BOOK – 4 LISTENING/SPEAKING

REVISION - UNIT – 3 & 4 – GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

Name: _____ Date: _____

I. Vocabulary

A. Complete the sentences with the correct words from the word bank. Three words will not be used.

Agency	*debt*	*entrepreneur*
insurance	*interest*	*pension*
series	*stock*	*tool*

1. Larry is so excited for the day he is old enough to retire and start collecting his _____.
2. After purchasing a car, Harry had a lot of _____ that he had to start paying back to the bank.
3. Lyrsa's proudest moment was when she won an award for being the best new _____ of the year, which was a goal of hers when she started her new business.
4. The new app is a good _____ for keeping track of how much money you spend, so it's highly recommended for young adults.
5. To help new graduates find jobs, the university partners with a local _____ whose representatives introduce job applicants to nearby businesses. The people who work in the company have been helping people for a long time.
6. The money he owed was small, but it quickly grew as the bank continued to add _____ to the original amount.

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B. Match each word with its synonym. Two letters will not be used.

_____ 7. Embrace	A. uncomfortably; awkwardly
_____ 8. Current	B. ongoing; present
_____ 9. precisely	C. hug: take hold
_____ 10. Naturally	D. late; delayed
	E. easily; normally
	F. exactly; specifically

VI. Vocabulary Skill

A. Complete the sentence with the most appropriate word.

1. Learning how to balance necessary expenses with having fun is a big _____ responsibility of becoming a mature adult.
   A. **fiscal** /ˈfɪs.kəl/ *adjective*: relating to government spending or tax policy
   B. **monetary** /ˈmʌnɪt(ə)ri/ *adjective*: related to money, often government money

2. Danielle had to _____ some money from her parents to help buy a new phone because it was too expensive.
   A. **borrow**/ˈbɑːr.oʊ/ *verb*: receive money or something from someone for a temporary period of time
   B. **rent** /rɛnt/ *verb*: pay to use something for a temporary period of time

3. Peter decided to _____ his old car in for a newer model after he got his new job.

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A. **transfer** /trænsˈfɜː/ *verb*: move something or someone to another place

B. **trade** /treɪd/ verb: to exchange one thing for something else

4. I started working for this company because I thought it would be beneficial to my _____.

   A. **occupation** /ɒkjʊˈpeɪʃ(ə)n/ *noun*: the work somebody does for money

   B. **career** /kəˈrɪr/ *noun*: the work or different types of employment you have throughout your life in the same field

VII. Speaking Skill

A. Read the different parts of a presentation. Then number them from 1–4 in the order they should be organized.

5. The first thing you need to know is that it's not just grocery stores that have coupons. Restaurants, clothing stores, and even website have coupon codes. Really any place can be having a sale. And that means they might have coupons for that sale.

6. Finally, it is worth your time to collect coupons because they can save you a lot of money. So, please ask me if you have any more questions.

7. Thanks for being here today. My focus for this presentation is to teach you all about how to use coupons to save money.

8. Next, you should know that coupons can be found in many places. They're often in newspapers or magazines, but they can also be on the store's website, at the

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cashier's counter, or even in emails sent to you by the store.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

VIII. Grammar

A. Correct the error with the phrasal verbs in the following sentences. If there is no error, write *NE* (no error).

1. My mom picked up me after school.

_____

2. We need to our problems work out before we start another project.

_____

3. His coach called him over to discuss the next play.

_____

4. I don't know that word, so I need to look up it in the dictionary.

_____

5. The police had to break up the fight at the soccer game.

_____

6. James asked Danny to care the plants for while he was gone.

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_____

7. They didn't like the sign, so they pulled down it from the wall.

_____

8. Sorry to bring it up, but you still owe me money.

_____

9. I need to look my brother's cat after while he's on vacation.

_____

10. She got on the train and moved to a new city.

_____

UNIT - 4

I. Vocabulary

A. Complete the paragraph with the correct word(s) from the word bank. Two words will not be used.

affordable *astonishing* *hazardous* *hilarious* *noticeable* *sophisticated*

Scientists have recently invented a new device used for biological experiments. Unfortunately, the device is so (1) _____ that it is impossible to fully explain to people who are not experts in the field. At this time, it is still being developed and tested to ensure that its use is not (2) _____ to the scientists using it, nor the organisms that are being studied. Once it has been proven safe, it will be

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available for other research labs to purchase. However, the price is not currently (3) _____ to many smaller institutions who may be interested. Despite this, many researchers will likely try to buy the device, as it has already been proven to make (4) _____ differences in the quality of observations scientists can make on very small organisms.

B. Match each word with the word that means the opposite of it. Three letters will not be used.

_____ 5. function	A. use energy
_____ 6. power	B. quickly
_____ 7. Target	C. lack of purpose
_____ 8. Rapidly	D. source
_____ 9. dramatically	E. fascinating
_____ 10. astonishing	F. unremarkable
	G. boringly
	H. slowly
	I. goal

II. Vocabulary Skill

A. Write the word in the correct form, based on the part of speech and definition.

Example: covering (n.)

verb to put something over top of something else: cover

11. intend (v.)

noun *plan for something you intend to do:* _____

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12. invent (v.)

    noun *somebody who invents something*: _____

13. summary (n.)

    verb *to create a summary of something*: _____

14. capable (n.)

    noun *the amount you are capable of doing something*: _____

III. Grammar

A. Correct the error in present perfect or present perfect continuous in the sentence.

1. I have studying in my current class for two months.

   _____

2. I have have my current textbook for two months.

   _____

3. I am never taken a chemistry course.

   _____

4. Yes, I have study physics before.

   _____

5. I have worked for half an hour and am still working.

   _____

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B. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the present perfect or present perfect continuous. Choose C if both are OK.

1. He knows how to program computers because he _____ computers for 10 years.
    a. has studied
    b. has been studying
    c. both are correct

2. Scientists _____ the issues with the device six different times.
    a. have already fixed
    b. have already been fixing
    c. both are correct

3. Customers _____ to report issues.
    a. have already called
    b. have already been calling
    c. both are correct

4. He _____ in medical devices sales before, but he is now retired.
    a. has been working
    b. has worked
    c. both are correct

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5. Scientists and doctors _____ to try to fix the device, but it is still having issues, so they are continuing to work on it.

   a. have worked together

   b. have been working together

   c. both are correct

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