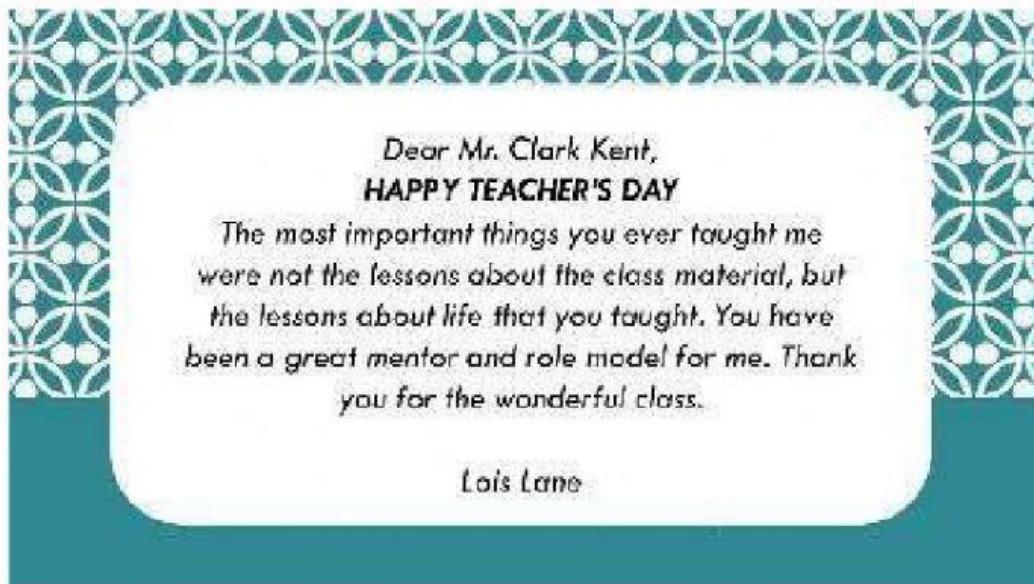


NAME : _____

CLASS : _____ ABS.NU : _____

The following text is for questions 1 and 2.



1. Why does Lois Lane write the message?
 - A. To request Mr. Clark Kent to be her mentor.
 - B. To show her appreciation to Mr. Clark Kent.
 - C. To ask Mr Clark Kent about the lessons.
 - D. To invite Mr. Clark Kent to her classes.

2. Lois Lane is Mr. Clark Kent's
 - A. teacher
 - B. mentor
 - C. model
 - D. pupil

The text is for questions number 3 to 5.

My favourite thing has to be my bike. It was a present from my father since I had won an Award for The Best Student. I enjoy riding my bicycle daily. I go to school by bicycle. I am not only riding it to school but also to hang around with my friends. I ride it gently though it can run very fast.

My bicycle is a sport bicycle. It is made of carbon fibre so that it is weightless yet strong. It has dual tone colours; white pearl and a dark blue. The handlebar is black. It has two wide wheels and a comfortable rubber seat. It has fenders to protect me from water splash, dirt, or mud, especially during the rainy season. It also has level shifters to help me change the gears, if necessary.

To keep my bicycle clean and gleaming, I clean it before going to school every morning and in the afternoon after riding it. My father says that in order to keep its colour nice, I must clean it carefully and not use rough cloth. I always check the tires, pedals and gears to ensure my safety. I really like my bike.

3. What does the writer tell us about? A. His nice school.
B. His favourite sport.
C. His best award.
D. His sport bicycle.

4. Among the statements below, which are true about the writer's bike?
(1) It is made of carbon fibre.
(2) It has dual tone colours.
(3) It has two narrow wheels.
(4) It has colourful handlebar.

A. (1) and (2)
B. (2) and (3)
C. (3) and (4)
D. (1) and (4)

5. Why does the writer always check the tires, pedals and gears?
A. To protect the writer from water splash.
B. To make sure the bike is safe to ride.
C. To prevent the bike from breaking.
D. To keep the bike's cleanliness.

The text is for questions number 6 to 8.

It was the time when I learned to drive a car. I never imagined that the chance would come to me. At that time, I was 18 years old but my body was not as big as other people at this age. I was not tall at all, because I was only 163 cm. Because of that reason, my parents bought me a small car, a Japanese car which suits me.

I registered to a driving school by paying some money. The instructor was an old man who had years of experience. The car used for my lesson was the school's car. It was specially designed for teaching a new young driver. At the first moment, the instructor gave me some instructions. He explained the components of the car and the importance of wearing seat belt to me.

After spending some hours on the driving theory, it was the time for me to hold the steering wheel. I was a little bit nervous. However, the instructor told me to control my stress and nerve. He asked me to relax and focus. The lessons ran smoothly, and finally, after many days I got my driving license. Since then I can drive anywhere I want to. It was such a memorable experience to me.

6. The text tells us about the writer's experience of
 - A. buying a small Japanese car
 - B. studying the theory of driving
 - C. looking for a driving instructor
 - D. learning to drive in a driving school

7. What did the instructor do before he trained the writer to drive? A. Asking the writer to relax and focus.
B. Explaining the driving theory to the writer.
C. Registering the writer to a driving school.
D. Telling the writer to control his stress and nerve.

8. ... the writer was 18 years old, his body was not as big as other people at this age. The appropriate word to complete the sentence is
 - A. while
 - B. besides
 - C. because
 - D. although

The text is for questions number 9 to 11.

How to Make Jamu Kudu Laos (Noni and Galangal Jamu)

The main ingredient of this jamu is mengkudu (also known as Noni or Indian mulberry). Jamu Kudu Laos helps to lower blood pressure, improve blood circulation, increase appetite and warms the body.

Ingredients:

- 100 gram ripe Noni fruit
- 20 gram galangal (*lengkuas*)
- 100 gram tamarind
- A pinch of black pepper
 - A clove of garlic
 - Kedawung seeds (tree bean)
 - Half a lemon
 - Fermented cassava or *tapai singkong* (optional)
 - 100 gram brown sugar (optional, can be substituted with raw honey)
 - 1 liter spring water
 - A pinch of salt
- Instruction:
 - Finely grate the galangal and tamarind.
 - Use mortar and pestle to pound the Noni fruit, garlic clove and kedawung seeds into a fine pasta consistency.
 - Add water to a pot and add the grated galangal, tamarind, and Noni pasta. Simmer on a low heat.
 - Add in sugar, lemon juice, fermented cassava, pepper and salt. Bring the liquid to boil or until desired concentration.
 - Strain and press the Jamu using a muslin cloth.
 - Pour the potion into a glass or bottle and drink immediately.

9. What is likely the benefit of reading the text?

- A. Readers recognize the function of *Jamu Kudu Laos*.
- B. Readers know the material to make *Jamu Kudu Laos*.
- C. Readers are able to make *Jamu Kudu Laos* by themselves.
- D. Readers get information about the specialty of *Jamu Kudu Laos*.

10. What should you do after pounding the Noni fruit, garlic clove and kedawung seeds? A. Boiling the sugar, lemon juice, fermented cassava, pepper and salt.

- B. Bring the liquid to boil or until desired concentration.
- C. Mixing the blended ingredients in some water.
- D. Pounding the galangal and tamarind.

11. "Use mortar and pestle to pound the Noni fruit, garlic clove and *kedawung* seeds into a *fine*pasta consistency."

The word "fine" has closest in meaning to

- A. smooth
- B. good
- C. soft
- D. thin

Read the text below to answer questions number 12 – 14.

Long time ago, a villain named Bandung Bondowoso won over a peaceful Prambanan Kingdom and killed the king. He quickly had an eye for Roro Jonggrang, the princess of Prambanan and asked for her hand. Roro Jonggrang wanted to turn him down but she could not be too obvious. It was because Bandung Bondowoso was rumored for having a genie troop. Therefore, she smartly asked him to make a thousand of statues in one night in exchange for her hand in marriage.

It happened to be a small deal for Bandung Bandawasa since he had a genie troop on his hand. The genie quickly did the job. It made Roro Jonggrang who carefully watched over their work panic. She told her own ladies to burn good amount of straw and make noises as if dawn was going to come soon. The genies who were much like vampire couldn't stand sun shine. They left their work unfinished.

The next morning Roro Jonggrang and Bandung Bondowoso were counting the statues together. There were only 999 statues there. Roro Jonggrang used it to refuse Bandung Bondowoso's marriage offer. It made him very mad. He said Roro Jonggrang that she herself could make it a complete thousand. He changed her into a statue that we now can see in Prambanan area.

Source: <https://www.quora.com/What-are-some-of-the-best-Indonesian-fairy-tales>

12. Which of the statements below are correct based on the story?
 - (1) Bandung Bondowoso asked Rara Jonggrang to make a thousand of statues.
 - (2) Rara Jonggrang asked the genie troop to leave their unfinished work.
 - (3) Rara Jonggrang ordered her own ladies to make a fake dawn.
 - (4) Bandung Bondowoso cursed Rara Jonggrang into a statue.
 - A. (1) and (2).
 - B. (2) and (3)
 - C. (2) and (4)
 - D. (3) and (4)
13. What is the main conflict of the story?
 - A. Bandung Bandawasa asked Rara Jonggrang to marry him.
 - B. Jonggrang's father was killed by Bandung so she refused the proposal.
 - C. Bandung was mad since Rara Jonggrang refused his marriage offer.
 - D. The genie troop of Bandung failed in making a thousand of statues.
14. "It happened to be a small deal for Bandung Bandawasa ..." (paragraph 2) The word "it" refers to
 - A. making a thousand of statues in a night
 - B. turning Bandung Bandawasa down
 - C. winning over Prambanan kingdom
 - D. having a genie troop to help

Read the dialogue below to answer questions number 15 and 16.

Jenny : Hi Jackie. You are reading but you look messy. Are you okay?
Jacky : Pssst... lower your voice. We are in the reading room. I'm just a little stressed out.
Jenny : What's stressing you out?
Jacky : School. We have exams coming up next week, I'm totally freaking out.
Jenny : The best thing to do is study as much as we can. Let's study together.
Jacky : Yes, you are right. Let's make an appointment then. I hope we will get the best mark.
Jenny : I'm sure we will if we study hard. Listen, the bell's ringing. Let's go, don't be late for Mr. David's lesson.
Jacky : Yes, you are right. Let's go.

15. What is the relationship between the speakers?

- A. They are teacher and student.
- B. They are father and daughter.
- C. They are classmates.
- D. They are siblings.

16. Study the statements below.

- (1) The dialogue takes place in the library.
- (2) The speakers are going to have exams on that day.
- (3) Jacky and Jenny go to the library for Mr. David's lesson.
- (4) Jacky and Jenny have the dialogue during the break time.

Based on the dialogue, which statements are correct?

- A. (1) and (2)
- B. (1) and (4)
- C. (2) and (3)
- D. (2) and (4)

The text is for questions number 17 to 19

Antarctic) regions. It is caused by the collision of energetic charged particles with atoms in the high-altitude atmosphere (thermosphere). The charged particles originating in the magnetosphere and solar wind are directed by the Earth's magnetic field into the atmosphere. Most auroras occur in a band known as the aurora zone which is typically 3 to 6 in latitudinal extent and at all local times or longitudes.

Aurora is classified as diffuse or discrete aurora. The diffuse aurora is a featureless glow in the sky which may not be visible to the naked eye even in a dark night and defines the extent of the aurora zone. The discrete aurorae are sharply defined feature within the diffuse aurora which vary in brightness from just barely visible to the naked eye to bright enough to read a newspaper at night. Discrete aurorae are usually observed only in the night sky because they are not as bright as the sunlit sky.

17. "The diffuse aurora is a featureless glow in the sky which may not be visible to the"(paragraph 2)

The word "visible" has similar meaning to

- A. traceable
- B. capturable
- C. observable
- D. distinguishable

18. "The diffuse aurora is a featureless glow in the sky which may not be visible to the"(paragraph 2)

The word "visible" has similar meaning to

- A. traceable
- B. capturable
- C. observable
- D. distinguishable

19. What is the difference between the two types of aurora?

- A. The diffuse aurorae are more visible than the discrete ones.
- B. The discrete aurorae are less noticeable than the diffuse ones.
- C. The discrete aurorae are easier to observe than the diffuse ones.
- D. The diffuse aurorae have more variants of brightness than the discrete ones.

The following text is for questions 20

Family

The Chainsmokers, Kygo

I know water that's thicker than blood
That's deeper than love with my friends
People come and some people go
And some people ride to the end
When I am blind, in my mind
I swear they be my rescue, my lifeline
I don't know what I'd do if I, if I'd survive
My brothers and my sisters in my life, yeah
I know some people, they would die for me
We run together, they're my family
When I get up they gon' be high with me
I'll say forever my family

....

Source: <http://bit.ly/3k2deuF>

17. The song describes the writer's

- A. loyalty to his family
- B. friendship with his siblings
- C. closeness to his fellows
- D. relationship with his children