63) _____ released. The third and fourth fireworks are signals that all of the

herd has entered the bullring, marking the end of the event. Every year between 200 and 300 people (64) _____ injured during the run (65) _____ most injuries are due to falls and are not serious. So you think you support it?

61. A. part B. whole C. section D. piece
62. A. to close B. closed C. open D. opening
63. A. be B. been C. being D. to be
64. A. are B. were C. have been D. had been
65. A. because B. so C. although D. but

Passage 2 Read the passage and choose the correct answer

Thanksgiving

Thanksgiving is celebrated in the US on the fourth Thursday in November. For many Americans it is the most important holiday apart from Christmas. Schools, offices and most businesses close for Thanksgiving, and many people make the whole weekend a vacation.

Thanksgiving is associated with the time when Europeans first came to North America. In 1620 the ship *the Mayflowers* arrived, bringing about 150 people who today are usually called Pilgrims. They arrived at the beginning of a very hard winter and could not find enough food to eat, so many of them died. But in the following summer Native Americans showed them what foods were safe to eat, so that they could save food for the next winter. They held a big celebration to thank God and the Native Americans for the fact that they had survived.

Today people celebrate Thanksgiving to remember these early days. The most important part of the celebration is a traditional dinner with foods that come from North America. The meal includes turkey, sweet potatoes (also called yams) and cranberries, which are made into a kind of sauce or jelly. The turkey is filled with stuffing or dressing, and many families have their own special recipe. Dessert is pumpkin made into a pie

1. Thanksgiving is held_____.
 A. on the fourth Friday in November.
 B. on the fourth Thursday in November.
 C. on the fourth Thursday in December.
 D. on the fifth Thursday in November.
2. During Thanksgiving, American people_____.
 A. work harder. B. must work on the weekend.
 C. have days off. D. go to school.
3. Most of people on the ship *the Mayflowers* died when they had arrived North America because_____.
 A. they didn't have enough warm clothes.
 B. they were sunk into the water along with the ship.
 C. they didn't have house to live
 D. they couldn't find enough food in a hard winter.
4. Pilgrims celebrated Thanksgiving to_____.
 A. eat food they had saved all the year.
 B. show that they have a lot of food for the next winter.
 C. thank God and the Native Americans for the fact that they had survived.
 D. thank the summer for giving them a lot of food.
5. The most important part of Thanksgiving_____.
 A. is performance in the theatre.
 B. is a traditional dinner with turkey, sweet potatoes and cranberries.
 C. is singing together.
 D. is giving many flowers.

PART 4. WRITING (2 pts)

I. Rewrite the sentences

1. **The distance between my house and the nearest bookstore is about 2 kilometres**
 A. It was about 2 kilometres between my house and the nearest bookstore.
 B. It's the distance about 2 kilometres between my house and the nearest bookstore.
 C. It takes 2 kilometres between my house and the nearest bookstore.
 D. It's about 2 kilometres between my house and the nearest bookstore.
2. **Although Tom was tired, he tried to smile.**
 A. In spite of Tom was tired, he tried to smile.
 B. Despite Tom's tiredness, he tries to smile.
 C. In spite of being tired, Tom tried to smile.
 D. Despite his tired, Tom tried to smile.
3. **The traffic was terrible, but we arrived on time.**
 A. We arrived on time despite the terrible traffic.
 B. We arrived on time despite the traffic was terrible.
 C. We arrived on time despite being traffic terrible.
 D. We arrived on time despite of the terrible traffic.
4. **We often went to the cinema every Sunday last year.**
 A. We used to went to the cinema every Sunday.
 B. We used to go to the cinema every Sunday.
 C. We used go to the cinema every Sunday.
 D. We used to going to the cinema every Sunday.

II. Make sentences using given words

1. Mai/ used/ go/ school/ foot/ when/ she/ primary school.

- A. Mai used to go to school on foot when she was in primary school.
- B. Mai used to go to school by foot when she was in primary school.
- C. Mai used to go to school on foot when she is in primary school.
- D. Mai used to go school on foot when she was in primary school.

2. How long/ it/ take/ get through/ worst/ traffic jam?

- A. How long it take for get through worst traffic jam?
- B. How long do it take to get through worst traffic jam?
- C. How long does it take to get through the worse traffic jam?
- D. How long does it take to get through the worst traffic jam?

3. It/ important/ us/ learn/ use/ roads properly/ safely.

- A. It is important for us to learn to use the roads properly and safely.
- B. It is important to us to learn use the roads properly and safely.
- C. It is important for us to learn use the roads properly safely.
- D. It is important to us to learn to use the roads properly and safely.

4. Despite/ good/ English,/ he /was/ not/ chosen.

- A. Despite his English good, he wasn't chosen.
- B. Despite his English was good, he wasn't chosen.
- C. Despite his English was good, he was chosen.
- D. Despite his good English, he wasn't chosen.