

VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR - UNIT 1 & 2

A. Combine each pair of sentences using a restrictive relative clause with *who*, *that*, or *which*.

1. The elevator is back in service now. It was out of order all last week.
2. The best spot in the parking lot is reserved for the worker. He or she is chosen to be employee of the month.
3. You may borrow one of the umbrellas. They are in that basket by the front door.

B. Correct the errors in restrictive relative clauses in the sentences.

4. I don't enjoy movies that they don't have much action.
5. The class who I took with Professor Chang was difficult, but I learned a lot.
6. The dean was someone that all the students looked up to him.

C. Reorder the words or phrases to create a sentence with a restrictive relative clause.

43. moved / the painting of flowers / I / had been / over the couch / which / hanging

7. doesn't like / the coffee / they / serve / she / at that café

8. who / fluent / know / is / I / the only person / in four languages / Francesca

9. the car / bought / new / it / which / but / a couple of years old / looks / is / we

UNIT – 2

I. Vocabulary

A. Complete the sentence with the correct word from the word bank:

align	assume	counter	disclose	distinct	endorse	exaggerated
		functional	metric	tactic		

11. Athletes and other celebrities will often _____ products in television commercials.

12. In a formal debate, each team has a chance during the rebuttal section to _____ the other team's arguments.

13. *There was no effort to decorate the building or to make it beautiful in any way. It was a purely _____ structure.*

14. *You seem to _____ that everything you read on the Internet is true. Do some research!*

15. *During a negotiation, making a “take-it-or-leave it” offer is seldom a good _____.*

B. Match each word with the correct synonym or definition.

----- 16. *crave*

----- 17. *disclose*

----- 18. *escalate*

----- 19. *impulsive*

----- 20. *tolerant*

A. accepting opinions or behavior that one does not agree with; open-minded

B. fearful; easily frightened

C. feel a strong desire for something; long for something

D. having little or no money; poor

E. acting without a plan or without thinking ahead

F. increase rapidly; expand

G. make secret or new information known; reveal

IV. Vocabulary Skill: Collocations with nouns

Underline the word that best completes the collocation.

21. (draw / take) a conclusion

22. invest (in / of) a company

23. (offer / make) insight into

24. (in / on) the other side

25. something happens and (in / on) turn, something else happens

26. the rate (with / of) change

VI. Grammar: Definite and Indefinite Articles

Complete the sentences with a definite article (the) an indefinite article (a, an), or no article (-).

Marco has recently published 27. _____ book on 28. _____ topic of 29. _____ consumer behavior. This was 30. _____ topic he had concentrated on when he was getting 31. _____ degree in 32. _____ marketing. He gathered 33. _____ information for 34. _____ book by interviewing some students who were in his program. His advisor was so impressed by 35. _____ research Marco did that he helped him find 36. _____ publisher.