

PRACTICE TEST 3

Time allotted: 60 min.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. design B. solar C. website D. sample
2. A. received B. destroyed C. erupted D. appeared

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differ from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. factor B. dentist C. surface D. describe
4. A. minority B. independence C. emergency D. facility

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

5. I've made an appointment at the dentist's. I _____ her on Tuesday.
A. see B. saw C. will see D. have seen
6. I love this small village _____ I used to live for six years in my childhood.
A. where B. which C. that D. whose
7. There are many other _____ of art other than just painting and sculpture.
A. means B. forms C. origins D. presents
8. The heating comes on automatically. You _____ turn it on.
A. didn't have to B. mayn't C. don't have to D. oughtn't to
9. Sending a child with an injury into a game gives the child the _____ that health is not as important as winning.
A. meaning B. significance C. suggestion D. message

10. She was an _____ writer for years before she won the Nobel Prize for Literature.
A. admiration B. admiring C. admired D. admire
11. Too much exercise can be _____ but walking is good for your health.
A. harmful B. harmless C. harmed D. harming
12. _____ lending me your calculator for a moment?
A. Can you B. Would you mind
C. Could you please D. Why don't you
13. This exercise is very boring. I wish the teacher _____ us some more interesting things to do.
A. gave B. gives C. had given D. will give
14. You must explain your problems _____.
A. so clear as you can B. most clearly as you should
C. more clearly than you are D. as clearly as you can

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

15. Luckily Susan got over her operation very quickly.
A. recovered from B. looked at C. paid for D. got up
16. Students are understandably anxious about getting work after graduation.
A. careful B. fearful C. excited D. worried

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

17. After the alien spacecraft hovered over the park for a short while, it vanished.

- A. landed B. appeared C. attacked D. rose

18. Mathematics is a compulsory subject in all Vietnamese high schools.

- A. difficult B. changeable C. optional D. interesting

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

19. - "May I come in?"

“ _____ ”

- A. No, you may not. B. Yes, why not?
C. Yes, please do. D. No, I don't accept that.

20. - "Let's meet outside the art gallery."

“ _____ ”

- A. Yes, let us do it. B. When can I go there?
C. I'd like to go to the concert. D. Yes. Is 8.30 all right?

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 21 to 25.

Everyone wants a job that pays well. Some people stop school early because they want to start earning cash right away. Others spend years and years studying in school in order to get a better job. Which is best? Actually, studies show that in most jobs, the higher your education, the higher your **earning power**.

For example, in the United States, high school graduates can make about \$30,400 a year. The people who do not finish high school average only \$23,400 a year. Just having a document that says you finished high school means an extra \$7,000!

If you stay in school, you can make more money. A person who goes to college and gets a bachelor's degree can make an average of \$52,200. With a master's degree, he or she can make about \$62,000. And studies show that if a person gets a PhD, he or she can make \$89,000 or more a year.

Of course, people with different occupations have different salaries. If you want to work and make more money, spend more time in school.

21. Why does the passage say some people stop high school early?
- A. They do not have a lot of money.
 - B. They do not like going to school.
 - C. They do not want to work hard.
 - D. They want to start making money.
22. The underlined phrase "**earning power**" in the passage probably means
- A. ability to make money
 - B. power to spend money
 - C. getting education
 - D. earning reputation
23. According to the passage, how can a person earn more money?
- A. By stopping high school
 - B. By staying in school for a long time
 - C. By working a part-time job in high school
 - D. By starting a small business

24. Which of these ideas is mentioned in the passage?

- A. Everyone should get a master's degree.
- B. Graduating high school is important.
- C. A person should do the same job their whole life.
- D. A person with a PhD will not earn a lot of money.

25. Why was this passage written?

- A. To make school more fun
- B. To teach people how to set goals
- C. To encourage people to stay in school
- D. To help people who score poorly on tests

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

Large forests are important to us in many ways. They give us wood (26) _____ building and heating. They are a home for many kinds of plants and animals. And for many city people, forests are a place to go for a vacation. People can (27) _____ about nature there. They can enjoy fresh air and sleep in a(n) (28) _____ place. But there is one more reason (29) _____ forests are important to everyone. The leaves on the trees in a forest help to clean the air. Dirty air is a serious problem in many (30) _____ of the world. Without our forests, this problem might be much worse.

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| 26. A. to | B. for | C. from | D. about |
| 27. A. learn | B. talk | C. research | D. explore |
| 28. A. interesting | B. noisy | C. exciting | D. quiet |
| 29. A. what | B. that | C. why | D. when |
| 30. A. parts | B. areas | C. districts | D. countries |

37. It would be quite wrong for us to lock the dog in the house for a week.
- A. We'd better not lock the dog in the house for a week.
 - B. The dog was wrong, so we locked it in the house for a week.
 - C. We locked the dog in the house for a week, and it was quite wrong.
 - D. We can't lock the dog in the house for a week.
38. "Why don't you put a better lock on the door?" said my friend.
- A. I suggested that my friend should put a better lock on the door.
 - B. My friend advised me to put a better lock on the door.
 - C. My friend and I suggested putting a better lock on the door.
 - D. I got my friend to put a better lock on the door.
39. When the electricity was cut off, we went out for dinner.
- A. We had dinner at the restaurant because of a power cut.
 - B. The power was cut off just as we were going out for dinner.
 - C. We were having dinner at a restaurant when the power failed.
 - D. We went out for dinner, so the electricity was cut off.
40. We will try our best to finish the work on time. It is very hard.
- A. Despite working hard, we will try our best to finish it on time.
 - B. In spite of working hard, we will try our best to finish it on time.
 - C. Although the work is hard, we will try our best to finish it on time.
 - D. If the work is not hard, we will try our best to finish it on time.